THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAST EDITION — BOSTON, MASS., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1911—VOL. IV., NO. 28 — PRICE TWO CENTS

PORT DEVELOPMENT IS TO BE FORECAST IN COMING MEETING

Boston Port Directors, New York Commercial Experts and Governor Foss Will Discuss Plans for Future

CONFERENCE HELD

Board Decides After Talk With President Mellen and Vice-President Byrne to Modernize Pier

Almost simultaneously two long strides have just been taken in the project of developing the port of Boston. It is announced that a big meeting having the development project as its purpose is to take place at the Boston City Club on Jan. 11. The directors of the port and prominent New York men will be special guests. Governor Foss will preside.

Also comes the announcement, following a conference between the port directors and Charles S. Mellen, president, and Timothy E. Byrnes, vice-president, representing the New Haven railroad, that a modern, fireproof storage and freight shed fully equipped for loading and unloading vessels will be constructed soon on the commonwealth pier in South Boston.

It was pointed out by the railroad officials that the pier as it now stands is of little practical use either to the railroad which leases it at present or to any steamship company which might wish to take over the lease.

Joseph A. Conry, a member of the board, today said that it appeared to be the general belief of those present at the conference that the pier shed was needed and that its construction should be undertaken.

The Commonwealth pier and an adjacent area of 600,000 square feet of the commonwealth flats were leased to the

(Continued on page four, column one)

M. MORNAND MAY BE SUCCESSOR TO MR. SHUSTER

(By the United Press)

LONDON — Both Russia and Great Britain are supporting M. Mornand, the Belgian, who was formerly director of customs in Persia to succeed W. Morgan Shuster, as treasurer-general, according to a despatch from Teheran today.

The Persians favor the selection of F. E. Cairns, an American, who was Shuster's chief assistant, but the government is expected to yield to the desires of Russian and England.

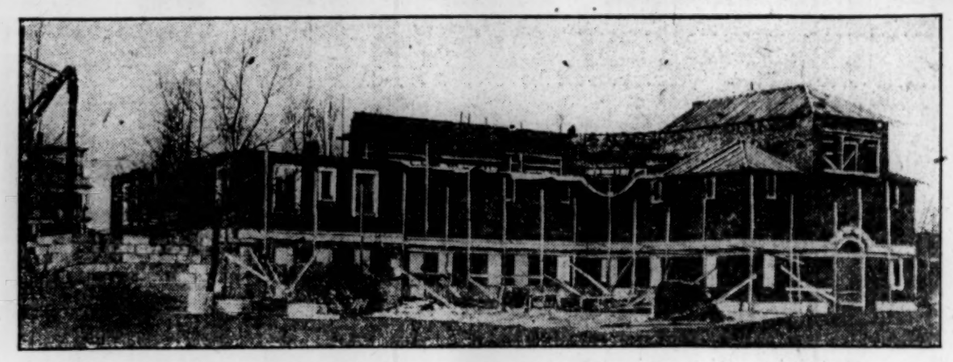
(By the United Press)

WASHINGTON—The state department today was officially advised that W. Morgan Shuster had been dismissed as treasurer general of Persia, and was notified through the embassy at St. Petersburg that Russia is making elaborate preparations to safeguard Mr. Shuster and his family on their journey back to the United States.

NEW YORK—In a St. Petersburg cable message to the New York Herald it is stated that the appointment of a Russian Governor and chief of police for the city of Tabriz in Persia and the assumption by the Russians of the financial control of municipal affairs there, together with the institution of exclusively Russian courts of law, are foreshadowed in the semi-official Novoe Vremya.

The British consul, W. A. Smart, who was wounded in an engagement between his Indian escort and 800 Kashgai tribesmen, has been brought to Kazerun. The Persian foreign minister today called on the British minister and expressed deep regret on behalf of the regent and government for the incident. He informed the British minister that measures had been taken to insure Mr. Smart's safe arrival at Shiraz and exemplary punishment for the offenders.

HOW NEW SOUTH BOSTON AQUARIUM LOOKS



Municipal building which is being constructed with money from the G. F. Parkman fund

PUSHING WORK AGAIN ON HOME FOR FISH IN MARINE PARK

Work on the new aquarium on Farragut road, South Boston, is progressing rapidly and should be completed in the early spring. The aquarium is built with the fund left by George F. Parkman.

The walls are now as high as they are to go, and work will commence at once on the roofing. Work was delayed for shipments of steel, but an additional consignment arrived on Thursday.

The building will be of Spanish design granite composite and will have a red tile roof. The entrance will be of marble, while the interior work will consist of walls lined with terazzo and the floors of marble and terazzo mixed.

Part of the basement is to be devoted to students of marine biology and the institution will cooperate with educational institutions in this vicinity.

Built at City Point, within easy reach of the electric cars from every point in the city, the aquarium will be one of Boston's foremost places of interest. Marine park is one of the many recreation spots of Boston's large park system, and with the new institution may become a popular place of interest. Ft. Warren and Castle island are among the other places of interest in the immediate vicinity.

HOUSE INQUIRY MAY BE MADE INTO THREE ALLEGED COMBINES

WASHINGTON—Announcement was authorized by Chairman Henry of the House committee on rules, today that his committee had determined to report to the House shortly after reconvening a resolution authorizing an investigation of the alleged shipping, harvester and money combines, to be conducted by a special committee of seven members.

"The committee has gone far enough in its investigation to show that this means the most sweeping inquiry into trust evils ever instituted," Mr. Henry said today. "We are convinced that all three of the trusts are intimately related."

Three bills, asking for separate investigating committees to investigate the three alleged combines were introduced last session. Representatives Humphrey (Rep., Wash.), champion of ship subsidy legislation, demanded a probe of the shipping industry. Representative Foster (Dem., Ill.), called for an investigation of the International Harvester Company's business and Representative Lingbergh (Rep., Minn.), alleged that there was a money trust dominating Wall street and through them the nation. These three investigations will be combined in one.

SALEM BUILDING INCREASES

SALEM, Mass.—The annual report of the Salem inspector of buildings, Col. John Pollock, shows 349 new buildings or buildings remodeled this year, with a total valuation of $800,000.

MR. ROOSEVELT CALLS RUSSIAN CASE BLUNDER

Should Have Been Arbitrated Instead of Leaving to Congress the Only Alternative of Abrogating Treaty

HITS PEACE PACTS

NEW YORK—On the eve of the "peace dinner" here on Saturday night at which President Taft will be the guest of honor, Theodore Roosevelt today emphasized his antagonism for the general arbitration treaties which are among the chief policies of the national administration by saying they are designed to "tell against peace and put us as a nation in an attitude of unctuous and odious hypocrisy."

By inference he criticizes President Taft. Abrogation of the Russian treaty, he says, puts this nation in a position where it cannot "in honor" adopt the proposed arbitration treaties. Following is an advance copy of the former President's editorial as sent out:

"By Theodore Roosevelt. From the current issue of the Outlook—

"I cordially approve the action taken by Congress in abrogating the Russian treaty, because men must vote and act on the situation that actually confronts them and in the actual event congressmen had only two alternatives, namely to abrogate the treaty, or to submit to the continuance of conditions which have become intolerable to our national self-respect and which represent a continuing wrong, especially to American citizens of Jewish faith.

"I still believe that in so serious a

(Continued on page seven, column one)

MAYOR WILL ORDER $300,000 FOR WORK ON ARLINGTON STREET

A special order for $300,000 for the extension of Arlington street and the development of Park square will be submitted to the city council by Mayor Fitzgerald as the result of a conference today between him and Laurence Minot, trustee of the Parq square land of the New Haven railroad.

The street commissioners have estimated that the whole cost of the project will be $606,000. The New Haven road, through Mr. Minot, agreed to pay approximately one-half.

The mayor estimated that $225,000 would be necessary for the purchase of the Sargent estate on Boylston street. Mr. Minot agreed that if it costs the city more than that amount the New Haven road will pay the difference.

STATE BOARD IS ASKED TO AFFIRM EXPRESS RIGHTS

Approval by the state board of railroad commisisoners of the authority granted by the selectmen of the town of Hyde Park to the Bay State Street Railway Company to carry newspapers, express and freight matter in that town was asked by the railway company at a hearing held today before the commissioners. No opposition developed and the matter was taken under advisement by the board.

Hearings were also given on petitions of the Bay State Street Railway Company for locations in Brockton and Gloucester; of the Springfield, Union, Worcester Consolidated and Plymouth & Sandwich Street Railway companies for locations respectively in Springfield, New Bedford, Worcester and Plymouth. There was no opposition to these petitions.

BIG BOSTON CARGO TO BE SHIPPED ON THE WINIFREDIAN

One of the big shipments of freight to leave Boston for England will be taken out on the Leyland line steamship Winifredian, which will sail for Liverpool tomorrow with 220,000 bushels of grain, 900 tons of provisions, 100 tons of flour, 5500 barrels of apples, 3000 bales of cotton, 1000 sheep and 500 head of cattle.

Among the saloon passengers will be Dr. and Mrs. A. Parsons, James Wood, J. E. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Boles, all of Boston, and Miss D. Swift of Brookline.

GIFT OF ABOUT $80,000 TO EMPLOYEES PLAN OF BOSTON ELEVATED

Rewards for the employees of the Boston Elevated Street Railway Company will be passed upon at the meeting of the executive committee of the board of directors this afternoon. The plan of last year by which sums of $20 and $25, aggregating about $80,000, were distributed among about 3500 men will be followed this year, it is understood.

This money will be distributed either tomorrow or on Monday, following the usual custom of making the rewards a New Year's gift. A $20 gold piece is given to each of those employees who have had a reasonably satisfactory record and who have been with the company for six months or more. A $25 gold piece is given to each of those who have before received a $20 reward and show a record of good behavior.

Of the total number of employees, between 75 and 80 per cent receive these rewards. Each man is impartially judged from the record against his name. He may receive discredit marks under several classifications up to a certain number.

The marks under each classification are added up and if he has not exceeded the limit in any case he is eligible to receive his proper bonus. There are some men in the company's service who have received a reward each successive year from the time when this system was first established.

TEACHERS IN FAVOR OF LEE AND BROCK DECLARES LATTER

That the majority of the Boston public school teachers are now supporting their candidacy for reelection and that their dealing with the teachers' salary question is generally satisfactory, are opinions expressed by George E. Brock, acting chairman of the school committee, in a statement issued today in behalf of himself and Joseph Lee, his fellow committeeman. The statement says in part:

"Mr. Sheehan in his speech last night evinces some satisfaction over the supposed attitude of the teachers toward Mr. Lee and myself. It does not disturb me for the majority are with us.

"As to the new salary schedule just

(Continued on page four, column two)

SYSTEMATIC CANVASS OF BOSTON BEGUN BY THE CITIZENS LEAGUE

Members and Workers Open Campaign to Place Their Candidates in Office at the City Election

FUNDS TO BE RAISED

On Council List Walter Ballantyne Draws First Place on Ballot With John A. Coulthurst Second

A systematic canvass of the city was commenced today by Citizens Municipal League members and workers for the purpose of getting out the largest possible vote at the municipal election on Jan. 9. At the same time members of the executive committee have taken up the problem of securing funds with which to prosecute the campaign.

If sufficient funds can be secured the league will send out literature during the last days of the contest. There will be no let up in the campaign and the three candidates for the city council and the two for the school committee will be busy every evening at rallies.

In the allotment of positions on the official ballot the league candidates are said to feel exceptionally well pleased, as two of them head the council list. On the school committee list the two league candidates occupy second and third positions while the Democratic candidates for the school committee are split, holding the first and last positions with Mrs. Susan W. FitzGerald in fourth place.

On the council list Walter Ballantyne holds first place on the ballot and his friends are declaring this is the place which will be assigned him as soon as the votes are counted. Next comes John A. Coulthurst and then come two of the Democratic slate followed by Frank A. Goodwin the independent candidate and Thomas F. Kenny, the third of the municipal league slate with Charles J. F. O'Brien in last place.

The drawings were as follows:

FOR CITY COUNCIL

Walter Ballantyne,
John A. Coulthurst,
Owen A. Cunningham,
Edward D. Collins,
Frank A. Goodwin,
Thomas J. Kenny,
Charles J. F. O'Brien.

FOR SCHOOL COMMITTEE

Joseph A. Sheehan,
George E. Brock,
Joseph Lee,
Susan W. FitzGerald,
William F. Merritt.

LYNN TO RAISE SHOES 50 CENTS ON A PAIR ALSO

LYNN, Mass.—Following announcements from St. Louis and other western shoe manufacturers that there was no need for the raise of 50 cents on a pair of shoes proposed by Brockton and other eastern firms, the Lynn manufacturers today announced that they would follow Brockton's lead.

A formal statement issued by P. J. Harney, president of the Lynn manufacturers, points out that "higher costs of raw products and higher wages would make it necessary to make a substantial increase in the cost of shoes."

He said that the 125 members who go to New York shortly for the national conference will all vote for an increase of about 50 cents on every pair of shoes manufactured.

ROYAL ARCANUM'S BANQUET

The Royal Arcanum Club of Massachusetts will hold its annual festival dinner tonight at the Boston City Club. Among the speakers will be the grand officers and J. B. Robson, president of the Boston City Club.

CHINA'S PRESIDENT, DR. SUN YAT SEN, IS DESIROUS OF PEACE

Imperial Family Agree to Abide by Convention and Their Escape From Peking Is Expected at Any Time

YUAN IS ON LEAVE

(By the United Press)

SHANGHAI, China—The new republic of China was really begun early today when Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who planned the revolution, was elected President by the

(Continued on page four, column five)

Leader of Reform Party of China Now Acclaimed as Its First President

(Copyright by Elliott & Fry, London)
DR. SUN YAT SEN

PACKERS STILL SEEK TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE ABOUT BY-PRODUCTS

CHICAGO—Arguments over objections by counsel for the defense to evidence which the government seeks to introduce regarding the operations of the Kenwood Company and the Aetna Trading Company, were continued when the packers trial was resumed today. These objections were raised Thursday afternoon and caused Judge Carpenter to excuse the jury until the point has been settled.

Arguing for the packers John Barton Payne said the admisison of evidence regarding the Kenwood and Aetna corporations would be preposterous as the indictments charge only a monopoly in the fresh meat business, whereas the

(Continued on page five, column one)

MR. LA FOLLETTE STILL SPEAKING

NORTH BALTIMORE, O.—Senator La Follette's speech here today will be followed by another tonight at Dayton. The initiative, referendum and the recall is a topic the senator is discussing fully at all the meetings and at Toledo he pleaded with Ohioans to adopt it.

The meeting at Norwalk, at which the senator stopped on the way from Cleveland, was the first on his Ohio trip at which he took up the tariff.

BILL FILED EXEMPTS NEW INDUSTRIES IN STATE FROM TAXES

Representative Mulveny of Fall River, Its Author, Sees Great Commercial Development Follow Passage

IN OTHER STATES

Law Upheld in Three of the Four Having It in New England by Their Respective Supreme Courts

With the object of bringing in new industries to Massachusetts by exempting them from taxation, a bill was filed at the State House today by Representative of Frank Mulveny of Fall River, who says that if enacted it is sure to bring about a great commercial development in the state.

The bill amends chapter 12 of the revised laws by inserting sections after section 6. It reads in part:

"The voters of any city or town may vote to exempt or may authorize the city or town council to exempt from taxation for a period not exceeding 10 years such manufacturing property as may hereafter be located in said city or town, in consequence of said exemption, and the land on which such property is located."

The measure further provides that property so exempted shall continue to be exempted only so long as it is used for the purposes for which the exemption was originally given.

Similar bills have been passed in New Hampshire, Maine, Rhode Island and Vermont. Representative Mulveny's bill is much like the one enacted in Rhode Island, which, it is said, has proved valuable in bringing new corporations to that state.

With the exception of Maine, the supreme courts of each state has held the bills to be constitutional.

Amends Primary Law

Representative Mulveny also filed with the clerk of the House today a bill calling for the abolition of party enrolment from the direct primaries bill of last year which keeps a voter in one party from year to year.

The bill allows the voter to announce his party affiliation each year as he goes to the polls. The bill reads: "Chapter 550 of the acts of 1911 is hereby reamended by striking out section 13 and inserting in the place thereof the following: Section 13. When in a joint primary a voter seeks to pass the guard rail he shall be asked by one of the ballot clerks with which political party he desires to vote, and the ballot clerk upon reply shall give him such party ballot. Section 14 is hereby repealed."

NATIONAL LEADERS OF PROGRESSIVES TO CONFER IN OHIO

COLUMBUS, O.—With six national leaders in the Republican progressive movement as headliners, Ohio managers today announced plans for the state-wide conference of progressive Republicans at Columbus next Monday. Gifford Pinchot, Louis D. Brandeis, United States Senators Clapp of Minnesota, Crawford of South Dakota and Works of California and Congressman E. A. Morse of Wisconsin will take part in the conference. The conference will formally organize an Ohio branch of the National Progressive Republican League in the state.

The organization to be perfected, according to the announcement, will be a duplicate of the present Republican state organization.

U. S. COURT CALLS UNION HEADS IN STRIKE BEFORE IT

CHICAGO — International heads of unions involved in the recent Illinois Central strike and 200 other labor officials have been summoned before the United States circuit court at Danville to answer the company's complaint filed on Oct. 3, presumably under the Sherman law.

DAM ON NEPONSET BURSTS

A part of the Neponset river dam at the Eagle mill, Milton Lower Falls, burst early today. Israel Trask, a mechanic in the employ of the Walter Baker Chocolate Company mills, was carried into the river and perished.

Boats which had been pulled up for the winter were carried away and the tracks of the Milton branch of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad were flooded, tying up traffic on that branch.

MINT SHIPS NEW COIN

DENVER—The United States mint in Denver shipped $1,000,000 in new coins for use in the holiday season.

TURKISH MOBILIZATION IN ASIA MAY BE DARDANELLES STRATEGY

Opinion Is That Turkey Is Using Intervention of Russia in Persia as Pawn in Game for Black Sea Treaty

EDITOR GIVES PLAN

(Special to the Monitor)

CONSTANTINOPLE—Reports have suddenly become prevalent that the government is mobilizing the Turkish army corps in Asia Minor, with a view to making representations to St. Petersburg with respect to the proposed Russian occupation of Teheran. The occupation of northern Persia by Russia in one sense may not be regarded as vital to the existence of the Ottoman empire, and the representations of the Porte are no doubt a part of the policy of demonstrating the solidarity of Islam. There is another side, however, to the question, by no means superficial, but purely strategical.

The Russians have founded a consulate at Khoi, where, on their own admission, a battalion of 800 men and 10 guns have been posted. The holding of this position, in the eyes of the Turkish military authorities, is a grave strategical danger to Turkey's hold on Asia Minor, as it constitutes the turning of her left flank. That, with her hands in a way full in Tripoli, with her troubles in the Yemen not yet over, and with the Albanian difficulties still smouldering, Turkey would absolutely offer armed resistance to Russia in Persia,

(Continued on page eight, column two)

MAP OF TERRITORY IN DISPUTE
Showing the relative positions of Persia, Turkey in Asia and Caucasia (Russian)

The press as a whole is a great power for peace today.

CLEAN JOURNALISM PLEADS FOR PEACE

This paper mailed to another after you are through reading it will aid in bringing peace

POSTAGE REQUIRED FOR MAILING TODAY'S PAPER
In United States.....1c To Foreign Countries.....2c

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee, the Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

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THE MONITOR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF ADVERTISER MUST BE FURNISHED FOR PUBLICATION OR ADVERTISEMENT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED

Name.....

Street.....

City..... State.....

CUT ON THIS LINE

¶ State your "want" in 20 words and attach the above coupon, properly filled out.

¶ The above coupon *must* be attached to *insure insertion.*

CUT ON THIS LINE

It will be run FREE

ONE WEEK ON THE CLASSIFIED AD PAGE

Write your advertisement, *attach blank* and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Monitor is read in every city in America.

THIS OFFER DOES NOT APPLY TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE.

ALASKAN MINERALS PRODUCED LAST YEAR WORTH $20,370,000

Judged by the large advance in her mineral production in 1911, as estimated by Alfred H. Brooks of the United States geological survey, over the output for 1910, mining activities in Alaska during the last year have actively increased.

The value of Alaska's mineral production for 1911, is estimated at $20,370,000. Of this amount $17,150,000 is to be credited to gold production, against $16,128,749 for 1910. Mr. Brooks further estimates that the Alaska mines produced 22,900,000 pounds of copper in 1911, or more than five times the Alaska copper output of 1910, which was 4,241,689 pounds. In addition to gold and copper, Alaska mines and quarries in 1911 produced silver, tin, coal, marble and gypsum to an estimated value of $390,000, an increase of over $200,000 as compared with the value of the same products in 1910.

The total value of Alaska's mineral production since mining first began in 1880 is, in round numbers, $206,000,000, or more than 29 times the sum paid to Russia for the territory. Of this amount $195,950,000 represents the total value of the gold production. Alaska produced its first copper some 10 years ago, since which time the territory has contributed 56,700,000 pounds of this metal, valued at $8,170,000. About 40 per cent of this total amount was produced in 1911.

Aside from the increased production, the most important event of the year was the opening of the Copper river region by the completion of the railway into it.

Although most of the gold still comes from the placers, much progress was made during 1911 in paving the way for an increased output from auriferous lodes. This work was carried on in most of the gold-bearing areas of Alaska, but the most notable advances were in the Juneau, Valdez, Kenai peninsula, Willow creek and Fairbanks districts.

Aside from the increase in copper mining the advance made in developing gold lode mines is the most encouraging feature of the year's operations. Dredge mining also made great progress, notably in the Nome region. In the entire territory, 22 dredges were operated for the whole or a part of the open season of 1911.

At the close of 1911 there are 465 miles of railway in the territory, compared with 371 miles in 1910. This mileage is distributed between nine different railways from five to 196 miles in length. The existing railways emphasize the need of additional transportation facilities. The most urgent need is for a railway to connect an open port on the Pacific with the Yukon basin. Until such a line is built only the richest placers of the interior and only the most favorably located lodes can be profitably exploited.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

BOSTON—"Trail of the Lonesome Pine."
CASTLE SQUARE—"Wizard of Oz."
COLONIAL—"The Pink Lady."
HOLLIS—"The Concert."
B. F. KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—"Everywoman."
PARK—"Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford."
PLYMOUTH—Dorothy Donnelly.
SHUBERT—Sothern and Marlowe.
TREMONT—Eddie Foy.

BOSTON CONCERTS

Saturday, Symphony hall, 8 p. m.—Boston Symphony concert; Mme. Berta Morena, soprano, soloist.

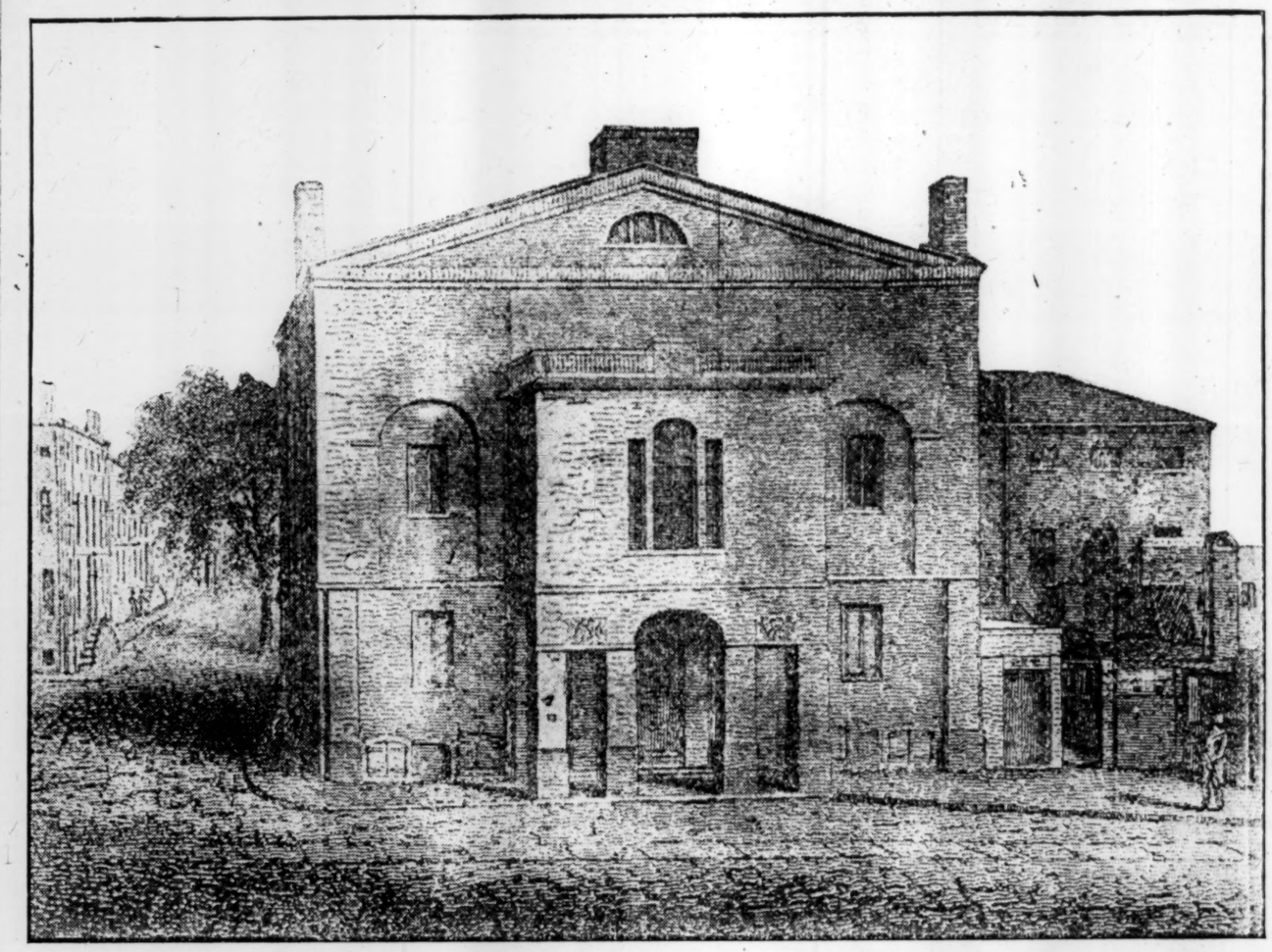
BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

Friday, 8 p. m.—"Aida."
Saturday, 2 p. m.—"Cavalleria Rusticana," followed by ballet "Coppelia."
Saturday, 8 p. m.—Popular priced performance of "Lucia."
Sunday, 8 p. m.—Grand operatic concert.

NEW YORK

ASTOR—"The Red Widow."
BELASCO—"David Warfield."
BIJOU—Wilton Lackaye.
CASINO—"Peggy."
CENTURY—"The Garden of Allah."
COHAN—"The Little Millionaire."
COLLIER'S—"Bunty Pulls the Strings."
CRITERION—"Passers-By."
DALY'S—"Kindling."
EMPIRE—Ethel Barrymore.
FULTON—William Collier.
GARRICK William H. Crane.
HARRIS—"Maggie Pepper."
HIPPODROME—Spectacles.
HUDSON—Miss Helen Ware.
KNICKERBOCKER—"Kismet."
LIBERTY—"The Littlest Rebel."
LYCEUM—Mme. Nazimova.
LYRIC—"Little Boy Blue."
MANHATTAN—"Pinafore."
MAXINE ELLIOTT—Irish players.
NEW AMSTERDAM—"Ben Hur."
NEW YORK—"The Enchantress."
PARK—"The Quaker Girl."
REPUBLIC—"The Woman."
THIRTY-NINTH—"The Million."
WALLACK'S—"Disraeli."

HOUSES AND STREETS OF BOSTON THAT LIVE IN THE HISTORY OF THE CITY



This picture of the Federal Street theater, Federal street, corner of Franklin, shows the structure as it was at the height of its use. Theatrical shows and performances were not sanctioned by law here until 1792, except moral shows or lectures, and they were so well received and patronized that they led to the erection of this theater in 1794. It was opened under the management of Charles Stuart Powell and was known as the "Federal Street Theater," or "The Old Drury," and had quite a career until it was destroyed by fire in 1798. It was then rebuilt, and Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Rowson, Kean, Macready, Mr. and Mrs. Poe and many others noted in the profession played here. In 1833 it was closed. In 1834 and later the place was known as the Odeon and Academy of Music. In 1846-7 it was again used for theatrical purposes, and in 1852 the property was sold and devoted to business purposes. The building was destroyed by fire in 1872 and another built in 1873, which a few years later was succeeded by a large block running through to Devonshire street, formerly Theater alley. Franklin street, after the 1872 fire, was extended to Broad street. Federal street was formerly known as Long lane, and diagonally across from this site was the Federal Street church, and in a former edifice the federal constitution was ratified, hence the street's name.

PANAMA RAILWAY FILL TO BE TAKEN FROM CHANNEL

EMPIRE, C. Z.—Drilling preparatory to the excavation of the hill and railway embankment lying in the Canal channel at San Pablo is about completed and steamshovel operations will begin shortly. As the railroad crosses it on a curve the embankment to be removed is about 3000 feet long.

The hill just south of the station is principally of rock. The embankment is mostly of earth. This section of railroad will be abandoned about the middle of February, the trains running over the relocated Panama railroad. It is expected to have the excavation completed by the end of April, 1912.

Similar removal of embankment across the channel is to be made at Tabernilla. The material there is practically all earth and only about 15,000 cubic yards, as compared with some 258,000 cubic yards of mixed material at San Pablo.

RAILROAD WORK SHOWS DECREASE

CHICAGO—Statistics relating to railroad activity, in 1911, showing decrease in improvement and increase in foreclosure sales of railroad lines, were issued Thursday by the Railway Age Gazette.

New trackage increase fell from the record of 4121 miles in 1910 to 3066 miles in 43 states. Texas led with 413 miles.

Fewer freight and passenger cars and locomotives were built by nearly a third in several instances. Greater expenditure for improvements is predicted for 1912.

GOVERNMENT GIVES TROUT

PHILIPSBURG, Pa.—The choicest lot of brook trout ever brought to this region for distribution in our streams arrived here recently in the United States fisheries' car, direct from White Sulphur, W. Va. The number of cans given was 92. Each can contained an average of 100 trout, ranging in size from 5 to 7 inches.

GERMANY RENEWS PAPER PROTEST

WASHINGTON—Count von Bernstoff, the German ambassador, has informed the state department that Germany would not grant American exporters the reduced duties on tool steel and hard rubber granted Swedish and Japanese exporters, under their special treaties, because America did not admit German wood pulp and print paper free of duty, as it does that of Canada.

The ambassador was reminded that the German exporters would not suffer by delay if their claim was just, because they paid the duties under protest, which gave them the right to recover in case the court of customs appeals decided in their favor, as is expected.

The ambassador's statement is virtually a renewed protest against the failure by the administration to adjust the matter diplomatically instead of judicially.

GENERAL REYES IN CAPITAL CITY

MEXICO CITY—General Reyes is in the Santiago military prison here. He was brought here Thursday night in a car which was run into the freight yards.

The personnel of the court martial which will try General Reyes, in part was officially announced as follows: Gens. Jose Maria Mier, Jose Maria De La Vega and Lauro Villar.

To make these officers eligible, they were raised by act of the minister of war from brigadiers to generals of division.

NEW BROCKTON CHAMBER DIVISION

BROCKTON, Mass.—A young men's division of the Chamber of Commerce was organized on Thursday evening, and the following officers were proposed: Norman W. Sampson, president; John F. Kedian, vice-president; Maurice J. Murphy, treasurer; William N. Hardy, secretary; Edgar L. DeForest, Harris W. Flemming, Cornelius J. O'Leary, William H. Powers and George E. Spear, governing board.

BAGGAGE RATES TO BE ADJUSTED

SAN FRANCISCO—A series of conferences will be held next month between representatives of the railroads and the national baggage committee, representing commercial and traveling men's organizations throughout the country, for the purpose of effecting an adjustment of the controversy over excess baggage charges.

The committee contends that the published interstate rate, amounting to 16 2-3 per cent of the first-class fare on each 100 pounds of excess baggage, is not generally adhered to, and that a much larger percentage often is collected. It is seeking to have a uniform rate of 12½ per cent of the first-class fare established throughout the country. The committee also is asking that the present rule providing that 150 pounds of baggage be carried free be continued.

CINCINNATI ASKS FAIRER RATES

CINCINNATI — Representatives of prominent business concerns here in a meeting on Wednesday adopted resolutions protesting against alleged freight rate discrimination against Cincinnati in favor of Chattanooga and Nashville, Tenn., Birmingham, Ala., and other southern points.

The resolutions, which were addressed to the board of trustees of the Cincinnati Southern railway, charges that the rates complained of are maintained by the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railroad, and urge alleviation of conditions in this regard.

The Cincinnati Southern railroad is owned by the city of Cincinnati and is leased to and operated by the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railroad.

NOT TO RAISE SHOE PRICES

ST. LOUIS—Heads of large St. Louis shoe manufacturing concerns in discussing a despatch from Brockton, Mass., that an advance of 50 cents a pair in the wholesale price of shoes was likely, said the price would not be advanced by manufacturers here.

WORK ON A NEW BALBOA TRESTLE NOW UNDER WAY

BALBOA, Panama—An examination has been made of the Naos island breakwater at the Pacific entrance to the Panama canal, especially of that section between the end of the present trestle and the island. In this section the Pacific division has been dumping rock from the dredging at Balboa since Nov. 1. It was found that through this dumping a fill had been made about 800 feet long, 200 feet wide at the base, and from one to eight feet above water at extreme low tide, and that this extended from the end of the trestle to the shoal water near the island, there being left only one deep place on the line of the breakwater.

The driving of piles for the double trestle has been begun. It will be made upon the fill, and it is believed that less trouble will be experienced in making it stand. The Pacific division scows dumped 38,000 cubic yards of rock on the line of the breakwater in November, and during the present month this filling is continuing at the rate of from 2000 to 2500 cubic yards a day.

It has been decided to change the direction of the breakwater slightly as it approaches the island so that it will connect with the island at the eastern extremity of its north end. This will be done in order that a site for a permanent dock at the north end of the island may be left.

L. A. BUSBY HEADS CHICAGO RAILWAY

CHICAGO, Ill.—Leonard A. Busby was elected president of the Chicago City Railway Company at a meeting of the directors held Thursday. He will succeed Thomas E. Mitten.

Mr. Busby is a member of the law firm of Shope, Zane, Busby & Weber, and is not a street railway operating man. His appointment, it is said, cannot be regarded as a permanent one.

NEW YORK LEAGUE ARCHITECTS TO GIVE EXHIBITION

NEW YORK—With its annual dinner followed the next day by a public reception the twenty-seventh annual exhibition of the Architectural League of New York will open here on Jan. 26. On Jan. 28 the public exhibition will open in the American Fine Arts Society building, 215 West Fifty-seventh street. The exhibition will continue to Feb. 17.

The exhibition is illustrative of architecture and the allied fine arts. Three medals of honor are annually awarded in architecture, painting and sculpture.

In addition to the Henry O. Avery prize of $50 for sculpture a special prize of $300 for a collaborative design is offered this year. The subject for competition is a chimney piece for a town hall, to be placed at the end of an assembly room, with given dimensions. The composition is to combine architectural, sculptural and mural treatment. The Avery prize will be awarded on the sculptural element and the award of the collaborative prize won't render the collaborating sculptor ineligible for the Avery prize.

NOT A CANDIDATE 'AT PRESENT' SAYS MR. ROOSEVELT

PHILADELPHIA—Theodore Roosevelt has written to the Republican League of Workers, organized by ward leaders who revolted against George H. Earle, Senator Penrose's candidate for mayor, that he is not a candidate for office "at the present time."

At a meeting last week a letter was sent to Mr. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, asking him to announce his candidacy for the presidency, pledging the unanimous support of the league, asking permission to organize Philadelphia for him and assuring him that it would be easy to get anti-Taft delegates here.

Mr. Roosevelt thanked the Philadelphians, and said he would "take this opportunity" of announcing that was not a candidate "at the present time." His supporters say this means he wishes to be free to act later.

PHONE MERGER EFFICIENCY PLAN

NEW YORK—An operating amalgamation of the Bell Telephone interests in nine southern states will be voted on next month by the directors of the companies involved, it has been learned here. The proposed change is in line with other recent changes for greater economy and efficiency made by the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, it is announced, and embraces the creation of a new operating district.

Should the plan be approved the Southern Bell and Cumberland Telephone companies will be operated as a unit with W. T. Gentry of Atlanta, now president of the Southern Bell company, as president of both companies.

ESSEX COUNTY POULTRY SHOWN

WENHAM, Mass.—The annual show of the Essex County Poultry Association at the town hall will close this evening. In all there are 80 exhibitors, and every possible space in the little hall is taken up with coops, and some of the finest poultry in the country is on exhibition.

If the show keeps growing it will be impossible to hold it at the town hall many more years, as the association will be obliged to go to some town or city where better accommodations can be had.

LEADER CHOSEN IN JERSEY HOUSE

JERSEY CITY, N. J.—Seventeen of New Jersey's 23 Democratic assemblymen met in caucus on Thursday and selected Thomas F. Martin of Hudson county for minority leader, and Charles Meyer of Sussex county for the minority candidate for speaker of the House.

The vote was unanimous on both choices, but in the case of the speaker, Assemblyman James of Hudson was also a candidate. In the interest of harmony he withdrew.

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PENNSYLVANIA PLANS TO SHOW 400 BUSHELS OF APPLES AT FAIR

HARRISBURG, Pa.—At the annual meeting and show of the Keystone State Fair Association in Pittsburgh next month the Pennsylvania state department of agriculture will have an exhibit of unusual excellence.

The fruit exhibit alone, which will be staged by the department of agriculture, will be larger, for instance, than the entire display in this city last January under the same auspices, when several dozen exhibitors competed for the fruit-raising honors. All of the apples which will be shown by the department have been raised the last season in the model orchards about the state.

The Keystone State Fair Association, which was incorporated only a short time ago, is the legal consolidation, for this annual meeting and perhaps other purposes, of the Pennsylvania Dairy Union, the Pennsylvania Live Stock Breeders Association and the State Horticultural Association of Pennsylvania.

Each of these several associations continues its own individual existence, as in the past. For years they have been cooperating in annual meetings and shows, and adoption of the new name is as much a matter of convenience for the yearly gatherings as for anything else. The show next month at Pittsburgh will be in the Duquesne Garden, from Jan. 15 to 20, the week preceding the meeting here of the state board of agriculture. T. D. Harmon, Jr., 110 Shady avenue, Pittsburgh, has general charge of the arrangements.

The exhibit will comprise the sixth annual corn show, the annual fruit show, the annual dairy show and the annual vegetable show. While N. B. Critchfield, secretary of agriculture, and his subordinates are encouraging every branch of the even as much as they can, it is on the fruit show that they expect to spread themselves most.

So far, the depatment has about 400 bushels of apples, conservatively estimated, in storage awaiting their places before the Duquesne Garden show opens. More are expected, and it must be remembered that all these apples are in addition to any which may be exhibited by other interests.

MAINE PLACES MANY FISH

BANGOR, Me.—A report of the work done at the Boothbay harbor for the past year by the shore fisheries department of Maine, in connection with the United States hatchery at Boothbay harbor, has been issued. The number of cod fry placed numbers 8,607,000; haddock fry 19,139,000, and flat fish or flounder fry 437,930,000.

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Leading Events in Athletic World — Chess Teams Are Tied

PENNSYLVANIA IS TIED WITH CORNELL IN CHESS TOURNEY

Final Round Is Being Played Today at the Rooms of the Brooklyn Chess Club—Brown Is a Bad Third

STANDING TO DATE

NEW YORK—The fourth and final round of the Triangular College Chess League annual championship tournament of 1911 is being played today at the rooms of the Brooklyn Chess Club and with Cornell and the University of Pennsylvania tied for first place, each team having 4½ points to its credit, interest in the outcome of the tournament is at its height. The parings for today bring Perkins of Cornell against Teitelbaum of Pennsylvania; Durfee of Brown vs. Ehrlich of Cornell, and Emmons of Brown vs. Sze of Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania's representatives Thursday made good their deficit in the totals which separated them from Cornell at the close of play Wednesday evening. Each team had 4½ points to its credit at the end of the third round. Brown suffered two defeats for the third time in succession, and is left a bad third in the race, having scored not so much as a draw.

The Quakers and Ithacans clashed this time at the second board, where Rudolph Sze, the Chinese player, had A. C. Ehrlich of Brooklyn, former Manual Training high school champion, for an opponent. The latter had the white side of a Ruy Lopez and blundered into a trap at an early stage. Sze, after an exchange in the center, hemmed in Ehrlich's bishop with his pawns, for two of which the piece had to be sacrificed. With an uphill game on his hands, Ehrlich's case was hopelss, especially as Sze continued to play with dash and imagination. The latter disorganized the Cornell player's position in front of the king by a neat sacrifice of the knight, and subsequently he effected the capture of the white queen in exchange for rook and bishop. After 30 moves had been made, Ehrlich resigned. The summary:

Bds.	WHITE		Bds.	BLACK	
1	Perkins (C.)	1	1	Durfee (B.)	0
2	Ehrlich (C.)	0	2	Sze (P.)	1
3	Teitelbaum (P.)	1	3	Emmon (B.)	0

Openings: Board 1, Philidor defense; 2, Ruy Lopez; 3, four knights opening.

Colleges.	Players.	W.	L.
Cornell	F. K. Perkins	2½	½
	A. C. Ehrlich	2	1
Total		4½	1½
Pennsylvania	R. Sze	2½	½
	M. J. Teitelbaum	2	1
Total		4½	1½
Brown	E. C. Durfee	0	3
	W. J. Emmons	0	3
Total		0	6

MEET TO ARRANGE BASEBALL DATES

FRENCH LICK SPRINGS, Ind.—Joint schedule committees of the National and American baseball leagues held a meeting here Thursday. Six hours of work behind closed doors took place. At the conclusion of the meeting Secretary Heydler of the National league and Secretary McRoy of the American league announced that while much work toward perfecting the two schedules had been done, nothing would be forthcoming until the meeting of the national commission in Cincinnati Jan. 3.

Mr. Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh club and Secretary Heydler represented the National league, while President B. B. Johnson, Robert McRoy, William Harridge and Frank Navin of the Detroit club represented the American league.

PRINCETON MEN BEAT YALE SEVEN

CLEVELAND — Princeton's hockey team defeated Yale's seven at the Elysium Thursday night in the first of three games, 4 to 1. Yale held its own throughout, but lost because of the great work of Baker of Princeton. Yale, too, was the first to score. The summary:

PRINCETON.		YALE.
Kay, f.	f.,	Chauncey
McKinney, f.	f.,	Martin
Kuhn, f.	f.,	Harman
Baker, f.	f.,	Cox
Emmons, c.p.	c.p.,	Gore
Blair, p.	p.,	Blakeslee
Lee, p.	p.,	Wainwright
Kalbfleisch, g.	g.,	Carhart

Score, Princeton 4, Yale 1. Goals made, by Cox, Kay, Kuhn 2, Lee. Referee, Schweitzer. Goal umpires, Binyon and Silvie. Timers, Bang and Nobles.

RELAY TEAMS MAY RACE HERE

Relay teams of the thirteenth and twenty-third regiments of New York probably will compete against each other at the Boston Athletic Association games in February. There is keen rivalry between these teams. Some of the greatest runners in New York are on the teams and it is hoped that the race may be arranged, as it would be one of the best features of the meeting.

M'GILL SEVEN WINS LONG GAME

McGill University's hockey team defeated the seven of the Intercolonial Hockey Club by the score of 4 to 2 in an extra 10-minute period match at the Boston Arena Thursday night.

THE NATIONAL COLLEGIATE ASSOCIATION FOR SOCCER

Would Not Replace Present American Rugby but Favors Increased Interest in Association Game—President Pierce Reelected—Several New Members

NEW YORK—Followers of soccer football in American intercollegiate circles are today much elated over the way the National Collegiate Athletic Association favored an increased interest in this sport at its annual meeting at the Hotel Astor, this city, Thursday. The sentiments of the more than 150 delegates present was most favorable to the further development of this game and prospects of its soon becoming a recognized varsity sport are brighter today than ever before.

W. F. Garcelon, graduate treasurer of athletics at Harvard, Dr. J. A. Babbitt and President Sharpless of Haverford College made strong pleas, and a committee of five was appointed to promote and regulate the game. This committee was named as follows: Dr. Babbitt of Haverford, W. F. Garcelon of Harvard, Dr. Page of Andover, Dr. Naismith of Kansas and Professor Ford of Washington and Jefferson.

Mr. Garcelon went so far as to say that, in his opinion, more college men and schoolboys will be playing in soccer football within five years than any other sport. He insisted that when its advantages are recognized, it will appeal to the colleges, schools and the public at large, as was the case in Great Britain.

Dr. Page of Andover said that there were no fewer than 12 soccer teams at the academy, and that the game fills a big hole in school life. President Sharpless of Haverford pointed out that soccer is not smothered by too many rules and too many officials, and that it is a desirable game.

It was not the sense of the meeting that soccer should be substituted for the American college game, but that its qualities were such that it should be fostered and encouraged as another branch of sport.

The meeting was divided into two sessions, and was the biggest and best attended since the association was organized six years ago, at a time when the faculty representatives gathered together in a crusade against football. At that time Capt. Palmer E. Pierce, representing West Point, stood in the breach, and in a large measure prevented action which would have put the ban on football at many of the leading colleges in the country.

The afternoon session was devoted to general discussion and the transaction of the routine business, while in the evening there was an informal talk on questions most closely touching the athletic life of college men.

Football, baseball, the amateur question, professional coaching and other athletic subjects came in for their share of attention, largely however from an ethical point of view, as it is the purpose of the association to propose and direct, rather than control, in the effort to raise the standard of intercollegiate sports to a point in keeping with the higher principles of education.

Although no formal recommendations showing the attitude of the association on regular football were made, beyond some minor instructions to the rules committee, the sentiment plainly was in favor of a stand-pat policy so far as any material changes in the code are concerned.

No fewer than three district representatives in their reports expressed the opinion that the rules were satisfactory, while Dr. H. L. Williams of Minnesota, chairman of the association's half of the rules committee, in making his report, expressed the opinion that the game of today is immeasurably superior to that of six year ago, and that few changes of a radical nature are necessary. In this Dr. Williams is at variance with the opinions of many of the leading coaches, officials and players here in the East, who appear to be of one mind that a number of important changes should be made.

No definite action was taken on the summer baseball professional coaching or in framing a definition for an amateur, but much light was thrown on these subjects and the influence is almost sure to make for good.

The following recommendations were made as a guide to the football rules committee:

1. The association desires the committee so to legislate that the open game be continued, and the chance of fatalities minimized.

2. The committee is requested to work for a clearer and more concise set of rules.

3. The committee is requested to have the rulebook published in the spring, to the end that more time be had for its study.

It was also ruled from the floor that an effort be made to reduce the number of officials, while another motion was passed that the central board of officials do what it can to establish a standard for the payment of officials, so that the expenses on the various colleges will not be so great.

No changes were made in the personnel of the football rules committee of seven men, which is appointed each year by the association and which has amalgamated in the past with the old rules committee. The members are Dr. H. L. Williams, Minnesota; Dr. J. A. Babbitt, Haverford; E. K. Hall, Dartmouth; Dr. W. L. Dudley, Vanderbilt; Prof. C. W. Savage, Carnegie Tech; S. C. Williams of Iowa and Lieut. V. W. Cooper of West Point.

Capt. P. E. Pierce was reelected president for the sixth time, while the excellent work of Prof. E. W. Nicolson was recognized and he was urged to accept another term as secretary and treasurer. Prof. H. W. Johnson of the University of Indiana was elected vice-president, while the district representatives were named as follows:

First district, F. F. Garcelon, Harvard; second district, Dr. W. L. Savage, Carnegie Technical school; third district, Prof. A. H. Patterson, University of North Carolina; fourth district, Dr. N. University of Mississippi; fifth district, Prof. H. S. Wingert, Ohio State University; sixth district, Dr. James Naismith, University of Kansas; seventh district, Prof. Hugo Bezdek, University of Arkansas; eigth district, Director Frank Castleman, University of Colorado.

New members were elected as follows: University of Georgia, University of the South, Ursinus College and 15 institutions represented in the Kansas athletic conference. This jumped the membership to 93, and the number includes most of the leading colleges and universities in the country, with the exception of Yale, Princeton, Cornell and the United States Naval Academy.

It was considered necessary to amend Article IV. of the constitution so as to provide eight districts instead of seven. A new apportionment also was made.

The report of the treasurer showed that the expenses for the year amounted to $1331.71, leaving a balance on hand of $429.87.

SCHOOL HOCKEY TEAMS TO START PRACTISE TODAY

School hockey teams will begin active work on the various rinks in Greater Boston today. At the Cypress street playgrounds Capt. Walter Kelley of Brookline high has requested the candidates for the team to report for practise today. Newton high will practise at the Brae Burn club's rink and may engage in practise scrimmage with Milton high, with which a game was scheduled for today, but it will not be attempted, as neither team has had enough skating practise.

Franklin field will be the scene of the greatest number of candidates for teams, for English high, Dorchester, Mechanic Arts, Boston Latin and Roxbury Latin school men will get their first outdoor practise of the season.

Teams in the suburban districts will start active work on the ponds. Arlington, Rindge and Cambridge Latin will probably practise on Spy pond. Arlington; Somerville and Melrose will be on their rinks in preparation for their first league game on Monday. Mystic lake will afford opportunity for Winchester's candidates.

A few of the alumni games scheduled for Monday last may be played off tomorrow. Other games scheduled for tomorrow are Cambridge High and Latin at Winchester, Normal Art school at Malden, Boston Latin at Arlington, nd Rindge at Somerville.

TWO COACHES FOR MINNESOTA NINE

MINNEAPOLIS—The University of Minnesota baseball team will have two coaches next spring for the first time in its history. The first will be D. W. Sullivan, former outfielder for Minneapolis, Boston, Toledo, Kansas City and other baseball clubs. The other will be Forrest Thomas, former Minneapolis pitcher. Thomas and Sullivan were team mates on the Minneapolis nine. Both are taking post-graduate work at the university, and will coach without pay. Mr. Sullivan will be head coach. He has issued his call for practise, and the candidates will assemble in the cage in the armory about the middle of February. Thomas' attention will be given to the pitchers.

CANDIDATES EAGER TO FILE PETITIONS

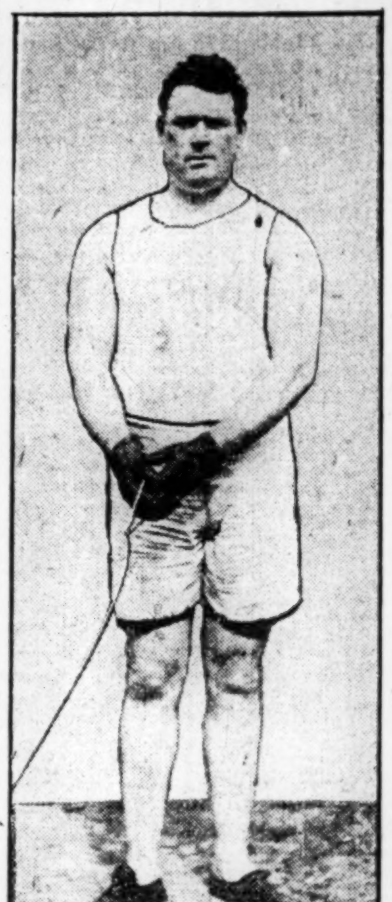
CHICAGO—Prepared to wait 44 days, four men on Thursday took stations at the entrance of the county clerk's office, carrying nomination petitions for candidates to be voted on in the April primaries.

The clerk will receive primary petitions on Feb. 10, and his rule is "first come, first served," as to the order in which names shall be placed on the ballot.

YALE TRACK UNDER BALL STAND

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—In place of the track at the gymnasium for winter and spring practise, Yale athletes will have at their disposal a new track under the covered baseball stand at Yale field. A track 200 feet long and 18 feet wide is being constructed as an experiment, and if the innovation proves successful, steps will probably be taken to make the track a permanent one

Star Weight Man Who Was Among Athletes to Make New Records During 1911



M. J. M'GRATH
New York Athletic Club

ONLY FEW VETERAN BASEBALL MEN ARE ELIGIBLE AT TUFTS

Coach Hazelton Will Be Forced to Develop a Number of New Varsity Men for Vacancies

MEDFORD, Mass.—Battery candidates for the Tufts College baseball team will be called out Feb. 12 for cage work according to the present plans of the baseball authorities at the college, and Coach Hazelton, who takes charge of the Tufts team this year after having coached at the University of Vermont for the past few years. After the pitchers have had a couple of weeks in which to limber up, a general call for candidates will be issued and cage practise continued without a cut in the squad until the campus diamonds are in shape for outdoor work.

The prospects for a championship nine at Tufts are not very bright. Two pitchers, a catcher and three infielders from last year's team form the nucleus for this year. Harry Martin, now with the Philadelphia Americans, and Smith, the two best pitchers last year, are ineligible and Carter and Davis are the veteran pitchers who will again be candidates. Of the new material Adams, the former Brown pitcher, looks to be capable of filling Harry Martin's shoes. There is some doubt however as to whether he can be induced to come out for the team on account of exacting school work. Macks, the pitcher on the freshman team, has the makings of a good pitcher, his one big trouble being lack of control.

Behind the bat the team will be strong with Bennett, a veteran, and Geary, who caught last year for Dean Academy. It is probable that Bennett will be shifted to first base and that Geary will do the bulk of the mask work. Bennett is six feet four inches tall and is admirably built for a first baseman.

The other infield positions will presumably give no trouble for there are veteran men for each place and a number of new men who will make the veterans hustle. Captain Hooper will continue at third, with Proctor, shortstop, and Kelley, second base, again candidates for their old positions.

The outfield, however, will cause a lot of trouble. Captain McKenna, Hall, Dickinson and E. Martin, the outfielders last year, have all left college and the three positions must be filled by new men. Priest, a .300 batter from Goddard Seminary, Taylor from Somerville high, Godfrey and Phalen of last year's second team are the best available men. Not very much is known of the material in the graduate schools, but a number of candidates are expected to report from there.

From present indications Coach Hazelton will have to develop a nine of young, green players. They will, however, be enthusiastic and may make up in team work what they lack as individual players.

The team will have one of the longest and hardest schedules arranged for a Tufts team in recent years. Three trips to New York will be made, the first being the usual annual Easter vacation trip to New York and Pennsylvania, and the others coming later in the season. An innovation will be sprung by having two home games before the beginning of this Easter trip. The schedule has been practically completed by Manager N. C. Harris '12, and will be announced by him in about a week.

REMARKABLE WORK DONE BY AMERICAN TRACK AND FIELD MEN

Many Records Surpassed by Athletes of United States, Including Sprints, Hurdles, Jumps, Runs, Weights

FINE POLE VAULT

It is very gratifying to followers of athletic sports in this country to look back on the champions of track and field sports during 1911 and to note the high class of their performances and the number of American and world's records which fell to their lot.

Notable work was done in the sprints by A. T. Meyer, I. A. A. C., who equaled the indoor records for the 75 and 150-yard dashes; Gwyn Henry of Texas who made the new mark of 12 1-5s. for the 125-yard dash and R. C. Craig, University of Michigan, who equaled Wefer's 220-yard record of 21 1-5s.

Great work was also done by the middle distance men, A. R. Kiviát, I. A. A. C., equaling the 660-yard indoor record and establishing a new record of 1m. 14s. for 1000 yards (indoors); J. P. Jones' wonderful 4m. 15 2-5s. for the mile; T. S. Berna's 9m. 25 1-5s. for the two miles; G. V. Bonhag making the new mark of 9m. 20 4-5s. for two miles (indoor), and 14m. 32s. for three miles as well as getting the new mark of 8m. 35s. for 3000 meters, and Louis Scott's new record of 15m. 23 1-5s. at 5000 meters.

The list of relay racing marks includes several exceptionally fine ones. Feb. 23 F. O'Hara, H. Lee, W. Prout and E. K. Merrihew, covered 1560 yards in 3m. 8 1-5s. Sept. 4 H. H. Gissing, J. M. Rosenberger, H. Schaaf and M. W. Sheppard did one mile in 3m. 18 1-5s. March 3 a Cornell quartet composed of Finch, Putnam, Berna and Jones ran four miles in 17m. 43 3-5s. On April 7 an all-New York team reduced the medley race record from 7m. 44 2-5s. to 7m. 38 2-5s.

The hurdlers were heard from four times. On Feb. 4 Robert and J. J. Eller equaled the latter's time of 7 4-5s. for 70 yeards. On June 4 J. J. Eller lowered from 9 2-5s. to 9 1-5s. the mark for 75 yards low. July 1 the same man equaled his own world's record of 24 4-5s for the 220 (2ft. 6in. hurdles), and on May 30, he lowered G. Schwegler's standard for 250 yards of these hurdles to 29 1-5s.

Two jumpers qualified: Platt Adams, N. Y. A. C., and D. J. Ahearn, I. A. A. A. Both bettered M. Ford's distance of 100ft. 4in. for nine standing jumps, but Adams won out by a few inches with 103ft. 7in.; and Ahearn raised his own hop, step and jump mark from 49ft. 7⅜in. to 50ft. 11in.

Among the field men remarkable performances were plentiful. P. McDonald, I. A. A. A., threw the 56-pound weight 38ft. 9⅞in., beating Flanagan's old distance of 38ft. 8in.; later Matt McGrath sent it 40ft. 6⅜in. and 16ft. 3in. for height. M. J. Sheridan, I. A. A. A., contributed his usual discus record by increasing his own standard from 140ft. 10½in. to 141ft. 4¾in., and McGrath added to his honors the 35-pound weight record with a throw of 53ft. 11in. and the title for the 16-lb hammer by hurling it 187ft. 4in. on Oct. 29. P. J. Macdonald, I. A. A. A., put the 24-pound 38ft. 10 11-16in., as against R. Rose's previous mark of 38ft. 2¾in. O. Snedigar, Olympic A. C., San Francisco, twice bettered the figures for javelin throwing, doing 165ft. 2⅜in. and 166ft. 1in.

Several other seemingly good performances were submitted to the A. A. U. for inspection, but were thrown out on technicalities, and the list of feats would hardly be complete without mention of the great pole vault of E. T. Cooke, Cleveland A. C., in the national championships. He cleared beautifully 13ft. (the record stands at 12ft. 10⅞in), but in leaving the pole after he was over he did not push it away hard enough and it fell against the bar, knocking it down and making valueless his sensational leap.

RATIONAL GOLF

By JASON ROGERS

Time proves all things; even the best methods of greenkeeping can only be declared when tested by his climatic vagaries, James MacDonald affirms in Golf Illustrated. Golf courses in general and putting greens in particular that present a fair face when the conditions are favorable for this result and fall away in the times of adversity or when the weather conditions are severe show a lack of stability that ought not to exist. The present season has tested the various methods of turf culture in a way that they have not been tested for many years, and it is only the trained turf that has come successfully out of the ordeal. It is of little use for green committees to say that this has been an altogether exceptional season, and may not occur again for many years, if it should ever revisit us. The hard fact is that what has been may—perhaps I should write will—occur again. At any rate, the successful business man is prepared for emergencies and the golf club that wants to keep up or increase its reputation must have its course trained to withstand the wear of play and the vagaries of the weather.

There has been a tendency of late years to ignore the methods by which our fathers built up our lawns so that they were the pride of the nation and the envy of many other countries. The lawns they left us are a heritage not lightly to be despised, and the methods by which they were produced are still worthy of consideration. They regarded the grasses as living plants amenable to culture, but not to be treated as a macadamized road. There was no universal method of culture, the peculiarities of each particular soil and locality was studied with a lengthened scrutiny which those less strenuous times could allow, and the result fully justified their efforts.

Grasses are long-suffering, but there come times of reckoning, such as the year 1911, and fallacies are exploded. It may be a consolation to some after such a season to say that it was the severe drought that damaged the greens, but the art of greenkeeping is to train grasses for exceptional condition.

I had the pleasure of going over the Sheringham links a short time ago, and I could hear nothing but praise for the putting greens on all sides, and yet there are very few, if any, greens that have been so heavily played on this season as they have been. At the end of this record season they were practically perfect, with a truer face on them even than last year. These greens had been trained to grow grasses of the right quality, and these grasses bore the severity of the drought and the heavy play without a flaw. If this can be done at Sheringham surely it can be done on any seaside links.

But it is not only at the seaside that perfect putting surfaces have come scathless through this season. Inland greens are also good where they have been thoroughly well treated. Croquet players are quite as fastidious as those who play golf, and the greenkeeper on a croquet lawn has to have the lawn face quite, if not more, accurate than a putting green. These essentials, according to certain doctrines, can only be obtained by the agencies of water and the heavy roller. Hatfield Croquet courts are now, at the end of this exceptional season, in splendid condition after continuous play. During the tournaments that were held there, they gained high encomiums from championship players, and yet they have had no water except the very scanty supply sent down by Jupiter Pluvius, nor has the heavy roller been used the whole season. Like the Sheringham putting greens, the courts were trained to grow grasses with a playable surface, and the playable surface is there, proving that the gentle methods of culture are superior to the forceful efforts of rollers and similar agencies.

PLAYING SECOND ROUND IN HOLIDAY PINEHURST GOLF

Several Extra-Hole Matches Thursday—Travis Drops Out—Coach A. A. Stagg Wins at Twentieth Hole

PINEHURST, N. C.—The second round match play in the eighth annual holiday-week golf tournament is being played here today.

Thursday's round was crisp and clean, several extra-hole matches adding to its interest. The play began in the first, or president's cup division, where F. T. Keating of Lenox won from W. C. Johnson of Canoe Brook on the twenty-second hole and Arden M. Robbins of Garden City from C. P. Eddy of Ridgewood on the twenty-first.

J. M. Thompson of Spring Haven captured his match from H. G. White of Ridgewood on the home green, and other matches, in which Allan Lard of Chevy Chase, Robert Hunter of Wee Burn, I. S. Robeson of Oak Hill, and Chisholm Beach of Fox Hills survived, were all 3 and 2, with one exception.

Walter J. Travis who led the field at medal play, withdrew, advancing J. W. McMenamy by default. In the fourth and last division A. A. Stagg of Chicago, the famous coach, won a 20-hole match from S. McCullough of Nassau and W. C. Micou of Montclair a 19-hole contest from R. N. Jewett of Aberdeen. The summary of the first flight:

PRESIDENT'S CUP
First round

Allan Lard, Chevy Chase, beat J. H. Clapp, Chevy Chase, 4 and 3; A. M. Robbins, Garden City, beat C. P. Eddy, Ridgewood, 1 up (20 holes); F. T. Keating, Lenox, beat J. C. Wilbur, Canoe Brook, 1 up (22 holes); Robert Hunter, Wee Burn, beat Filmore Robeson, Oak Hill, 3 and 2; J. M. McMenamy, Dunwoodie, beat W. J. Travis, Garden City, by default; J. M. Thompson, Springhaven, beat H. G. White, Ridgewood, 1 up; I. S. Robeson, Oak Hill, beat S. O. Miller, Englewood, 3 and 1; Chisholm Beach, Fox Hill, beat C. L. Becker, Woodland, 3 and 2.

TENNIS FOR DAVIS CUP POSTPONED

CHRISTCHURCH, New Zealand—Matches for the Davis cup in the international lawn tennis tournament, which were scheduled to begin today, have been postponed until Monday as the ground is unfit for play.

William A. Larned, Beals C. Wright and M. F. McLoughlin, the American players, are reported to be in excellent condition for the contest.

SIX NEW MEN FOR PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA—Hans Lobert, the third baseman of the Philadelphia Nationals has accepted the terms offered him by the management and will sign a contract within the next few days. Signed contracts have also been received from Ratt, an infielder from Ohio; Oldham, left handed pitcher who was one of the stars of the Tri-State League last year, playing with York; Hart, an outfielder from Kentucky; Irelan, an Indiana infielder, who played in Hopkinsville, Ky., last season; Potter, a catcher, and Smith, a big pitcher.

MULLIN AFTER RELEASE

FT. WAYNE, Ind. — Pitcher George Mullin of the Detroit team made a short stay here Thursday and stated to his friends that he was on his way to Detroit to ask his release from President Navin. He intimated that he has a managerial proposition from a minor league club, although he declined to make known his plans.

AMERICAN FENCERS WILL TRY FOR 1912 OLYMPICS

NEW YORK—It is now practically assured that for the first time in the history of the Olympic games a team of American amateur fencers will represent this nation at Stockholm, Sweden, next year. This decision was arrived at Thursday night by the officials of the Amateur Fencers League of America in connection with a series of bouts held in the New York Athletic Club. In speaking of the movement undertaken Dr. G. M. Hammand, president of the national association, said that it marked an epoch in American fencing. It would serve to establish international relations between the fencing organizations of the Old World and would inevitably place American fencers upon a more elevated place in sports than they had previously enjoyed.

According to Dr. Hammond, he has just returned from Washington, where he consulted Secretary of War Stimson and Secretary of the Navy Meyer as to including teams from West Point and Annapolis along with the American amateurs. Secretary Stimson was enthusiastic over the plan, he said, and an appropriation was to be asked from Congress to defray the expenses of the team. Secretary Meyer was of the opinion that fencing was on the decline at Annapolis and that it would be unwise to send a naval team. He did not positively decline to consider the matter, however, and the army and navy teams are thought likely to sail on the Charleston when that war vessel leaves for Stockholm. According to Dr. Hammond the bouts for the selection of the American team will be held late in April in this city, following the deciding of the national championship tournament.

SUMMERLAND IN WINTER

See the wonders of California. Take the Rock Island's vacation journey to sunshine and flowers. The de luxe Golden State Limited—no excess fare—and other electric-lighted trains by the direct route of low altitudes. Write for fares and free illustrated books. S. L. Parrott, 288 Washington St., Boston.—Adv

The Monitor
ON
SATURDAY
Is Now Running
Two Pages for The Boys and Girls
In Which Appear

The Busyville Bees
comical illustrations by Filoyd Triggs, with a story in verse by M. L. Baum, embodying information about flowers in a very delightful manner.

Wonder Book of Nature
Illustrated stories of Remarkable Caves; of Volcanoes and Strange Mountain Forms; of Natural Bridges, Great Waterfalls, Lakes and Glaciers; of Wonderful Plants, Birds, Beasts and Fishes.

Junior Philatelist
A department (bi-weekly) on postage stamp collecting and all matters relating to this entertaining pursuit, which teaches both history and geography.

The Camera Contest
is still open, and a dollar award is made each week to the youthful Monitor photographer who sends in the most acceptable picture of children at play, school scenes, historic places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. (Blue prints not available.) Address "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Falmouth and St. Paul streets, Boston, Mass.

Poems, Puzzles and Short Stories
are also printed on these pages on Saturday and a great variety of other matter both entertaining and instru tive.

The Monitor has a Children's Department every day, but devotes more room to the young people on Saturday than on other days.

Calendars and Diaries
All Styles, 10c to $6.
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WARD'S

PORT DEVELOPMENT IS TO BE FORECAST IN COMING MEETING

(Continued from page one)

Old Colony railroad for a period of 30 years from Dec. 1, 1910, at a rental of $70,000 a year. President Mellen has said that he wants to have the pier fixed up for a passenger terminal. Also, that he would pay a bigger rental for the property if proper superstructures were placed upon it so that steamships might dock there and do the passenger and freight business incident to an ocean terminal.

Some time ago it became known that Mr. Mellen had been conducting negotiations with foreign steamship lines with regard to their coming to the port of Boston. These negotiations of necessity had to be suspended pending the appointment of a board which had authority to deal with the lessees on behalf of the state. Now that the directors of the port have taken office, these negotiations may be renewed, provided agreements can be reached as to the terms upon which the pier shall be completed.

The port directors also were in conference Thursday with representatives of the Chamber of Commerce upon the differential rebate cases which are now pending before the United States interstate commerce commission.

The outcome of this discussion was a vote by the board to petition to intervene in the differential cases now pending before the commission. The chairman of the board, Gen. Hugh Bancroft, said:

"The port directors appreciate the tremendous importance of having these cases settled favorably to Boston, particularly because as the result of the present differential in favor of the southern ports Boston is losing a great volume of export business that should naturally be routed this way."

SWIFT GROWTH FOR CHELSEA PREDICTED AT DINNER TO BOARD

Chelsea will have a popultion of 55,000 in six years was a prediction made by William E. McClintock, chairman of the retiring board of control of that city at the citizens' banquet and reception for the board and Charles H. Reed, city clerk, in the state armory Thursday night. The banquet was attended by 500 men.

"The new Chelsea will be one of the most, if not the most, densely populated cities in the world in a very short time," said Mr. McClintock, "as it is only two and a half square miles in area. In the past few years there have been erected 1102 new buildings aside from the public and semi-public buildings. Of these only 52 are one-family houses, 61 are two-story houses, eight are four-story apartments and the remainder are three-story family dwellings. These are arranged to house 3000 families."

The retiring board members were cheered for their work in rehabilitating the city. Walter C. Mitchell made an address of welcome and Francis X. Tyrrell acted as toastmaster. Addresses were made by Willard Howland, chairman of the Massachusetts board of conciliation and arbitration; George H. Dunham, commisioner; Alton E. Briggs, commissioner; A. C. Ratchesky, commissioner; Charles H. Reed and Alexander Cook, chairman of the board of aldermen.

William M. Robinson at the conclusion of the address of Chairman McClintock, presented him with the pen with which Governor Draper signed the act creating the board of control.

SOMERVILLE MAY RAISE TAX RATE

Somerville's board of aldermen Thursday night passed over Mayor Burns' veto its order, adopted at the previous meeting, requesting the mayor to petition the next General Court for legislation increasing or abolishing the $12-limit for general expenses.

Alderman Jones said the general expenses of the city could no longer be met with the $12 on each $1000 worth of taxable property which the law allowed the city to spend for maintenance purposes.

President Smith and others said that if the taxpayers wanted school teachers, policemen and laborers paid better, they must expect to be taxed more.

MELROSE PLANS INAUGURATION

President French of the Melrose board of aldermen, the mayor-elect, has appointed Aldermen Bailey, Knight, Fahy, Damon and Peabody to have charge of the inauguration exercises which will be held in the city hall on the evening of J. . 1. Several new features have been ad ed to the customary program and the committee has already secured the services of a woman's orchestra and Clarence H. Wilson as soloist.

WORKMEN'S BENEFIT MEETING

The supreme lodge officers of the Workmen's Benefit Association gave an exemplification of the new ritual in Faneuil hall last night with a class of 150 candidates, before more than 500 members.

CHILDREN EXCLUDED BY THE MAYOR FROM SOUTH END PARKWAY

Mayor Fitzgerald today closed the parkway on Union Park street to every use except that of horticulture after a hearing in his office at which it was shown that the privileges had been abused by children in the neighborhood.

This decision came as a result of a hearing given by the mayor this noon at which the opening of this little parkway, even when flowers were not growing, was protested.

William I. Cole, director of the South End house, presented a petition asking that children be allowed to use the enclosure at certain times of the year when their play would not interfere with plants. The arguments against this were that it was better to close the park to children rather than to have it ruined by an unruly element.

TEACHERS IN FAVOR OF LEE AND BROCK DECLARES LATTER

(Continued from page one)

adopted let me say that it has been under consideration since early in September. It was completed about the middle of December and according to agreement, on Dec. 16 we conferred with the committee representing the elementary teachers.

"As a result of the conference they asked for time to consider the matter. They wrote us last Saturday that they were satisfied with our proposal, and at the earliest moment I called a special meeting of the school committee to formally adopt the schedule in order that the mayor might have a reasonable time to consider it before Jan. 1. All this to the end that the teachers interested might receive the increase on the January payroll."

Mr. Lee also issues a statement today. It is an appeal to the voters in which he declares that he stands for such government of the schools as shall best further the interests of the children, and that he regards his office as a trust not to be subordinated to political expediency or any other influence.

Of the demand for "Boston teachers for Boston schools" Mr. Lee says:

"The voters have passed on that issue during a succession of years, and have shown that they believe in candidates who place the interests of the children above all other considerations. At all events, that is a fixed point in my platform, whether I win or lose.

A rally in behalf of the Democratic city committee candidates for the city council and school committee will be held this evening at the Vine street church when the Democratic supporters of wards 16, 17 and 19 will gather in a district meeting.

All the candidates will appear as speakers and it is probable that Congressman James M. Curley will be present to preside at the session.

Rallies were held last evening in Brighton by the Democratic candidates while the Municipal League candidates for the school committee, George E. Brock and Joseph Lee, spoke at house rallies in the same district. John A. Coulthurst of the league slate, opened his campaign in his home district, ward 23.

DRIFTING SEAMEN ARE BROUGHT BACK

Capt. Charles Swensen, commander of the lighter Exeter, and Thomas Simpson, one of the crew, who left City Point in a row boat for Spectacle island Thursday and were blown to leeward by the gale, were brought back to Spectacle island today by the tug H. A. Mathis.

After going ashore Thursday and being pulled off by tugs and berthed at the New Haven pier, South Boston, the five-masted schooner George P. Hudson again dragged her anchors today and landed in midstream.

Several ineffective attempts were made to get the steamer Massachusetts away from her berth at Lockwood's yard, East Boston, Thursday, but they had to be postponed.

Captain Briggs of the steamer Grecian, which arrived today from Philadelphia, reports sighting a coal barge at anchor 20 miles west-southwest from Fire Island lightship at 10:45 a. m. Thursday. She had apparently broken away from some tug, and displayed no signals.

SIX AWAKENED AT FIRE

Isaac Marcus, his wife and four children were asleep in their home at 21 Greenwood street, Dorchester, early today when a fire started. George H. Goodspeed, who lives across the street, roused them. They live on the first floor of a 2½-story building, the top floor of which is used temporarily by the congregation of the Synagogue Avath Archian. The damage was $1500.

MALDEN ODD FELLOWS ELECT

The Middlesex lodge of Odd Fellows of Malden at its meeting Thursday night elected the following officers: Noble grand, C. Bliss Smith; vice-grand, John Williams; recording secretary, E. P. Holton; financial secretary, L. W. Pillsbury; treasurer, Fred H. Towns; trustee, James P. Simpson.

T WHARF OPENS DAY WITH NOT A FRESH FISH UP FOR SALE

For the first time in years there was not a single fresh fish at T wharf today, when the dealers opened the market. The pier was fairly well crowded with vessels, but all had discharged their fish, taken on provisions and were preparing to sail again.

The last arrival at T wharf was the steam trawler Ripple, which arrived early Thursday with 70,000 pounds of fish. The fare was sold promptly that day. The famous "push carts" all remained idle and there was sufficient room on the pier for visitors to walk about without receiving a coating of scales.

The arrival of considerable frozen fish by train and steamer relieved the situation somewhat but dealers predicted high prices for tomorrow, a day when business is usually slack and prices low. The high wind prevailing along the coast not only keeps the fishermen from entering port but also interferes with operations on the banks.

Boston is not alone in her lack of fish. Reports were received at T wharf saying that there were no arrivals at Gloucester today, and that all vessels were remaining in port. From Provincetown comes word that no weirs were drawn. Only one knockabout fisherman had arrived at that port.

EXPERT ON MOTH WORK LEAVES TO ENTER U. S. SERVICE

L. Howard Worthley, assistant forester in charge of the moth work, has resigned and George A. Smith, a field officer, has been appointed to succeed him by State Forester Rane.

This change has been brought about by the engagement of Mr. Worthley by the United States department of agriculture, where he will report directly to the bureau of entomology. His first duties will be to take a trip to Europe to study the moth conditions.

MALDEN Y. M. C. A. CAMPAIGN OPENS

At the Malden Y. M. C. A. rooms tonight a campaign for 600 additional members in a week will be opened in charge of Samuel K. Nason, general secretary.

A dinner will be served the team members in Association hall in charge of the Woman's Auxiliary and addresses will be made by the state secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, Edwin W. Hearne of Melrose.

IMMIGRATION ADDS THREE MILLIONS

WASHINGTON—The government has made public the results of its last inquiry as to the number of foreigners in the United States.

It shows that 3,128,683 more foreigners are here now than 10 years ago.

The tide of immigration has left the old time channels and is sweeping from eastern and southern Europe, bringing vast numbers from Austria-Hungary, Italy, Russia and Finland.

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS WILL HEAR TALKS

Addresses by Manuel L. Quezon, resident commissioner from the Philippines, and Moorfield Storey, president of the league, are to be the features of the adjourned thirteenth annual meeting of the Anti-Imperialist League at the Twentieth Century Club Jan. 9. Mr. Quezon has just returned from the Philippines. Officers will be elected and reports from the treasurer and secretary presented. There will be a luncheon.

MAYOR TO URGE MORE APPARATUS

Charles S. Taylor, mayor of Medford, will recommend to the new board of aldermen the passage of two orders for the purchase of motor fire apparatus for the city in his message to the board to be delivered next Monday evening. The city government has appropriated $2500 for the purchase of a motor patrol for the police department and this apparatus will also be used in answering all alarms of fire after next Monday.

NEW 50,000 TON LINER ORDERED

NEW YORK—The Hamburg-American line has ordered a third 50,000 ton steamship for the transatlantic service, according to a cable message to the New York Herald. She will be a sister ship to the Imperator, which has a length of 890 feet and a 90-foot beam. The Imperator, which is to go into service in the spring of 1913, will provide accommodation for 5000 passengers.

CAT SHOW AN AUXILIARY EXHIBIT

The seventh annual championship cat show, under the auspices of the Boston Cat Club, will be held in Mechanics building, Jan. 10, 11 and 12. This show is an auxiliary to the Boston poultry and pet stock exhibition to be held in Mechanics building for five days, beginning Jan. 9.

MASSACHUSETTS ALUMNI DINNER

The annual dinner of the Massachusetts Club of the Connecticut agricultural college will be held this evening at the United States hotel.

GREATER BOSTON BILL OF SENATOR STEARNS FILED IN LEGISLATURE

Senator Harry N. Stearns of Cambridge today filed with the clerk of the Senate the "statistical metropolitan Boston" bill which was rejected by the House of Representatives in the last Legislature, after a successful passage through the Senate.

The bill provides that the cities and towns which are now included within the metropolitan park, metropolitan sewer or metropolitan water district shall constitute a federation which shall be known as Metropolitan Boston. This federation is for statistical purposes only.

The bill provides further that the bureau of statistics shall compile and publish every fifth year the combined statistics of the population, valuation, commerce, manufactures and all other accessible statistics whether from the national or the state census of metropolitan Boston. In all of the publications of the bureau, in which the separate statistics of the cities and towns constituting metropolitan Boston appear, the totals of all such statistics shall also appear as the "statistics of metropolitan Boston." The bill is to take effect upon its passage.

SAILORS ATTEND HOLIDAY DINNER IN CHARLESTOWN

About 600 sailors from the different vessels in port and United States warships, citizens and clergymen, attended the annual holiday supper and concert Thursday night at the Sailors' Haven, Water street, Charlestown.

The turkey dinner was served by a large number of Boston women, including the regular Haven workers. Superintendent King presided.

A fine concert was given. The speakers were: Commander Charles Plunkett of the United States navy, the Rev. Frederick B. Allen, the Rev. Seymour S. Nickerson, the Rev. Elwood Worcester of the Emmanuel church, this city, and the Rev. Philo W. Sprague.

Superintendent King was assisted in distributing the bundles of scarfs, gloves, watch caps, jerseys, comfort bags and other useful articles to the sailors by Dr. Chandler and Howard Shaw.

BROOKLINE TO ACT ON 24 ARTICLES IN SPECIAL MEETING

Brookline will hold a special town meeting tonight in the town hall when 24 articles will be debated and passed upon. Appropriations amounting to $65,000 are embodied in the warrant.

There is unusual interest in this meeting because of the article which calls for extension of the term of the selectmen from one year to three years.

The largest appropriation calls for $41,500 for the purchase of 34,000 feet of land back of the town hall. Another provision asks for the creation of a playgrounds commission. Fred A. Williams will be the only candidate for the office of moderator.

MR. HIGGINS NAMES FORMER OPPONENT

Nelson P. Brown of Everett was today appointed second assistant district attorney of Middlesex county by District Attorney John J. Higgins to succeed Harry Sawyer, who recently resigned.

Mr. Brown was one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for district attorney of Middlesex county three years ago, opposing the present district attorney.

EVERETT JUNIORS TO DANCE

The junior class of Everett high school will hold its annual prom in Whittier hall, Everett, Jan. 23. The class has elected as a committee to conduct it Stanley Cooper, Miss Mae Connors, Miss Irene Bruder, Raymond Dexter, Miss Gladys Hunt, Arthur Driscoll, Miss Katherine Courville, Roland Irish, Erie Karling, Frank Kimball, Newcomb Ladd, Miss Gladys Larkin, Miss Margaret Manning, Lawrence Roberts and Miss Florence Whitehall.

DINNER AT RESCUE MISSION

More than 225 men and women attended the annual dinner of the Union Rescue Mission Thursday night at the Park Street church. At 7 o'clock, following the dinner, there was a testimonial service. F. F. Davidson presided, and among those who spoke were the Rev. Dr. James A. Francis, the Rev. E. E. Davidson, C. N. Atwood of Middleboro, and the Rev. Cortland Myers.

HIRAM NASH WILL FILED

The will of Hiram Nash was filed in the probate office yesterday. He was engaged in the carriage building business at Massachusetts avenue and Southampton street. The executors and trustees are authorized to sell the business, giving preference to John J. Degan, Harry I. Brown and Oliver C. Nichols, who have been in the employ of the testator a long time.

NEW BANDMASTER FOR REGIMENT

NEW YORK—William S. Mygrant, who has been bandmaster of the thirteenth regiment in Brooklyn since 1897, has withdrawn and Edward A. Baldwin, for 10 years a member of the band, has been appointed his successor. Bandmaster Mygrant organized and trained the first band of enlisted men in the national guard of the state.

CHINA'S PRESIDENT, DR. SUN YAT SEN, IS DESIROUS OF PEACE

(Continued from page one)

provisional military assembly. Seventeen of the 18 delegates voted for Dr. Sun on the first ballot, the dissenting vote was changed and the election made unanimous. The assembly took place at Nanking.

Dr. Sun was immediately notified by wire at Shanghai and responded with the following message to the assembly:

"I consider it my duty to accept the presidency. My policy will be to obtain peace and a stable government by the promptest methods possible. My single aim is to insure the peace and contentment of the millions of my countrymen."

The election of Dr. Sun to the presidency foreshadows the absolute collapse of the monarchy. Already advices have been received from Peking that the members of the royal family are preparing for flight. They believe that a resumption of warfare will mean the speedy capture of Peking and possibly the execution of numerous Manchu princes who have been most active in attempting to stamp out the revolution.

Advices from Peking today state that Yuan Shi Kai has taken leave. This is believed to presage the early retirement of the powerful premier, who has been the chief obstacle in the way of the Republicans.

If it is agreed to call a convention, and the Manchus have now decided by edict to agree to its decision, Dr. Sun and his cabinet will still go ahead with the work of government at Nanking, firm in the conviction that all of their official acts will be upheld by the people.

Many of the revolutionists, however, are eager for a resumption of hostilities. They can see no reason for giving the Manchu princes time to escape from Peking with the great treasure that they possess. The new government will be greatly handicapped by a scarcity of funds, and if the Manchu treasure could be seized it would aid greatly in the work of reconstruction, it is claimed.

The election of Dr. Sun Yat Sen to the presidency of the new republic marks the culmination of a dream of 20 years. For 15 years he has been actively engaged in fostering the present revolt, making his headquarters in foreign countries and working in China through trusted lieutenants.

Ten years ago the throne began to be alarmed over Dr. Sun's activities and placed a price on his head.

Dr. Sun appeared in many cities of the United States, exhorting his countrymen to contribute to a revolutionary fund, but he was always closely guarded. Most of his trips were made in disguise.

Many times the doctor was described as a fool. But he only shook his head, departed to his dingy little room and dreamed of the awakening of his countrymen. Years of exhortation in America by Dr. Sun and able work upon the part of his lieutenants in China, revealed that the people were advancing. Contributions began to pour into the revolutionary treasury. Drill sergeants from American and European armies were smuggled into the empire. A large army was recruited before the dynasty realized that the insurrectionists were about to strike.

When the rebels took the field they were equal to the imperial troops in many respects. In a series of conflicts they fought with such heroism that even their foes admired them. Thousands of imperial soldiers deserted to the revolutionists. Every day saw hundreds of recruits pouring into the rebel headquarters from the provinces. All of southern China was in revolt. The people had learned Dr. Sun's lesson well. They were through with the Manchus and nothing would satisfy but a republic.

The dynasty summoned Yuan Shi Kai, the once powerful military leader whom it had disgraced, and urged him to save the throne. But even Yuan's popularity with the masses could not stem the tide.

The Manchu princes are preparing to flee from the country that they have dominated for almost 250 years and Dr. Sun Yat Sen, having realized his glorious dream, is today beginning the work of constructing a new China.

Japan Will Not Interfere

(By the United Press)

TOKIO, Japan—The foreign department today issued a statement that Japan had no intention of interfering with affairs in China and denying that it had in any way sought to preserve the Manchu dynasty.

WORCESTER FIRM GETS CONTRACT

WORCESTER, Mass.—The Worcester Ornamental Iron Works, 140 Foster street, has been awarded the contract to furnish all the iron and bronze work for the new Y. M. C. A. buildings on Huntington avenue, Boston, amounting to about $60,000. It means the employment of about 40 more men. The contract was awarded by the Woodbury & Leighton Company, Boston.

MELROSE WOMEN'S VOTE COSTS

W. DeHaven Jones, city clerk of Melrose, in his annual report, tells of the lack of interest taken by Melrose women in voting for school committee candidates and the consequent cost of votes cast. The cost of each ballot cast here by a woman the past four years ranges from $2.75 to $12. At the last city election eight women voted of 226. At a previous election two women voted, and the votes cost $12 each.

RICHARD BRIGGS CO.

Annual Clearance Sale of

DINNER SETS

Our entire street floor has been given up to this sale, which contains the largest assortment of beautiful china we have ever displayed. Our customers will find exceedingly rare bargains. We note only a few:

Limoges Dinner Plates, roses and gold lace	Were $20.00 doz.,	now 12.00
Austrian Dinner Plates, white and gold	Were $30.00 doz.,	now 17.00
Minton Dinner Plates, clover leaf and gold	Were $35.00 doz.,	now 18.00
Limoges Soup Plates, deep blue and gold	Were $25.00 doz.,	now 15.00
English Soup Plates, white and gold	Were $35.00 doz.,	now 20.00
Limoges Soup Plates, crimson and gold	Were $50.00 doz.,	now 25.00
Limoges Entree Plates, green scroll and primrose	Were $7.50 doz.,	now 4.00
Limoges Entree Plates, Empire green festoon roses	Were $14.00 doz.,	now 9.00
Limoges Tea Cups, Bourbon Sprig	Were $8.50 doz.,	now 5.00
Limoges Tea Cups, gold acid border and lace	Were $25.00 doz.,	now 12.50
Minton Bouillon Cups, festoon roses and forget-me-nots	Were $15.00 doz.,	now 9.00
English Bouillon Cups, turquoise band with gold lace	Were $25.00 doz.,	now 13.50
Austrian A. D. Cups, large Dresden roses	Were $10.00 doz.,	now 5.00
English A. D. Cups, cobalt blue and gold border	Were $25.00 doz.,	now 12.50
English Dinner Sets, red and blue tulips	Were $30.00 set,	now 15.00
Limoges Dinner Sets, roses and gold	Were $50.00 set,	now 20.00
English Dinner Sets, blue and pink laurel vine and gold	Were $45.00 set,	now 30.00
Limoges Dinner Sets, roses medallion, green edge and gold	Were $80.00 set,	now 45.00
Wedgwood Dinner Sets, blue and red border, large ass't	Were $100.00 set,	now 50.00
Limoges Dinner Sets, Chinese red and gold design	Were $138.00 set,	now 70.00
50 Harlequin Dinner Sets, good assortment		For a set 10.00

116 BOYLSTON STREET

ECONOMY COMMITTEE IS ASKED IN COMMONS

Proposed House Control Over British Expenditures Designed Not to Interfere with the Ministers

IDEA NOT NEW ONE

Economy in national expenditures, a question that has of late stirred the United States, is brought to the front in Great Britain by a renewal of the effort to give the House of Commons some control over the annual estimates of the cabinet ministers. While in the past similar efforts have failed it is thought that the objections to the reform have been overcome in the latest draft instruction, discussed in the following special review from London.

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A memorandum together with a draft instruction signed by 244 members of the Commons has been presented to the prime minister, asking him to set up a standing committee on estimates. Before discussing this memorandum it will assist those who are not acquainted with procedure in the House of Commons to explain very briefly how Parliament deals with the estimates.

During the autumn it is usual for government departments to prepare estimates of their expenditure for the coming financial year. Parliament generally meets in February and as early as possible in the session the estimates are presented and discussed. By a standing order of the House passed in 1902 a period of 20 days, which may be extended to 23 days, is allotted to estimates. This procedure was adopted owing to the difficulty ministers frequently experienced in getting estimates of their departments through the House. Under the standing order ministers have no anxiety on this score, because, although they may not have been able to obtain their supplies on the days allotted to them, on the evening of the last day but one allotted to supply, all outstanding estimates without further discussion automatically pass the House of Commons. In this manner huge sums are voted every year without inquiry and explanation.

To take the last five years, the sums thus voted averaged over £52,000,000 a year. From this it is obvious that the House of Commons has not effective control over the details of expenditure. The old method whereby ministers had to explain and to justify their estimates before getting them passed, while leading to prolonged discussion, to interference with and delay of other business, had a salutary effect, in that ministers hesitated to sanction departmental proposals which necessitated increasing expenditure, unless good cause could be shown for it.

Again, under the old system efforts were constantly made by members to control expenditure, which under the procedure now in operation it would be futile to attempt. It is hoped by those who have signed the memorandum that an estimates committee will enable the House of Commons to exert some control over expenditure in the interests of economy.

To set up such a committee is not a new proposal. For many years there had been a well founded complaint that the House of Commons had lost effective control over state expenditures; and in 1902 a select committee was appointed "to inquire whether any plan can be advantageously adopted for enabling the House by select committee or otherwise more effectively to make an examination, not involving criticisms of policy, into the details of national expenditure."

This committee reported in 1903 and recommended that a committee to be called "the estimates committee" should be annually appointed, that it should examine a class, portion or branch of the estimates for the current year not exceeding one fourth of the whole, and that the consideration of this class by the House of Commons in committee of supply shall, if convenient, be deferred until the presentation of the report of the estimates committee thereupon. No action on this recommendation has been taken, probably owing to the fear that business of supply in committee of the House might be unduly delayed by the action of the estimates committee and also to the difficulty of defining and restricting the functions of the committee so that they would neither interfere with the functions of the House as a whole nor with the responsibility of ministers.

The memorandum and instruction, which have been so extensively signed, have been framed with the object of overcoming these objections. The proposal differs to some extent from the recommendation of the select committee published in 1903. It could not delay the business of supply in the House, because it is not intended that the estimates committee shall examine and report on estimates of the current year, with the object of action being taken that year in the House of Commons. Expenditure for the current year, as has already been explained, is determined before the money appropriated to it is voted.

The functions of the estimates committee would consist in supplying such information, acquired from estimates of the current year, as would influence the preparation and discussion of the next year's estimates. The functions would be strictly confined to an examination into the details of expenditure, so as to determine whether the great spending departments were conducting their business with proper regard to economy and efficiency. It is obvious that such a proposal would neither interfere with the functions of the House of Commons, nor with the responsibility of ministers. An estimates committee if set up, will probably find ample scope for its activities and with some confidence it can be predicted, after recent experience derived from an examination by a special committee of the House into the stationery vote whereby large savings were effected, that wasteful expenditure will be brought to light and effectively checked. The following is the draft instruction to the committee:

"To examine the estimates or such branches of them as the committee may think expedient, and to report whether in its opinion the estimated expenditure is not more than adequate for the efficient discharge of the services covered by the estimate or estimates subjected to examination; whether due care is taken to reduce expenditure on services diminishing in importance or no longer required; whether in framing the estimates the financial effects of changes in administration are watched; whether the relations between departments are economical; whether the responsible heads of departments and the treasury exercise due control over the estimates while in course of preparation, and in regulation expenditure during the financial year; what are the future and growing burdens which will ultimately be imposed on the taxpayer by measures in force; and, lastly, to make recommendations which in its opinion would realize savings or promote economy in the public service."

When dealing with the question of finance it is of interest to note that while estimates this year have been passed as usual, the consideration of the measure for raising money to meet the national expenditure known as the finance bill, has been delayed until December and has been passed at the end of the autumn session. In a normal year, such as this, it is usual to consider the finance bill in July, and it is very desirable that the scheme of taxation for the year should be passed into law, before income tax and supertax returns are demanded, on the strength of a mere resolution of the House of Commons, although such a resolution is binding in law. It is to be hoped that the government will revert to the customary practise in this matter.

TESTS FOR STENOGRAPHERS

The annual examination for stenographers for state and city departments will be held Jan. 1. The next special examination will be held Jan. 10 to fill two vacancies as bookkeeper for the commonwealth, the salaries being $1000 and $1200, respectively.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO FAMILY ORDER TRADE

Neapolitan Ice Cream Co

Tel. Cambridge 1785.

Free Delivery in Boston and Suburbs.

Realty Shipping Sailings

REAL ESTATE NEWS

Hardly a day has passed for several weeks without some transaction in the Back Bay district, and a very noticeable number of deals have been made in vacant land which the purchasers expect to improve at once or early in the new year. The latest purchase was made by Walter S. Tripp from the Keany Real Estate Investment Company of four lots fronting Bay State road between Sherborne and Deerfield streets, aggregating 15,774 square feet of land assessed for a total of $27,000.

Thomas M. Smith has taken titles from Sarah E. Hahn to premises 16-18 Clarendon street, corner of Warren avenue, South End, consisting of a four-story brick house and 1226 square feet of land. All taxed for $17,600 with $5600 on the land.

FOR WINTHROP IMPROVEMENT

The several heirs of Leonard O. Tewksbury have conveyed through the office of Floyd & Tucker 4000 square feet of land, with a summer cottage thereon situated on Siren street, Point Shirley. The property will be improved by the new owner, Mrs. Emma L. Knox of Winthrop.

WEST ROXBURY TRANSFERS

Moses Williams and Ralph B. Williams, trustees, have conveyed to Mrs. Alice Luke, wife of Albert C. G. Luke of Boston, a lot of land containing 5180 square feet situated on the corner of Dunster road and Dane street, Jamaica Plain, adjoining the property of Mrs. Luke. The purchaser intends to improve. Joseph Balch was the broker.

Abraham Abraham has purchased from Samuel Weinstein a four-story brick house located 11 and 11A Kennard avenue on a lot running through to Poplar court, containing 2100 square feet of land taxed for $4200, which is included in the total assessment of $16,200.

A deed has just been recorded in the transfer of 4800 square feet of land fronting Welles avenue, corner of Wainwright street (formerly Carlisle street), assessed for $1700. Annie C. Gibson made the deed to Julia A. Fisk, purchaser.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the real estate exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

Boston & Roxbury Mill Corp. to John T. Coolidge, 30 ft. st. rear of Beacon st.; rel. $1.

Boston & Roxbury Mill Corp. to Eugene V. R. Thayer est., pt. of back st.; rel. $1.

Sarah E. Hahn to Thomas M. Smith, Warren av. and Clarendon st; q; $1

Thomas M. Smith to Isaac Heller, Warren av. and Clarendon st.; q.; $1.

Boston Water Power Co. to John F. Beatty, Queensberry st., 9 lots.; d.; cash $8794, bonds $43,970.

John F. Beatty to Harriet C. Thompson, Queensberry st., 9 lots; q.; $1.

Keany Realty Investment Trust to Walter S. Tripp, Bay State rd., 4 lots; d.; $1.

Samuel Weinstein to Abram Abraham, Poplar ct. and Kennard av.; q.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

George F. Dando, mtgee., to Annie M. Rice, Porter st.; d.; $1150.

ROXBURY

Boston Real Estate Association to James B. Dooley, Vernon st.; q.; $1.

James W. Newell to William Simes, Townsend st.; q.; $1.

DORCHESTER

Peter M. Gorham to Susie M. Morse, Dorchester av. and Howes st.; q.; $1.

Susie M. Morse to Mary M. Gorham, Dorchester av. and Howes st.; q.; $1.

Frank P. Mayberry to William Kirschenbaum, Dorchester av. and Beale st., 2 lots; q.; $1.

William Kirschenbaum to Louis Jacobs, Beale st.; q.; $1.

Annie C. Gilson to Julia A. Fish, Welles ave. and Carlisle st.; w.; $1.

William T. Henderson to John Johnson et ux., Raven st.; w.; $1.

Havelock Associates to Charles E. Fournier, Wilcock st.; d.; $1.

Havelock Associates to Charles E. Fournier, Wilcock st.; d.; $1.

Havelock Associates to Charles E. Fournier, Wilcock st.; d.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Rose L. Murray to Edward J. Murray, Call st.; w.; $1.

Same to Mary J. McNulty, Hall st.; q.; $1.

Same to same, Jamaica st.; q.; $1.

Pauline N. Hartstone to Stella Nelson, Lambert ave., Guild and Lambert sts.; w.; $1.

Sterling Fogelberg to Harry E. Stevens, Park and Martin sts.; q.; $1.

Harry E. Stevens to John H. O'Rourke, Park and Martin sts.; q.; $1.

Rose L. Harrington to Frederick J. Hutchings et ux., Walter st.; w.; $1.

Moses Williams est. to Alice Luke, Dunster rd. and Dane st.; d.; $1.

BRIGHTON

Stephen B. Colpitts to Stewart A. Colpitts, Allston st.; q.; $1.

Annie W. Pond to Stewart A. Colpitts, Allston st.; q.; $10.

Francis J. Murray to Mary McPherson, Franklin st.; q.; $1.

CHELSEA

Chelsea Trust Co., mtgee., to Edward H. Lowell, Second st., 2 lots; d.; $2050.

WINTHROP

Augustus P. Loring, tr., to Almon E. Whittemore, Circuit rd.; d.; $1.

REVERE

Elmer E. Abercrombie et al to Isabelle B. Glass, Eastern av.; rel.; $1.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given

Ruthven st., 124, ward 21; Louis Greenstein, F. A. Norcross; brick dwelling.

Ruthven st., 128, ward 21; Louis Greenstein, F. A. Norcross; brick tenements.

Boylston st., 747-749, ward 11; Charles E. Cotting, trustee, S. D. Kelley; alter stores and offices.

Kilton st., 231, ward 20; E. T. Doherty, Clinton Noble; alter stores.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SAILINGS

This schedule is compiled from advance lists, and is subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

Madonna, for Naples	Dec. 29
*Olympic, for Southampton	Dec. 29
Mesaba, for London	Dec. 30

Sailings from Boston

Winifredian, for Liverpool	Dec. 30
Lake Erie, for Glasgow	Jan. 4
Devonian, for Liverpool	Jan. 6
Armenian, for Liverpool	Jan. 13
*Iverunia, for Liverpool	Jan. 16
Sicilian, for Glasgow	Jan. 18
Columbian, for Liverpool	Jan. 20
Megantic, for Liverpool	Jan. 23
Kingstonian, for Liverpool	Jan. 27
Saxonia, for Liverpool	Jan. 30

Sailings from Philadelphia

Graf Waldersee, for Hamburg	Jan. 2
Marquette, for Antwerp	Jan. 5
Dominion, for Liverpool	Jan. 6
*Haverford, for Liverpool	Jan. 13
Prinz Oskar, for Hamburg	Jan. 19
Menominee, for Antwerp	Jan. 19
*Merion, for Liverpool	Jan. 27
Prinz Adalbert, for Hamburg	Jan. 30

Sailings from Portland

Canada, for Liverpool	Jan. 6
Ionian, for Glasgow	Jan. 11
Ascania, for London	Jan. 20

Sailings from Halifax

Royal Edward, for Bristol	Jan. 24

Sailings from St. John

Empress of Britain, for Liverpool	Dec. 29
Empress of Ireland, for Liverpool	Jan. 12
Tunisian, for Liverpool	Jan. 26

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool

Empress of Ireland, for St. John	Dec. 29
Franconia, for New York	Jan. 2
Columbian, for Boston	Jan. 4
Laurentic, for New York	Jan. 4
Carmania, for New York	Jan. 6
Megantic, for Boston	Jan. 9
Merion, for Philadelphia	Jan. 10
Kingstonian, for Boston	Jan. 11
Cedric, for New York	Jan. 11
Tunisian, for St. John	Jan. 12
Iberian, for Boston	Jan. 15
Saxonia, for Boston	Jan. 16
Celtic, for New York	Jan. 16
Canada, for Portland	Jan. 20
Dominion, for Philadelphia	Jan. 24
Arabic, for New York	Jan. 25
Empress of Britain, for St. John	Jan. 26
Haverford, for Philadelphia	Jan. 31

Sailings from London

Minnehaha, for New York	Jan. 4
Minnewaska, for New York	Jan. 11
Mesaba, for New York	Jan. 18
Minneapolis, for New York	Jan. 25

Sailings from Southampton

New York, for New York	Dec. 30
Bluecher, for New York	Dec. 31
Neckar, for New York	Dec. 31
Ascania, for Portland	Jan. 2
Oceanic, for New York	Jan. 3
St. Louis, for New York	Jan. 4
George Washington, for New York	Jan. 7
Moltke, for New York	Jan. 7
Olympic, for New York	Jan. 10
Victoria Luise, for New York	Jan. 12
Minnewaska, for New York	Jan. 13
Prinzess Irene, for New York	Jan. 14
President Lincoln, for New York	Jan. 15
Ausonia, for Portland	Jan. 16
Philadelphia, for New York	Jan. 17
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, for N. Y.	Jan. 17
Koenig Albert, for New York	Jan. 21
New York, for New York	Jan. 24
Minneapolis, for New York	Jan. 28
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	Jan. 28
Albania, for Portland	Jan. 30
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Jan. 31
Oceanic, for New York	Jan. 31

Sailings from Glasgow

Cameronia, for New York	Dec. 30
Sicilian, for Boston	Dec. 30
Columbia, for New York	Jan. 6
California, for New York	Jan. 13
Numidian, for Portland	Jan. 13
Caledonia, for New York	Jan. 20
Scotian, for Boston	Jan. 20
Cameronia, for New York	Jan. 27
Ionian, for Portland	Jan. 27

Sailings from Hamburg

Bluecher, for New York	Dec. 30
Batavia, for New York	Jan. 4
Moltke, for New York	Jan. 6
Prinz Adalbert, for Philadelphia	Jan. 9
Victoria Luise, for New York	Jan. 11
President Lincoln, for New York	Jan. 13
Pretoria, for New York	Jan. 20
Graf Waldersee, for Philadelphia	Jan. 24
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, for New York	Jan. 27

Sailings from Bremen

Neckar, for New York	Dec. 30
George Washington, for New York	Jan. 6
Prinzess Irene, for New York	Jan. 13
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, for New York	Jan. 16
Koenig Albert, for New York	Jan. 20
Bremen, for New York	Jan. 27
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Jan. 30

Sailings from Antwerp

Zeeland, for New York	Dec. 30
Lapland, for New York	Jan. 6
Manitou, for Boston	Jan. 11
Kroonland, for New York	Jan. 13
Finland, for New York	Jan. 20
Marquette, for Boston	Jan. 25
Vaderland, for New York	Jan. 27

Sailings from Havre

Bordeaux, for New York	Dec. 30
La Touraine, for New York	Dec. 30
Chicago, for New York	Jan. 6
La Bretagne, for New York	Jan. 6
Caroline, for New York	Jan. 13
La Lorraine, for New York	Jan. 13
La Touraine, for New York	Jan. 20
Rochambeau, for New York	Jan. 20
La Savoie, for New York	Jan. 27
Niagara, for New York	Jan. 27

Sailings from Rotterdam

New Amsterdam, for New York	Jan. 6
Noordam, for New York	Jan. 13
Ryndam, for New York	Jan. 20
Potsdam, for New York	Jan. 27

Sailings from Genoa

Berlin, for New York	Jan. 4
Cincinnati, for New York	Jan. 4
Canopic, for Boston	Jan. 14
Hamburg, for New York	Jan. 23

Sailings from Fiume

Ultonia, for New York	Jan. 16

Sailings from Trieste

Alice, for New York	Dec. 30
Ultonia, for New York	Jan. 12
Oceania, for New York	Jan. 26

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco

*Belle of Scotland, for Sydney	Dec. 30
*Manchuria, for Hongkong	Jan. 3
*Sheridan, for Manila	Jan. 5
*Sierra, for Honolulu	Jan. 6
*Chiyo Maru, for Hongkong	Jan. 10
Lurline, for Honolulu	Jan. 10
*Tahiti, for Wellington	Jan. 10
*Enterprise, for Hilo	Jan. 13
*Wilhelmina, for Honolulu	Jan. 17
*Henrik Ibsen, for Sydney	Jan. 19
*Mongolia, for Hongkong	Jan. 22
*Honolulan, for Honolulu	Jan. 24
*Sierra, for Honolulu	Jan. 27
*Nippon Maru, for Hongkong	Jan. 30

Sailings from Seattle

*Sado Maru, for Kobe	Jan. 6
*Strathlyon, for Manila	Jan. 8
*Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Jan. 10
*Inaba Maru, for Hongkong	Jan. 16
*Tenyer, for Hongkong	Jan. 24
*Zealandia, for Sydney	Jan. 24
*Kamakura Maru, for Kobe	Jan. 27
*Orteric, for Manila	Jan. 28

Sailings from Tacoma

*Seattle Maru, for Hongkong	Jan. 6
*Mexico Maru, for Hongkong	Jan. 20
Teucer, for Hongkong	Jan. 22

Sailings from Vancouver

Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Jan. 10
Zealandia, for Sydney	Jan. 24

EASTBOUND

Sailings from Hongkong

Tamba Maru, for Seattle	Jan. 2
Canada Maru, for Tacoma	Jan. 9
Korea, for San Francisco	Jan. 12
Protesilaus, for Tacoma	Jan. 24
Tacoma Maru, for Tacoma	Jan. 24
Empress of India, for Vancouver	Jan. 27
Siberia, for San Francisco	Jan. 27
Awa Maru, for Seattle	Jan. 30

Sailings from Yokohama

Titan, for Tacoma	Jan. 6
Chicago Maru, for Tacoma	Jan. 9
Tamba Maru, for Seattle	Jan. 17
Canada Maru, for Tacoma	Jan. 23
Korea, for San Francisco	Jan. 23
Sanuki Maru, for Seattle	Jan. 31

Sailings from Honolulu

Mongolia, for San Francisco	Jan. 6
Sierra, for San Francisco	Jan. 17
Lurline, for San Francisco	Jan. 25
Wilhelmina, for San Francisco	Jan. 31

Sailings from Manila

Protesilaus, for Tacoma	Jan. 19

Sailings from Sydney

Marama, for Vancouver	Jan. 15

Sailings from Papeete

Mariposa, for San Francisco	Jan. 13

SHIPPING NEWS

The steamer Carpathia of the Cunard line, Captain Miller, will sail from this port this afternoon at 3 o'clock for Queenstown and Liverpool, with six saloon passengers, 25 second cabin and 100 steerage. The Carpathia was sent here from New York to take the place of the Saxonia, which has been transferred to the New York-Liverpool service. The vessel loaded 48,000 bushels of wheat and 150 tons of copper at New York and will take out 77,000 bushels of corn, 50,000 bushels of wheat, 600 tons of provisions, 4500 bales of cotton, 200 tons of lumber, 200 tons of hay, 6000 barrels of apples, three refrigerators of frozen goods and a quantity of miscellaneous freight from Boston. The saloon passengers sailing on the steamer will be Miss Florence Belcher, G. M. Graves, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ryan of Boston, Walter Caldecott of Montreal and Donald Runciman of London.

Wireless messages received here from the Leyland liner Devonian, now speeding toward this port from Liverpool, gave her position at 10:30 a. m. yesterday morning as 950 miles east of Boston lightship. If the vessel encounters no unfavorable weather conditions at sea, she will probably reach this port Sunday afternoon.

The Plant line steamer A. W. Perry, from Halifax, arrived here shortly before 11 o'clock last night with several passengers from Halifax. The steamer was due at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, but was delayed by the high winds which were encountered nearly the entire distance.

During the week ending Thursday night a total of 70 fishing vessels reached T wharf, bringing in 1,391,300 pounds of groundfish, according to statistics issued today. For the corresponding week last year 73 boats came in with 1,259,600 pounds.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Str A W Perry (Br), Hawes, Halifax, N S.

Str Grecian, Briggs, Philadelphia.

Str Belfast, Curtis, Bangor, Me.

Str City of Gloucester, Linneken, Gloucester, Mass.

Str Governor Dingley, Strout, Portland, Me.

Str City of Memphis, Hammond, Savannah.

U. S. S. Solace, Gates, Hampton Roads.

Sailed

Str Coastwise, Baltimore; Carparthia (Br), Liverpool; Boston (Br), Yarmouth, N S; Baltimore via Newport News; N S; Kershaw, Baltimore via Newport News; H F Dimock, New York.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

Strs El Valle, Galveston; City of St Louis, Savannah; Huron, Jacksonville and Charleston, S C; Northtown, Port Arthur; St Laurent, Bordeaux and Corunna.

COASTWISE TRAFFIC

ABERDEEN, Wash., Dec. 28—Sailed, bark Newsboy, Santa Rosalia.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 28 — Sailed, strs Hilton, Port Tampa; sch Bertha L. Downs, Mayport; strs Meridian, Havana via Newport News; Jos di Giorgio, Port Antonio.

BRUNSWICK, Dec. 28—Arrd str Sabine, New York for Galveston; sailed, str Vitalia, Halifax, N S.

CAPE HENRY, Dec. 28—Sailed, strs Waltham, Savannah via Norfolk for Bremen; Ilderton, Fernandina for Hamburg; Antonina, Tampico for Antwerp and Hamburg; Cecil, Norfolk for Port Castries; schs Francis Hyde, Newport News for Charleston, S C; Grace A Martin, Norfolk for Boston; tug Waltham, towg three bgs.

CHARLESTON, S C, Dec 28—Arrd strs Arapahoe, Jacksonville; Mohawk, New York. Sailed, strs Anglo-Australian, Savannah; Beatrice, Port Antonio; Rio Grande, New York; Evelyn, Philadelphia.

FALL RIVER, Dec 28—Sailed, schrs Maria, New York; William P Hood, Philadelphia.

FERNANDINA, Dec 28—Arrd, schr Susie H Davidson, Savannah.

GALVESTON, Dec 28—Sailed, strs El Norte, New York; Domingo de Larringa, Ghent.

GEORGETOWN, S C, Dec 28—Arrd, strs Indian, Philadelphia; Onondaga, Boston and Charleston, S C; Augustus, Savannah.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec 28—Arrd strs Tinhow, Ceiba; Corinto, Bluefields; Senator, El Monte, New York; Ligonier, Port Arthur, towg bg Conneaut; Manteo, Florida ports; Chalmette, Havana; Cartago, Colon via Port Limon and Port Barrios; Navigator, San Domingo.

Sld, strs Eriphia, Fernandina; Comanche, New York.

KEY WEST, Dec 28—Arrd str Miami, Havana.

NEW BEDFORD, Dec 27—Arrd sch William P Boggs, Nantucket.

Sld, strs Crown of Leon, Havre; Etonian, Bremen; El Alba, New York; Ellis, Porto Cortez via Belize and Port Barrios; bark Bellas, Oporto.

NEWPORT NEWS—Arrd strs Ardandearg, Pensacola; sch Henry Withington, Baltimore. Sailed strs Strathdon, Bremen; Nentmoor, Havre; Yucatan, Liverpool; Puritan, Bremen; sch Baker Palmer, Boston.

NORFOLK—Arrd strs Dart, New Orleans; Chr. Knudsen, Cuba; Aras, Sabine. Sailed tug Margaret, towg two bgs for New York; Providence, towg bg Idaho; sch Grace A Martin, Boston.

PERTH AMBOY—Arrd str Grenada, New York.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrd str Algiers, Port Tampa. Sailed str Transport, Cristobal.

PORT INGLIS—Arrd str Monviso, New York.

SAN FRANCISCO——Arrd str Shivo Maru, Hong Kong. Sailed str Mariposa, Tahiti.

OPPOSE NARROW LEXINGTON STREET

LEXINGTON, Mass.—There is much opposition here to the narrowing of Massachusetts avenue in front of the town hall.

A petition has been sent to the county commissioners for a hearing to change the lines of Massachusetts avenue from the junction of Woburn street, northwesterly, to its junction with Bedford street at the Common or Battle green, particularly on the northeasterly side thereof.

The commissioners will be here on Jan. 26 to view the premises and will give a hearing at that time.

PEABODY LIGHT PRICES REDUCED

SALEM, Mass.—The advocates of municipal lighting have another argument in the action of the Peabody municipal light board last evening in reducing the charge for lighting another 5 per cent this year.

Heretofore the rate has been 13 cents a kilowatt hour, with 5 per cent off for prompt payment. Hereafter the rate will be 13 cents, with 10 per cent off, making the net price for light 11.7 cents a kilowatt hour.

In Danvers, which also operates a municipal plant, the rate is 11 cents, with a 10 per cent discount.

JOY LINE STEAMER ASHORE

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The Joy line steamer, Georgia, went ashore on the mud flats in Upper Narragansett bay, off the Rhode Island Yacht Club pier, about 6 o'clock this morning. Up to 10 o'clock no passengers had been taken off. The captain is waiting an incoming tide to float the ship.

WOMEN FOR MAYOR'S CABINET

SANTA MONICA, Cal.—Mayor-elect R. W. Dow has announced his intention of appointing seven women on his cabinet or advisory board which is composed of 21 members.

Houghton & Dutton Co.

It pays to pay cash

NEW ENGLAND'S GREAT CASH HOUSE

Dress Goods

Regardless of the inducements you see offered, we believe our low cash prices will furnish the opportunity to get more for your money here than in any other Dress Goods Department in New England. We invite inspection and comparisons before purchasing.

Gray Mannish Suitings, camels' hair weaves, serges and other up-to-date Fall and Winter fabrics. Marked extra low in price for our Clearance Sale, only 59c

Double Faced Coating, the real American goods that we and others have asked you $2.98 a yard for; in all colors. For Clearance Sale, only 1.48

Black Kerseys and the semi-rough fabrics, desirable for coat, suit and skirt. Some have sold up to $1.50 a yard. Exceptional value for Clearance Sale only 78c

Coatings, the double-faced fabrics that have been so much in demand, and the genuine foreign makes that have retailed at $4.98. These goods, fully 54 in. wide, are offered you this week at only 1.68

Suitings that are from 54 to 14 inches in width, and which have been excellent sellers at 69c to $1.25; in a range of good colorings. Clearance Sale price 48c

Broadcloths, Scotch Mixtures, Plaids, and other very desirable Winter fabrics, that are actually worth from $1.00 to $1.50 a yard, are offered at our Clearance Sale for 69c

Plaids, All Wool Serges, and other fancy and plain suitings in a range of fabrics that make the color line complete; values from 48 to 59c, in the season's best. For Clearance Sale at. 35c

Basket Weave Suitings and also some Checks, exceptional values in goods for children's wear. Worth from 25c to 39c, all to go at the Clearance Sale for 19c

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Negligee Shirts—Men's Fancy Negligee Shirts, with attached hand-laundered cuffs; a splendid assortment of patterns. Staple $1.00 value. Special at, each 69c

Night Shirts—Men's Fancy Trimmed Cotton Night Shirts, cut full sizes and well made, with attached collars, 50c quality, at, each 39c

Night Shirts Extra Heavy Fancy Domet Flannel Night Shirts, cut very large and well made. 85c value 69c

Sweaters, heavy worsted mixed Sweater Coats, with pockets, in dark crimson. $3.00 value 2.35

Half Hose, medium weight, silk Isle Half Hose, with three-thread heels and toes; colors—black, navy, tan and gray; 25c value (as ads). At, per pair 15c

Sweaters, heavy wool mixed Sweater Coats, oxford gray with navy, crimson and brown borders; $1.00 value. At, each 76c

Underwear, heavy two-ply, fleece lined Shirts and Drawers, Jaeger color. Special at 49c per garment 49c

Underwear, lambsdown, Extra heavy, fleece lined Shirts and Drawers. 85c value, subject to imperfections. At 59c per garment

SILK DEPARTMENT

This Silk Department is offering so many exceptional inducements at all times, at our special low cash prices, that an extra cut here means a great deal to the purchaser. Such prices should fill this department to its limit, and we believe they will.

Foulard Silks, that are going to be the leading silks for spring, are offered for Clearance Sale in 42 and 36-inch widths. Worth $1.25 and $1.50, up to date, at 98c

Fancy Lining Silks and Satins, fully 36 inches wide, odd pieces that will make the coat look new; serviceable and strong; worth up to 75c a yard. All at our Clearance Sale for 35c

BLACK PEAU DE SOIE, MESSALINES, SATIN DUCHESS AND TAFFETA, the four great fabrics for service. Regular $1.25 values, marked at 88c

Black Silk Taffeta, the best silk that has been shown for some time for less than 85c a yard. Fully 35 inches wide and a very desirable and lustrous silk. Special at 69c

Final Clearance Sale of all our cloth and silk fabrics, from 24 to 27 inches wide. Some worth up to 25c. All to go at our Clearance Sale for only 12½c

Plain Taffeta Silk, all the colors that will make waists, dresses or petticoats, also the favorite fabric for trimming. Our regular 59c silk at Clearance Sale for 38c

Messalines, hardly a shade missing from these 69c to 89c fabrics; they are from 19 to 26 in. wide, also a few 36 in. in odd colors that are correct for dresses. Limited quantity of these for Clearance Sale at 56c

PHILOSOPHICAL ASSOCIATION HAS CLOSING MEETING

At the closing session of the eleventh annual meeting of the American Philosophical Association in Emerson hall at Harvard today four lecturers were heard on a wide range of subjects. Particularly interesting was the address of Dr. Karl Schmidt, whose subject was "The Nature and Function of Definition in a Deductive System." Mrs. Christine Ladd Franklin talked on "Logic." Other speakers were Prof. W. H. Sheldon and Dr. M. R. Cohen. Each spoke 10 minutes with the privilege of subsequent reply.

Throughout the sessions, which began Wednesday, there have been large attendances of Harvard and Radcliffe students.

After discussions yesterday the following officers were elected: President, Prof. Frank Thilly, Cornell; vice-president, Prof. Norman Kemp-Smith, Princeton; secretary-treasurer, Prof. E. G. Spaulding, Princeton. Members added to executive committee, Prof. W. P. Pitkin, Columbia, and Prof. E. A. Singer, University of Pennsylvania.

F. J. E. Woodbridge of Columbia, the retiring president, delivered an address in Emerson hall Thursday evening, following which the members held a social at the Colonial Club.

LIFTING JACKS ORDERED CARRIED ON STREET CARS

To require at least 50 per cent of all street railway cars operating in this state to be equipped with lifting jacks by July 1, next, the board of railway commissioners on Thursday issued an order.

It is ordered that at least 50 per cent of all box cars and 50 per cent of all open cars operated by each street railway company for the transportation of passengers in Massachusetts shall be equipped with a lifting jack of at least 15 tons capacity, and the assignment of such cars shall be so made that each line shall have as nearly as practicable a proper distribution thereof.

The board recommends that the trucks of all double-truck street railway cars operated in this state be so attached that both car body and truck may be raised at the same time without necessitating the use of chains.

MR. TAFT TO GO TO PEACE DINNER

WASHINGTON—President Taft will leave here at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning to attend the peace dinner in New York. He will stop at Philadelphia to participate in the anniversary celebration of a department store and will reach New York about 6 o'clock.

After making a speech at the peace dinner, Mr. Taft will go to Brooklyn to look in at the dinner of the University Club. He will return here on Sunday.

NEW YORK—The executive committee arranging for Saturday night's peace dinner completed today all of the arrangements by electing Henry Clews to be chairman of the reception committee in place of Mayor Gaynor, who refuses to serve

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR PAY TRIBUTES TO EVERETT C. BENTON

At the dinner last night of the Massachusetts and Rhode Island Association of Knights Templar commanders in Youngs hotel, Isaac Chase, vice-president, took the chair while a committee comprising Lafayette G. Blair, James M. Gleason, John P. Sanborn, E. Bentley Young, Charles I. Litchfield and J. Albert Blake escorted Everett C. Benton, president, to the hall, with the orchestra playing "Hail to the Chief."

He was greeted in the name of the association by the vice-president and thanked the company for its expression of esteem and good will in recognition of his election as grand master in this state.

Grand Commander Blair directed Mr Benton's attention to a counterpart of the banner of St. Bernard commandery that appeared behind the table, and presented it to him with the best wishes of the association.

AT RAILROAD TERMINALS

H. J. Horn, vice-president; Benjamin R. Pollock, general superintendent; C. N. Woodward, superintendent shore line division; A. W. Honywill, superintendent; J. Wickham and John Considine, train masters Hartford division; Andrew Ross, superintendent Old Colony division and James A. Droege, superintendent Providence division. New Haven road; A. R. Whaley, general superintendent electric zone New York Central railway, Grand Central station, New York city; George T. Taylor, retired New Haven superintendent of Hyannis; William Merritt, retired Boston & Maine railway superintendent, are in the city to attend the farewell dinner to be given Albert W. Martin at South station dining room tonight.

For the accommodation of the Bigelow party en route to New York city via Springfield today, the Boston & Albany road provided private parlor car service from South station at 12 o'clock noon.

Arthur E. Wilson, general foreman of painters, eastern district New Haven road, has a large force of men with sand blast cars going over the South Boston drawbridge and coal chute apparatus.

The new East Somerville locomotive repair shops of the Boston & Maine road are running full force on extra time to take care of engine repairs which must be attended to promptly.

Hugh Steele, track supervisor of the Boston Terminal Company, is installing manganese steel frogs and rails on the third district section of South station passenger yard.

The American Express Company received at South station over the New York Central Lines yesterday a large shipment of size Columbia river salmon, loaded in Puget sound steel frame refrigerator cars, consigned to the Boston market.

THREE SHARE RICE MILLIONS

The $2,600,000 estate of Nehemiah W. Rice, whose will was allowed Thursday by Judge Grant, is left to his widow and children, Annie T. Rice and Charles G. Rice, who were appointed executors. They furnished a bond for $3,450,000. Mr. Rice was a retired merchant and resided at 341 Commonwealth avenue.

PACKERS STILL SEEK TO EXCLUDE EVIDENCE ABOUT BY-PRODUCTS

(Continued from page one)

Kenwood company was engaged solely in the oleo oil trade.

John S. Miller, who followed him, said that if the Kenwood company is permitted to figure in the trial the packers might also be held for holding conferences regarding the wages they were to pay their employees under the conspiracy charge.

That the question is of utmost importance in the trial is admitted. If the court upholds the government's contentions, inquiry may be made into every activity of the packers in collateral industries, such as refrigerator transportation, oleomargarine monopolies and the sale of all the numerous by-products from the packing industry. In all of these it is alleged the defendants combined to fix prices and limit supply.

The government contends that the Kenwood Company, which was organized by the packers in 1900 and continued in business until 1905, was one of the alleged pools used to market the packers' by-products. It is alleged that the Kenwood Company dealt in oleo, and the Aetna Trading Company, in the same period, dealt in casings.

The government expects to show that the Kenwood Company's profits were $4,000,000 in one year, notwithstanding it was incorporated with a capital stock of only $14,000. The profits of the Aetna Trading Company also are alleged by counsel for the government to have been proportionately large.

called next week.

HARVARD PROFESSOR IS A SPEAKER BEFORE HISTORY CONVENTION

BUFFALO, N. Y.—International relations was the subject at the session of American Historical Association meeting today. The speakers were J. A. James of Northwestern University, C. O. Paulin of George Washington University, Inizio Niotobe, first imperial college of Japan, and Archibald Cary Coolidge of Harvard University.

...n for efficient state government ...ssed by the members of the Political Science Association who met at the Hotel Statler. Herbert Croly of Cornish, N. H., spoke on "State Political Organization" and W. A. Schafer of the University of Minnesota, W. S. U'Ren of Salem, Ore., and Chester H. Rowell of Fresno, Cal., led in the discussion which followed.

EDUCATORS ADVOCATE CHANGES IN METHODS OF TEACHING CHILDREN

PHILADELPHIA — That the high schools of the country are educating only 10 per cent of their pupils and neglecting the balance is the accepted view of the delegates attending the Pennsylvania State Educational Association conference here, following a two days' discussion of the subject.

Their views are best summed up by E. A. Wagner of Mauch Chunk, who declared today that as a result of the exchange of confidences and opinions it has been shown that American teaching methods must be radically changed. The teachers are almost a unit in believing, he said, that the high schools today, instead of producing well-educated children, ready to take their place in the forefront of life, are engendering class distinctions that are dangerous to the democracy of the country, and are absolutely unfitting children for their life work.

The conference will elect officers this afternoon and finally adjourn. The feature of today's session, outside of the discussion of how to reform high school methods was the address by Dr. Calvin N. Kendall, commissioner of education of New Jersey, who discussed factors for determining school efficiency. He proposed that the general standard of examinations be raised and that teachers everywhere should work for better cooperation between schools and to keep out of teaching positions men and women not temperamentally qualified for educational work.

The delegates are still discussing today the proposition by Samuel Hamilton, superintendent of schools of Alleghany county, that, in order to do away with truancy, children be paid three cents a day for attending school.

"Imagine a school district," with an enrolment of 500 pupils, whose schools are opened 200 days in the year. That would be equivalent to the attendance of one child for 100,000 days. A state appropriation to that district of $3000 would pay each child three cents a day, 60 cents a month, or $6 a year, and would save the expense of attendance officers salaries."

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

FROCK OF TWO MATERIALS

Plain henrietta combined with wool plaid

THE frock that is made of two materials, one plain and the other fancy, is exceedingly fashionable and this model is among the best. As will be seen at a glance, it is adapted not alone to new material, but to remaking, consequently is especially desirable. In the illustration plain henrietta cloth is combined with wool plaid. For midwinter velvet and velveteen are having great vogue and in place of the plaid could be used one of these materials with the remaining portions of the dress of wool, either plain or plaid, while already beautiful washable materials are shown and two of these can be combined attractively. In place of the plaid could be used a striped material, or white with color would be pretty. If a more dressy frock is wanted the neck can be cut round and the sleeves made shorter.

The center portion of the blouse is cut in one piece with the upper parts of the sleeves and the fronts and backs are lapped on to it. The foundation of the skirt consists of a front gore and circular portions, and the upper, or tunic portion, is straight, finished at its edges and lapped on to the foundation.

For the 12-year size will be required 2¾ yards of plain material 27, 2 yards 36, 1½ yards 44 inches wide with 2¼ yards of plaid material 27 or 36, 1⅝ yards 44 inches wide.

A pattern, No. 7243, cut in sizes from 10 to 14 years of age, can be bought at any May Manton agency or will be sent by mail. Address 132 East Twenty-third street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

ORANGE SOUFFLE

Florida oranges with custard ("souffle") are prepared as follows: Peel, halve, core and slice six oranges, placing a layer in the bottom of a glass dish. Over this sprinkle sugar thickly, then repeat the process until all the orange has been used, then let stand for two hours. Make a soft, boiled custard of the yolks of three eggs beaten into a pint of boiling milk and stirred gently until the mixture thickens, not, however, allowing it to boil after adding the eggs. Sugar this to taste and let stand till partially cool, when it should be poured over the fruit. Beat the whites to a stiff froth; add a half cup of sugar and pinch of salt and pile daintily on top.—Fruit Recipes.

CHINCHILLA COAT

From Paris came an extremely elaborate coat of chinchilla, says the Philadelphia North American. The lines were straight and graceful with the fur-formed bands running around the coat. Sleeves of the kimono type were used. The lining was of brocaded satin of a vivid sapphire blue. Huge flat buttons of the fur and loops of heavy gray silk cord fastened the coat. A huge pillow muff lined with the plaited brocade was made to correspond with the coat.

GREASE TAKEN OUT

Grease on a wall, says an exchange, can generally be eradicated by covering with clean blotting paper, and then passing a warm iron over it.

TRIED RECIPES

OEUFS AUX TOMATOES

IN plain English this means eggs and tomatoes but so they call the little dish when it is served in individual manner in many a little Paris restaurant where girl students go. Get a plat big enough to hold two eggs without messing, and first stew in it one large full ripe tomato; season with salt, a pinch of paprika or cayenne, a fine shaving of garlic and a few grains of sugar; add a little butter or two teaspoonfuls of olive oil. When the tomatoes are cooked to the dainty taste break over them one or two eggs, dust faintly with salt and set the dish in the oven for the eggs to poach. The delicious mixture is sopped with bread from the pan—on the other side—or served on buttered toast.

POMME PAILLE

Straw potatoes is the Anglicized name for this delectable way of serving the plain Irish potato. The straws must be eaten very hot, and they go well with broiled bit of steak or a sauteed chop—that is, a chop sizzled in a little butter in a pan on top of the stove.

Fill the plat an inch or more deep with pure olive oil or cottonseed oil. Let the grease get to the boiling point and then drop in a handful of the potato straws, cut with a machine or prepared with a sharp knife. The potato must be fairly in splinters, for as soon as they are nicely browned the straws are taken out. Lift them carefully with a perforated pancake turner and drop them on a square of white letter paper laid over a hot plate. Sprinkle lightly with salt and pile them beside the steak or chop.

FILET AUX CHAMPIGNONS

Tenderloin and mushrooms is the plain name in this country, but this way of doing the cookery is purely French.

Peel six mushrooms and take out the stems. Then drop them for five minutes in cold salted water; take them out, dry on a fresh cloth and put them in the plat with a teaspoonful of butter. Cover the plat with a saucer or breakfast plate, set it over the blaze and saute the mushrooms for 15 minutes without uncovering. Then empty them in a hot little vessel, cover that and keep warm until the steak is cooked.

Take the bit of tenderloin inside the T-bone steak ordered for dinner and that is big enough for twice. It is just the bit required. Scrape it with a knife, rub it over with the cut side of a lemon, and put on a faint dust of salt and pepper. Then place the plat with all the mushroom taste and a little of the sauce over the fire, and when piping hot put in the steak. It should brown a little on either side, but still be pink inside. When cooked pour the mushrooms back into the pan, add a pinch more of butter if the sauce has dried out, cover the plat, set it in the oven for three minutes, and serve at once. As mushrooms draw their own juices, only enough butter to start them cooking must be used when they are first prepared.—Portland Oregonian.

BREADED LIVER

Cut the liver in thin slices and cover with boiling water. After 10 minutes drain. Fry sliced bacon till crisp. Take out the bacon. Season the fat with black pepper and a dash of cayenne. Dip the liver into the fat, then into fine bread crumbs. Fry in the bacon fat. To the bacon fat that is left in the pan add a tablespoonful of vinegar and two tablespoonfuls of tomato catsup. Pour over the liver and serve garnished with parsley.—Newark News.

WOMEN EARNEST IN ART WORK

Their marked success in royal academy schools

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The prize-giving evening at the royal academy schools was remarkable by reason of the president's speech and by the fact that the gold medal and the preponderance of other prizes were carried off by women. The subject given for the gold medal competition was "The City of Refuge," and the successful student was Miss Margaret Lindsay Williams. This lady also succeeded in securing the silver medal for the best "design for the decoration of a portion of a public building."

Sir Edward Poynter made an interesting speech, in which he said that nothing could be more foolish and preposterous than the idea that the study and practise of art would stifle originality, or that the more helpless and crude the efforts of an artist, the better he is equipped for displaying his natural genius. This, though not so badly expressed, is the theory which is at the bottom of much that is written today about art. Referring to the post impressionists, he said that that school is as much repudiated among the saner spirits in France as it is by those in this country.

His speech was throughout a denunciation of slovenly work. "It is so easy," he remarked, "to neglect the study of accuracy and to be indefinite, to have no method, to try for qualities which make no demand on industry." He regretted that this year all the principal prizes in the painting school, except the painting from the nude model, including the gold medal, have gone to the women. The reason for this he said was obvious, "the female students are in earnest and work hard, the men are slack." The men are more influenced by the "spirit of the times," and listen to that "deadly irresponsible chatter about genius being independent of study."

VALUE OF BEING WELL DRESSED

Counts for much whether a girl works her way or not

IT IS difficult to estimate how much dress adds to or takes from us. It is the index to our natures—our recommendation, so to speak, to the world, says a contributor to the Chicago Inter Ocean.

"Well-dressed" has a definition which to many is not familiar. It does not appear at length in Webster's, but is defined to a nicety by many women on restricted expenditures. You may find it explained by some dainty girl of your acquaintance, perhaps, with whom you always associate immaculate linen, well-brushed shoes and gloves without gaping seams or minus finger tips. The woman from whom you never get a general impression of dressiness, but who passes out of your sight leaving every careful detail impressed upon you. She is well dressed.

She never looks dowdy about the head, nor does she go in for all sorts of extreme hair fixings. Her hair, whether scant or luxurious, is arranged to its own best advantage, aided deftly by artifice, mayhap, but never conspicuously "ready-made."

And this pictured girl of mine never flashes cheap jewelry, nor does she bedeck herself with the more expensive varieties. She is just sweet, neat and dainty with that fine discernment which makes her stand out from the mass.

She is a wise girl, indeed, who fully appreciates the importance of her appearance—who reckons with the little defects rather than over-estimates the worth of her box of dress adornments. A pair of run-down heels takes more from a girl's gracefulness than can be counterbalanced by bows and buckles and ribbons innumerable.

So you see, to dress well does not imply that one must dress handsomely and court every new style. To the discriminating it means to dress neatly, becomingly and appropriately for the occasion.

A girl who knows the secrets of dressing well is a joy to behold. When her purse permits, she indulges in all kinds of pretty and refined conceits in dress. And who could possibly find fault with so natural an inclination? It's the care she takes not to be over-dressed—to put quality before the glitter of cheap style, and to wear her clothes as though they were meant for her—that makes the well-dressed girl so charming.

Then, too, the well-dressed girl inspires something more than admiration—she incites confidence and commands respect. Wherever she goes she radiates the satisfaction she feels in being above criticism. In business she gives the impression of being capable. A man naturally thinks that a girl so judicious in managing her own affairs would, doubtless, exercise good judgment in the care of his business. Also he feels that she is a fitting representative of his house—a person who will attract and not repel his patrons, or business associates, as the case may be.

THRIFT IN HOME MANAGEMENT

Counsel that will bear repetition

THE cost of living need not be formidable if one meet the giant expense with the sword of thrifty management. For instance, a chuck roast or good piece of rump browned thoroughly in smoking hot beef fat, then boiled hard in a little water for five minutes, covered closely and allowed to simmer on top of stove till tender, by which time the water should all have evaporated and nothing be left but the stock for a delicious gravy, is as good as any prime rib roast.

A thick round steak (and thick it must be to be tender), pounded flat so as not to curl, floured and fried quickly in smoking hot beef fat, is as acceptable as a sirloin.

Hamburg steak, seasoned and pressed into one flat sheet, then carefully broiled, is a welcome change from the little meat cakes and much more delectable.

Leftover scraps of cooked meats, ground or finely chopped, may be scalloped with cracker crumbs, seasoned with sweet beef dripping instead of butter, moistened with milk and baked in a pudding dish.

Scraps, if a scanty supply for a meal, may be almost indefinitely "stretched" by chopping coarsely, stewing till tender, adding beef dripping for richness and making nice gravy. Serve in pattie shells made of biscuit dough rolled thin and baked beforehand in gem pans.

Or a very nice meat-pie can be made by baking the crust separately—the top on a pie-plate by itself—filling at serving time with the hot meat and gravy, putting on top crust and sending at once to table.

Pressed beef, fit for the most particular company tea, can be made of the despised "shin meat," boiled very tender with a big knuckle of bone. Take out the bone after long slow cooking, let the meat cool, chop fine, season to taste, return to jelly which has formed in pot, reheat and pack tightly in wet mold. When cold turn out and slice.

The best soup is made from bare knuckle bones. Cover with cold water and cook slowly all day. Take out bones, let liquor stand in cool place over night, in the morning skim off every particle of fat and make any delicious soup you desire.

In ordering pork chops, have your butcher cut seven even chops to the pound, cut from the loin. This saves much waste if systematically done, and the loin has less fat and bone than the rib and is equally good.

Veal pie or stew is as good from the carefully cooked shank as from the higher priced portions; while so-called "stewing lamb" is cheap and just as good as that which costs more.

Save all beef fat, try out and use for frying potatoes, making gravy and supplying richness for lean meats. It is better and much less expensive than lard.

There is a time almost every season when apples are plenty and cheap. These may be pared, quartered and cooked tender, then sealed hot in air-tight cans. Add no sugar. These will keep for years and can be used as needed for deserts of all kinds.

In paring apples for canning as above, save carefully washed skins and cores, just cover with cold water, boil thoroughly, strain and seal the juice hot. Jelly can be made of this at leisure by adding the sugar and cooking as usual.—Christian Work and Evangelist.

FIRST EMPIRE DAYS RECALLED

Elaborate costumes seen recently in Paris

A DIPLOMATIC reception at the Elysee palace by the President was an extremely regal affair, says the Paris fashion correspondent of the New York Press. The stunning toilettes worn by the ladies greatly enhanced the brilliant scene. The high-waisted dresses recalled the days of the first empire. Extremely bright colors were in evidence; the rainbow hued evening gowns were masterpieces of the designer's art.

A lovely gown of coral mousseline de soie was trimmed with jet fringe.

Simple and elegant was a frock of white tulle over white satin. The draping of tulle was elaborately embroidered with pearl and crystal beads.

One gown particularly pleased the fancy, reminding one of the sunset tints of the sky. The foundation was a peculiar shade of dull cerise charmeuse. This was veiled with gray mousseline de soie. A beautiful dull gold lace was used to trim the tunic and sleeves. A band of chinchilla bordered the hem and sleeves.

A gown worn by a member of the Austrian nobility was an exquisite combination of silver gauze, sea green charmeuse, sequins and brilliants. The foundation was of the sea green charmeuse. This was slit up 10 inches at the right front, disclosing a section of sequin spangles. The bodice was a short-waisted surplice of silver gauze. A breadth of the silver lace formed a panel down the front and back. A glittering band of brilliants bordered these panels. Festoons of crystal beads held the panels together over the hips. A belt of sequins and brilliants formed the empire waist line.

A band of sequins and a towering plume of sea green adorned the coiffure.

At a tea recently given at one of the mansions which dot the Faubourg St. Germain many stunning afternoon gowns were noticed. A model by Drecoll was of taupe-colored velvet. The dull sobriety of coloring was relieved by touches of old-blue woolen embroidery.

A smart gown worn by a prominent American was of rich dark-brown velvet. Ruby-red silk was used to embroider it. Bands of skunk edged the sleeves and skirt.

Charming was a costume of old-blue velour de laine. A collarette of black tulle relieved the severe plainness of the bodice.

An attractive gown of black velvet had a girdle of bright ruby red. This was finished at the back with a small flat bow.

Wraps for evening wear grow more fascinating as the season advances. Rich brocades shot with gold and silver threads are the favored materials.

A model displayed by Bechoff-David was of oyster-white brocade interwoven with gold. Wide bands of ermine bordered the hem and sleeves. A shawl-like collar of the same fur fell gracefully over the shoulders.

Another handsome coat was of old-gold-colored mirror velvet. The lining was of china-blue brocade. Skunk fur formed the collar and cuffs. A large cabochon of china blue embroidered with gold fastened the coat to the left front.

Very stylish are the new fur jackets. They are cut like a bolero in front, while the back is pointed, reaching well below the waist line.

There is real economy in buying oranges and grapefruit by the box—they cost less.

When you buy by the box, you get fruit that hasn't been handled by bare hands.

Florida Oranges and Grapefruit Are the Best Produced in the World

Florida oranges and grapefruit are the offspring of a marriage of soil and climate and sea-tempered winds. Buoyancy and goodness abound, flavor pleases, and the juice flows freely wherever a ripened sphere of Florida Citrus Fruit is broken. Other states, where orange and grapefruit culture is a matter of artificial propagation, may produce fairly good fruits. But nowhere else than in Florida is there such perfect blending of their real delights. It takes a year to make an orange or a grapefruit, and it must have twelve full months of orange weather—the kind that prevails in the fruit-belt of Florida. That's why other oranges and grapefruit always lack something—they do not have the rich juiciness, the spicy flavor, the satisfaction-giving tonic. Other citrus fruits lack the light and life and love that is builded into Florida oranges and grapefruits.

The Best Florida Oranges and Grapefruit Are Shipped by the Florida Citrus Exchange

The Florida Citrus Exchange is a cooperative organization, chartered under the laws of the state, and formed for the protection of the consumer. The Exchange sees to it that no immature, inferior fruit is shipped, and every package bearing its brand—in big red letters on the side of the box—is thoroughly inspected before it is packed.

The fruit grown in Florida does not have to cross a continent to get to you. It is fresher, of course, than fruit shipped from remote sections. It can remain upon the trees longer—until it is fully matured—and never has to be picked green in order to reach the market before it begins to decay. The Florida Citrus Exchange insists upon the fruit shipped by it reaching the consumer in the shortest possible time. It looks after this fruit from the time the blossoms come until the ripe oranges and grapefruit reach the home of the consumer—nowhere in the process of handling are they touched by unprotected hands.

Every box contains booklet telling how to serve citrus fruits, and merchandise coupon. Booklet without the coupon, to any address, for four cents in stamps—Address FLORIDA CITRUS EXCHANGE, Tampa, Florida.

Insist that your dealer supply you oranges and grapefruit in boxes bearing the red mark of the Florida Citrus Exchange—your protection against unripe, immature and inferior fruit. This is the mark to demand—

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Mahogany Finish at $12.98

A RECOMMENDATION—Woodwork white, walls delicate blue, rugs darker blue, white iron bed with a little brass, pictures with narrow gold frames, cretonne curtains Dutch style, and then this Mahogany Finish Dresser at $12.98. A dainty, inexpensive, pleasant room.

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EVERY ONE OF THEM SPECIALLY CONSIDERED IN PLANNING THE

MONITOR SATURDAY

STREET SUITS

Some of the smartest of street suits are made of nearly equal parts of rough and smooth cloths, or equally good results are obtained by using cloth a[t] vet for such models, though cloths are a bit newer.—New Y[ork]

HAGUE PROPER PLACE FOR RUSSIAN TREATY SAYS MR. ROOSEVELT

(Continued from page one)

matter it would have been well first to endeavor to secure a decision by the Hague court on the interpretation of the existing treaty. I am confident that such a decision would, of necessity, have been in our favor and, if so, it would have enabled Russia to have retired from an untenable position with good grace and no loss of self-respect—an object that should always be held in view in dealing with any foreign nation with which at any time we have difficulties; while if the decision as to the interpretation of the clause in question had been adverse to us, we would then at once have abrogated the treaty and have been clearly right in so doing.

"This was the position held by that distinguished diplomat, Mr. Oscar Straus. But no movement has been made by either nation looking toward any other method of settling the matter than the one actually adopted. Congress was confronted by the simple fact that unless the treaty was abrogated conditions would remain as they now are, and under the circumstances Congress acted wisely and properly in declaring for abrogation.

"But this action was taken while the universal arbitration treaties are pending in the Senate. These treaties are avowedly championed as being of the kind we are to enter into with all nations, including Russia as well as England and France. These treaties, if ratified by the Senate unamended, will explicitly pledge the honor and good faith of the American nation to arbitrate precisely such questions as that which at this very moment we announce that we will not endeavor to arbitrate in the case of Russia.

"Under these circumstances, to ratify the general arbitration treaties would put the American people in an attitude of peculiarly contemptible hypocrisy and would rightly expose us to the derision of all thinking mankind; for we would put ourselves in the position of making sweeping and insincere promises, impossible of performance, at the very time when, by our actions, we showed that we would certainly not keep such promises, nor translate them into action.

"I believe that we can normally arbitrate the question of the interpretation of a treaty, even if only as the preliminary to adopting the very serious action of denouncing such treaty. But I do not believe that we can arbitrate, with the intention of abiding by the arbitration, such question as treating all our citizens alike, without regard to their creed, in the matter of passports, or such questions as the Monroe doctrine, the admission of Asiatic immigration in mass, or the refusal of the states to pay bonds, or many other similar matters.

"In short, I do not believe that we can afford to arbitrate questions of vital interest and national honor or questions of settled American governmental policy. Moreover, the attitude we are now taking as regards the abrogation of the Russian treaty shows beyond possibility of doubt that if we were so foolish or so timid as to agree, as an abstract matter, by general arbitration treaties, to arbitrate such matters we should immediately repudiate the agreement whenever a concrete case arose in which any considerable number of our citizens took an active interest.

"Under such circumstances to proceed with the ratification of the general arbitration treaties, unamended, would be not merely a farce, but a farce played at the expense of our reputation for national good faith and sincerity.

"I believe most earnestly in peace and in taking any step for arbitration which will genuinely tell in favor of peace, and I oppose these treaties because, if unamended, they would tell against peace and put us as a nation in an attitude of unctuous and odious hypocrisy. Both the Lodge and the Root amendments should be adopted.

"It cannot be too often repeated that these general arbitration treaties are nothing whatever but general promises. These treaties are drawn in such sweeping terms, especially in the use of the word 'justiciable' that they might, in any concrete case, be held to mean anything or nothing and to encourage the kind of double dealing and bad faith that is now being shown.

"I believe that we were right in abrogating the Russian treaty, just because I also believe that the general arbitration treaties are not worth the paper they are written on. It is arrant hypocrisy for this nation to support the unamended arbitration treaties at the same time that we abrogate the Russian treaty, and to do so is to put this nation in a thoroughly false and discreditable attitude.

"Hypocrisy is as revolting in a nation as in a man, and in the long run I do not believe that it pays either man or nation."

FOUR HUNDRED AT FESTIVAL

The Society of Norumbega and the Norse Forening entertained their children Thursday evening with a holiday festival in Corinthian hall, South End. Presents were distributed to about 400 children.

FIRE ON BEACON STREET

There was a slight fire early today in the home of William M. Butler, 486 Jaon street, a member of the firm of Harv. Murchie, Cox & Bacon. The blaze was discovered in a closet in the laundry. The damage was slight.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

ROCKLAND

Rockland encampment, I. O. O. F., has elected officers as follows: Chief patriarch, Henry O. Turner; senior warden, Arthur Whiting; high priest, Henry O. Turner; recording scribe, Charles W. Phillips; treasurer, Howard Crocker; representatives to the grand encampment, George A. Greene, Fayette Briggs and Edward B. Prouty.

The Union Glee Club will hold a New Year party in the opera house Monday evening. Mrs. Howard B. Baker will act as hostess.

Old Colony lodge, K. P., entertained the members of Plymouth Rock lodge of Whitman in Pythian hall Thursday evening.

Rockland aerie, F. O. E., held a class initiation in Grand Army hall Thursday evening. The work was performed by a degree staff of Hyde Park aerie.

WHITMAN

The newly elected officers of Bay State Commandery Golden Cross are H. N. Winslow, N. C.; Miss Josephine Locke, V. C.; Mrs. Julia F. Osborne, P.; Charles H. Crocker, N. K. R. S.; H. S. Raymond, F. K. R.; Mrs. H. S. Raymond, treasurer; F. H. Osborne, H.; Mrs. Ella M. Winslow, I. G.; Lucius Cook, O. G.; Mrs. Ella M. Winslow, P. C.; Mrs. Osborne, representative to the grand commandery; Mrs. H. S. Raymond, alternate.

A special town meeting is called for next Wednesday evening, and two articles will be acted upon. The main reason for calling the meeting is to see if the town is willing to rent the town hall for the use of moving pictures.

LEXINGTON

These new officers of the Simon W. Robinson lodge, A. F. and A. M., have been installed at Masonic hall: Worshipful master, Edward C. Stone; senior warden, George F. Smith; junior warden, Arthur F. Turner; treasurer, John McKay; secretary, Byron C. Earle; chaplain, the Rev. Samuel Knowles; marshal, George F. Reed; senior deacon, Charles H. Miles; junior deacon, Clifford W. Pierce; senior steward, Albert H. Burnham; junior steward, Arthur Tyler; inside sentinel, Albert I. Carson; tyler, Horace M. Howard; organist, Frederic R. Ingalls. The next meeting of the lodge will be held Jan. 8.

QUINCY

Charles Edward Russell delivered the first of a series of lectures on "Real Socialism" in Faxon hall, Thursday evening.

Court John Errickson, F. of A., has elected: Chief ranger, John Matson; subchief ranger, Neil Dahlberg; financial secretary, Swan Cedarstrom; recording secretary, Charles Carlson; treasurer Algot Erickson; senior woodward, Albin Erickson; junior woodward, Oscar Funke; senior beadle, Oscar Peterson; junior beadle, Oscar Johnson; trustee, Axel Glandt; lecturer, Peter M. Carlson; captain of the guards, Neil Dahlberg.

HOLBROOK

Peerless lodge, N. E. O. P., has elected these officers: Warden, Bertha E. Thompson; vice warden, George J. Daly; recording secretary, Susan M. Meara; financial secretary, Emma G. Pike; treasurer, Elbert S. Adams; chaplain, Elizabeth Beals; guide, Archibald Lightbody; guardian, Nelson Kempton; sentinel, Ulric Narkiz; trustee, Harrison L. Higgins, three years; representatives to the grand lodge, Harrison L. Higgins and W. S. Thompson; alternates, Emma G. Pike and Susie M. Meara.

The Kappa-Kappa Phi Club of the Winthrop Congregational church holds a New Years party in the church parlors Monday evening.

BRIDGEWATER

The newly elected officers of the Bridgewater Alumni Association are: President, Allen P. Keith of New Bedford; first vice-president, Albert Hayward; second vice-president, Thomas Carroll; recording secretary, Thomas Carroll; corresponding secretay, Miss Gertrude Brennan; treasurer, James J. Gorman; auditor, Miss Lucy Atwood of Quincy; executive committee, Mrs. William Bevan, George Barney and Miss Edith Ames.

A meeting of the teachers of the New Church Sunday school will be held tomorrow evening at the rectory.

WEYMOUTH

The Old Colony Club held a meeting in the chapel of the Union Congregational church Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Richard C. Cabot of Boston delivered an address on "How Can We Keep at Our Best." There was a piano solo by Miss Helen Richards. Mrs. H. S. Torrey was hostess at a social hour which followed the meeting.

The class of '11 of the Weymouth high school held a party in Music hall Thursday evening.

ARLINGTON

The Board of Trade has elected these officers: President, William S. O'Brien; vice-president, Charles L. Keon; secretary, David V. Poole; treasurer, George W. Orcutt; executive committee, W. Percy Arnold, Daniel B. Coughlan, John N. Hayes, Joseph C. Kimball and A. Brewster Vaughan.

Class 1910 of the high school held its annual reunion in Pilgrim hall, Thursday evening.

BRAINTREE

The Rev. F. W. Mottley of the Union Theological Seminary and formerly instructor in Canton Christian College of China, delivered an illustrated lecture on "Present Day Conditions in China" at the Union Congregational church Thursday evening.

WAKEFIELD

Wakefield grange, Patrons of Husbandry, has elected: Master, Edwin C. Miller; overseer, Edson W. White; lecturer, E. Horace Perley; steward, Lewis E. Carter; assistant steward, Ernest M. Lawrence; lady assistant steward, Miss Una Barteum; treasurer, Alstead W. Brownell; secretary, Mrs. Edwin C. Miller; gate keeper, Wallace Boardman; chaplain, Albert B. Herrick; ceres, Mrs. Annie I. Atkinson; pomona, Miss Evelyn Boardman; flora, Mrs. Elizabeth Herrick; member of executive board for three years, Robert C. Atkinson.

Advance figures in the census report for Massachusetts industries give the following figures for this town: Value of products in 1904, $4,807,728; in 1909, $5,527,102; number of factories, 23; capital invested, $3,864,496; value of stock and material used, $2,834,960; amount of annual wages, $1,045,960; average number of wage earners during year, 2230.

WALTHAM

Frederick P. Rutter, chairman of the board of assessors, has announced that he will not accept a reappointment to the board when his present term expires next March should it be tendered to him by Mayor-elect Duane. Mr. Rutter has been a member of the board since 1897.

Officers elected by Waltham encampment, I. O. O. F., are: Chief patriarch, T. H. Richardson; high priest, M. J. Ham; senior warden, A. H. Pratt; junior warden, A. A. McBride; scribe, C. H. Whitten; treasurer, Harvey C. Wood; trustee, A. W. Fisher; representatives to grand encampment, F. A. Wells, A. W. Bullock, Harry E. Wood, G. S. Wyman; captains, L. V. Foster, H. A. Bacon, G. S. Wyman. Deborah Rebekah lodge has elected: Noble grand, Miss Katherine Law; vice grand, Mrs. Emma McCollester; recording secretary, Mrs. Alberta Ballard; financial secretary, Mrs. Fannie Clifford; treasurer, Mrs. Ellen Parker; trustee, Emery H. Brower.

DEDHAM

The Monday afternoon Club will meet with Mrs. Roger D. Smith of Common street as hostess Jan. 1. Prof. Charles Zueblin of Winchester will speak on "Democratic Culture."

The school committee of the town, with the consent of the trustees of the Dedham Institution for Savings, will install in the public schools of the town the school savings bank system. Collections will be made every two weeks by the teachers and collections will be deposited in the local savings bank. When the sums deposited by a pupil aggregate $3 a regular deposit book will be issued to him or her. The system will be put into operation at the coming winter term.

STONEHAM

Columbian encampment, Patriarchs Militant, I. O. O. F., has elected: Chief patriarch, Charles R. Farrin; high priest, George A. Hinchcliffe; senior warden, W. W. Chapman; junior warden, Thomas Tyner; scribe, Thomas S. Ireland; treasurer, Winthrop P. Hay.

Next Monday evening at the Baptist church, the Rev. Dr. De Witt G. Wilcox will give a lecture on "The Awakening of the Boy," under the auspices of the Judson Club. In the same church on Friday evening, Jan. 5, the boys' work chairman of the Malden district will meet for a dinner and conference and each chairman is privileged to bring one boy.

ARLINGTON

Under the direction of the civics and social service committee of the Arlington Woman's Club an entertainment was held in the town hall last evening. Folk dances and a short play made up the evening's program. Boys from the Prince school in Brookline and girls of the North End Library Club of Boston, assisted by teachers from the Folk Dance and Gymnastic school of Boston gave many of the national dances.

RANDOLPH

The Rev. H. A. Weston will close his pastorate with the Church of the Unity Sunday. He has accepted a call to become pastor of the Unitarian church at Eastport, Me., and he will assume his new duties early in January.

An exhibit of 39 modern German, Austrian, Italian and Spanish etchings by William Unger have been placed in the reading room of the Turner Free Public Library by the Library Art Club.

MIDDLEBORO

The officers of Loyal Olympia Rebekah lodge, I. O. O. F., for the ensuing year are: Noble grand, Mrs. Mary Thomas; past noble grand, Mrs. Maud Hastay; vice-grand, Mrs. Ida Dewhurst; financial secretary, Mrs. Hattie Healy; recording secretary, Mrs. Mary Dunham; treasurer, Mrs. May Clark; delegates, Mrs. Phebe Egger, Mrs. Mary Raymond, Mrs. Frank Alden, Mrs. Mary Scott.

EAST BRIDGEWATER

Colfax lodge, I. O. O. F., will work the third degree on candidates of Electric lodge of Brockton, Webster lodge of Whitman and the local lodge at its meeting this evening.

NEGRO CLERGYMEN ORGANIZE

An interdenominational ministerial union of negro clergymen of this state was formed at a conference Thursday afternoon in the Columbus avenue Zion A. M. E. church. The Rev. Green W. Johnson of that church presided. The next meeting will be held on Monday afternoon, Jan. 8, at 2 o'clock, at which time a permanent organization will be effected and officers chosen.

"EAGER HEART" MYSTERY PLAY, PRESENTED BY BOSTON SYRIANS FOR THEIR FRIENDS

Closing Event of the Year First Dramatic Performance Ever Given by the Geimaat in This City

ORIENTAL SETTING

Earnest Cooperation and a Thorough Drill Make the Presentation Successful—Will Be Repeated Tonight

Group of players in costume as they appear in the Boston Syrian Society's play, "Eager Heart," which is presented again tonight

THE Syrians who live in Boston—and there are more than 4000 of them—are closing the year with an event that, it is hoped, will furnish a precedent in years to come. In a neighborhood church on the corner of Kneeland and Tyler streets there was presented last night the play of "Eager Heart," the first dramatic performance ever given by the Boston Geimaat Surea Americanea. It will be repeated tonight. Unusual interest attaches to this event from the fact that the play is being given an oriental setting and all the stage properties and the costumes have been loaned for the occasion by members of the cast or their Syrian friends. The Geimaat is giving this play free of charge, for the entertainment of the neighborhood, and in order that those in the audience who do not understand English may know the meaning of the play a synopsis in Arabic is read at the beginning of the performance. In this connection it is interesting to note that the whole play will be translated into Arabic soon by Dr. Nashim Khouri, who resides on Hudson street.

The committee that had charge of this novel undertaking consisted of Rasheed Abdulnour, Nasim Khouri and Mrs. Gertrude Tebbutt. Two coaches have been necessary, an English coach and a dramatic coach, and they have done their work well. Fortunately they had the earnest cooperation of the cast, all the members of which have realized the necessity of attending every rehearsal. For many weeks they have devoted evenings to learning how to stand correctly, when to move, how to speak effectively; in other words, how best to represent the character impersonated so as to bring out the full meaning of the play. All but one of the parts are taken by men. The sincerity of the performers is a joy to the beholder, especially when one realizes that the motive that first prompted these busy men even to think of presenting a mystery play was the desire to do what they could to give an evening's enjoyment to the people of the neighborhood.

The Geimaat itself was the outgrowth of neighborhood good will and hospitality. Two years ago Denison house gave a reception to 300 Syrian neighbors and the guests graciously responded by giving an elaborate reception to Denison house, with oriental entertainment and refreshments. Then some one proposed that a club be formed for purposes of education and sociability, in order that the Syrians and the Americans might come to know each other even better. This thought met with hearty approval and in March, 1910, the Society of Syrians and Americans was organized. Assad Mudarri was the first Syrian president and Robert Reed the first American president of the organization. Mr. Reed was succeeded by Roland P. Jordan, who has since gone to Persia as private secretary to W. Morgan Shuster, financial adviser of the Persian government. At present there is no American president of the society, for it has been impossible to find for this place a young man sufficiently versed in oriental ways to fill the position satisfactorily.

At present the Geimaat has 85 members, including scholarly persons that it is a privilege to meet. The club meets the first Friday night, while the council, made up of 15 club members, meets on the third Thursday night in each month. The chairman of the council is Michael Malouf, who often acts as interpreter when speeches in English are delivered before the club. One of the most notable of such events occurred in early December, when the club and their friends met in the Quincy school to hear all about the opportunities for industrial education offered by the city of Boston to young men and women. There were educative talks by Robert A. Woods, Thomas C. McCracken and Miss Adelene Moffat, and each address was so ably interpreted by Mr. Malouf that even those who understood nothing of Arabic listened attentively to the smoothly flowing sentences and admired the interpreter's enthusiasm.

There were 200 Syrians who climbed four flights of stairs to hear the series of talks that night, proving the sincerity of their desire to learn all they could of the advantages open to them in the country that they are learning to call their own. Their attendance was ample proof of their appreciation for the service the Geimaat is rendering the neighborhood by arranging for frequent public lectures on helpful subjects. The respectful attention that these Syrian audiences give is notable. When Miss Moffat remarked that the women of this country could learn many things from their sisters of the east and might well substitute the picturesque head scarf for the atrocious American hat, the appreciative smiles of the listeners showed that they understood the compliment to the good taste of the Syrian people.

The Syrian colony in Boston is represented not only in the Geimaat, but also in the Syrian Women's Club, which meets every week at Denison house. There happy mothers assemble for social enjoyment, and while they visit they often employ their fingers with those bits of dainty work that are associated with the name of this beauty-loving people.

One of the noteworthy events in the history of the Geimaat was the exhibition held last May at the settlement house. The articles shown were collected in the neighborhood, and the array far surpassed in quantity and quality any similar exhibit ever seen in Boston. Beautiful articles of clothing, exquisite lace work, household ornaments of rare and wonderful design, all had a place in this exhibition, which filled six rooms and represented many thousands of dollars.

The present achievement of the Geimaat in its public presentation of "Eager Heart" calls for generous appreciation not only by the Syrian people, for whom the play is primarily given, but among Americans, who have yet so much to learn of the worth of these highly desirable citizens from across the ocean. The cast is made up of men who are thoroughly educated, even though they are still struggling with the difficulties of the English language. In English their names are Sheehan Haddob, George Ameer, Alfred Kantus, Elian Khoure, Alexander Khoure, Abdool Ameer, Demetri Cateny, Albert Khouri, Michael Sherny, Mike David, Philip Nofel and Fred Hakem. The part of Mary is taken by Christine Kalleel, and there are many young girls in the angel choir.

EXPERTS DISCUSS WAYS TO LOWER FOOD PRICES

WASHINGTON—Various aspects of the high cost of living were threshed out today at the annual meeting of the American Economic Association at the Hotel Raleigh. Three senators, Lodge of Massachusetts, Smoot of Utah and Crawford of South Dakota and E. F. McSweeney of Boston, Mass., discussed the feasibility of an international commission to devise means of lowering food prices. John Mitchell, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor and Dr. Charles P. Neill, commissioner of labor, related the laborers' interest in the problem.

The problem of the new expert management was considered and papers were read by Brig.-Gen. William Crozier, John F. Tobin, president of the Boot and Shoe Workers Union; Prof. H. S. Person of Dartmouth College and Prof. John R. Commons of the University of Wisconsin.

Mr. McSweeney in his address said:

"Every indication points to the conclusion that commodity prices, which have been advancing steadily for 14 years, will continue to rise for an indefinite period. Inasmuch as this rise will not be accompanied by an equal advance in wages, the possibilities of industrial, political and other troubles which will result in consequence, are unbounded. This condition only fertilizes the field of radical agitation, and makes possible all kinds of ignorant, misdirected and insincere attacks on established forms of government. For the reason that the causes underlying this advance of commodity prices are international, agreement as to the exact facts should also be international, and whatever remedies are possible can best be worked out by an international commission; so that an attempt may be made to put them into effect, all over the world, at the same time.

"The whole question of an advance in the cost of living goes deeper than theory or political economy, because it is as old as human nature. The remedy for present conditions is largely to be found in a revival of the old moral code and the application of sound, ethical principles for the people at large.

"An international agreement as to the cost of living will not bring about the millennium, but it will be certain to educate the world in regard to the causes operating to produce the results from which it is suffering. It will act as a barrier to the forces trying to break down existing civilization, which, with all its faults, is the best that the world has ever seen. In short, an international congress on this cost of living may bring satisfactory results, not within the power of the nations, acting separately to accomplish."

O. HARRIMAN PASSES AWAY

NEW YORK—Orlando Harriman, the only brother of the late E. H. Harriman, passed away in this city today. Mr. Harriman was a real estate operator.

ORDERS HYDE PARK POLICE MERGED

Commissioner O'Meara announced last evening that the police of Hyde Park will be incorporated with the Boston police department on Monday.

Superintendent Pierce will make such arrangements with Capt. Robert Grant of the Hyde Park department as may be necessary for the transfer. As soon as the merger act becomes effective, further general orders relative to the policing and station quarters will be issued.

GIFTS ARE MADE TO 500 CHILDREN

Five hundred children attended the holiday festival at the Morgan Memorial on Shawmut avenue, South End, Thursday evening. Two exercises were held, one in the lower part of the building for the Sunday school children, and the other upstairs, with the older folks filling the balcony as onlookers.

Under the direction of Miss Mabel Gavin the children entertained with carols and recitations. Following this gifts were distributed.

FIRST CITY ORGAN RECITAL

More than 700 persons were present Thursday evening in Shawmut Congregational church, South End, at the first organ recital of the season under the auspices of the music department of the city. George E. Whiting presided. He was assisted by Mrs. Alice Bates Rice, a soprano, who gave several selections.

DIRECTORY OF Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms

ADDING AND LISTING MACHINES
Louis C. Chase, 179 Summer St., Boston. Comptograph Adding Machine and Millionaire Calculating Machine.

ADDRESSING IMITATION TYPEWRITER LETTERS AND HANDDISTRIBUTING
The Boston Mailin Co., 391 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

BUILDING CONTRACTORS
Whitcomb & Kavanaugh Co., 6 Beacon St., Boston.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT, Steel Furniture
The General Fireproofing Co., 161 Devonshire st., Boston, Mass.

BOOKBINDERS EDITION AND MISCELLANEOUS
Dudley & Hodge, 299 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

DESKS AND OFFICE FURNITURE
W. B. Badger & Co., 182 Portland St., Boston.

ELECTROTYPES
Dickinson Electrotype Foundry, 270 Congress St., Boston.

FERTILIZERS
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, Richmond, Va.

ELASTIC WEBBING
Lapworth Webbing Co., 443 Summer St., Brockton, Mass., manufacturers of superior elastic webbing for hose and corset supporters.

ENGRAVED CALLING CARDS AND WEDDING INVITATIONS
The Bell Book & Stationery Co., Inc., 914 East Main St., Richmond, Va.

ENGRAVING, DESIGNING, HALFTONE AND ETCHING
Franklin Engraving Co., 290 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.

ENGRAVING (STEEL AND COPPER PLATE)
McKenzie Engraving Co., 155 Franklin St., Boston.

FLOORING (Car Lots Only)
Jonca Hardwood Co., Boston, Mass., 33 Broad st., Gardner I. Jones, Treas.

GRANITE AND MARBLE POLISHERS' SUPPLIES
Harrison Supply Co., 5-7 Dorchester Ave. Extension, Boston.

HEATING (STEAM & HOT WATER)
Gurney Heater Mfg. Co., 188-200 Franklin St., Boston.

INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS
Hinckley & Woods, 32 Kilby St., Boston, Mass.

LOOSE LEAF AND MANIFOLD BOOKS
A. E. Martell Co., 159 Devonshire St., Boston

MAILING MACHINERY
The Nielsen Mailing Machinery Co., Erie, Pa.

MATTRESSES, COUCHES, BED SPRINGS & BEDDING
Fort Pitt Bedding Co., N. S. Pittsburgh, Pa.

PAPER DEALERS
Andrews-Burr Paper Co., 54 India St., Boston, Mass.

PAPER DEALERS (Wholesale)
Bay State Paper Co., 327-335 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

PAPER DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
The Arnold Roberts Co., 180 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

POWER, HEATING and VENTILATING
Cleghorn Co., 54 Batterymarch St., Boston.

PRINTERS' ROLLERS
Wild & Stevens, Inc., 5 Purchase St., Boston.

WOOL
F. N. Graves & Co., 234 Summer St., Boston

STEEL CASTINGS
George H. Smith Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

WHOLESALE FRUITS AND PRODUCE
Fliegler & Co., St. Paul, Minn.

WOODEN BOXES & CORRUGATED PAPER PRODUCTS
George G. Page Box Co., 1-13 Hampshire St., Cambridge, Mass.

MME. MAETERLINCK EXPRESSES DELIGHT IN BOSTON OPERA HOUSE

"It is a miracle!" declared Mme. Georgette Leblanc-Maeterlinck, as she viewed the great spaces of the Boston opera house late Thursday afternoon, from a point near the orchestral pit. "What an inspiration to sing to this great house."

Mme. Maeterlinck's deep blue eyes sparkled and her continual happy expression became a broad smile as she turned to Henry Russell and congratulated him on the house of which he is director.

Mme. Maeterlinck arrived in Boston at 3 o'clock in preparation for her coming performances in "Pelleas et Melisande," the opera based on her husband's drama of the same name, with music by Claude Debussy. She is also announced to appear in the drama "Monna Vanna," also by Maeterlinck, and performances of the operas "Thais" and "Carmen" with her in the title roles are possible.

She was met at the Back Bay station by Director Russell and J. C. Joseph Flamand, the French consul. The party proceeded at once with Mme. Maeterlinck's secretary, companion, maid and baggage to the Lenox, where she will occupy a suite during the two weeks she expects to stay here.

The distinguished singer and actress was garbed in an exotic fashion, beautiful without a hint of the bizarre. Tints of old gold were everywhere in the ensemble. Her face is beautifully molded, the features on a large scale that at once reminds one of heroic lyric heroines. The gentle, rather matronly face is framed in golden hair.

Glittering through the strands across the forehead is a large clear diamond of bluish tint, held in place by a tiny filet of gold. Madame laughingly denied that the stone had a special history.

"I wear it because I like it and my husband likes it," she informed the newspaper reporters through the happy Mr. Russell, and then she drew closely about her the rich robe of leopard skins.

Mme. Maeterlinck submitted to a bombardment of questions that seemed to bear principally upon the attitude a wife of a genius should take toward her husband, the application, of course, being the illustrious Maurice Maeterlinck, the Belgian poet, author of "The Blue Bird" and other works.

With a few shrugs and many smiles she deprecated the questions and declared she had not found life with a genius difficult. Her only flash of spirit came when she was asked about the 10 commandments for wives that were attributed to her about a year ago. She denied ever writing anything so absurd. She hinted that it was the principal duty of wives to be at their best, not sacrificing all their individuality, however, to another.

"Every woman should find the work she is fitted for and then give her whole heart to that work," she said. She could not be induced to talk further about her noted husband, though she admitted that he dislikes to hear much music. "That is sadly true," she said. "No, I cannot tell you the subject of the new play upon which he is at work. It is to be a piece, as we say, a serious drama of social significance, nothing like what he has written before. It would be premature to discuss it.

"I cannot say whether he will come to this country or not. He wants to, intensely, but dislikes the sea voyage as I do.

"Boston seems to me a city of silence and work. Every one is going somewhere to do something, and is eager to get there. Then you have such smooth system—yes, everything is so systematic in America; I felt that from the moment I boarded the Olympic to come here. But your trains, they are so funny."

Mme. Maeterlinck distinctly said that American transportation methods are "amusant," though Mr. Russell politely translated her phrase to the effect that our trains "please" madame.

She has not the volatility one associates with the French. Rather does she convey the impression of poise, of mature good nature and broad kindliness. She is not lacking in emotion and enthusiasm, however; that was evident when she reached the opera house. She confided her anxiety to see the structure to Mr. Russell, who immediately marshaled the party and set forth in taxicabs for Opera place.

Mme. Maeterlinck examined the opera house in every part, guided by Mr. Russell, and expressed profound pleasure and admiration for the auditorium, the stage and all the minor appointments.

Rehearsals for "Pelleas et Melisande" are well advanced and can be completed quickly now that the leading player is here. Mme. Maeterlinck is delighted over the prospective performances, which she declares will be the first ever to be given in the spirit in which her husband intended them, from the scenic appointments to the stage management.

Next Sunday night at 9:30 o'clock a reception will be given Mme. Maeterlinck at the Hotel Lenox, the committee in charge consisting of Mrs. Frederick S. Converse, Mrs. George R. Fearing, Jr., Mrs. John L. Gardner, Mrs. Eben D. Jordan, Mrs. Henry Russell, Mrs. Horatio N. Slater and Mrs. Fiske Warren.

MISS STONE TO REENTER TURKEY

SAVANNAH, Ga.—Miss Ellen M. Stone, who, while a missionary in Bulgaria, was a prisoner of brigands, who held her and her companion, Mrs. Katherina Stephanova Tsilka, for six months until $65,000 ransom was paid, is arranging to return to Turkey as a missionary.

TURKISH MOBILIZATION IN ASIA MAY BE DARDANELLES PLAN

(Continued from page one)

may seem incredible, but there is no doubt that if she should determine on this step, a regular jehad would be preached, and all Islam would be summoned to support the green flag of the Crescent.

What, however, is perhaps more likely, is that Turkey is using the intervention of Russia in Persia as a pawn in the game she is undoubtedly opening with respect to the passage of the Dardanelles. That Russia is seriously anxious to gain this passage, no number of official dementis will ever cause a single intelligent person to doubt. Turkey, having it in her power to grant, without danger to herself, what Russia desires, perhaps, at the moment, for ulterior political reasons, no doubt sees in the condition of things in Persia an additional pawn to her advantage on the eastern chessboard.

Plan for Opening Straits

Hussein Djahid Bey, the editor of the Tanin, the organ of the Young Turk party, has continued in its columns his explanation of the terms on which the Porte would be justified in opening the Dardanelles to the Russian ships in the Black sea. In the first part of his communication, he explained, as reported in The Christian Science Monitor, the absolute arrangements by which the passage of the straits might be made strategically possible. In the second part of his communication, he explains the quid pro quo which Turkey would be entitled to demand. This quid pro quo may be stated in a sentence, a guarantee for the preservation of the status quo in the Balkans.

It does not require a large amount of acumen to see the enormous gain such an arrangement would be to Turkey, though whether the responsibilities entailed would not overweight any advantages to be gained on the part of Russia, is altogether another question. Supposing that Bulgaria, for example, were to make an attack on Turkey in Macedonia, it would devolve on Russia to assist Turkey in checkmating the invasion and some such duty would devolve on the government in St. Petersburg in the event of any of the Balkan powers attempting a rectification of their boundaries. It might even be translated into preventing any attempt by Austria to occupy the Dalmatian coast. The failure on the part of Russia to keep her agreement would be met in the simplest manner by the Porte closing the Dardanelles to her. On the whole, the arrangement contemplated by Turkey does not subject her to any possible loss, but to every conceivable positive gain.

The new party, known as that of Union and Liberty, which has been formed in opposition to the party of Union and Progress, has inaugurated its foundation by carrying the vacant seat at Constantinople by a single vote. It is impossible to say exactly what this portends. Nor is it possible to draw from it any conclusions as to the result of the general election, which will not take place for some months. The result may be owing to a revulsion against the committee, or it may be the effect of the apathy of that party in what is regarded as a secure position.

ALASKA DEVELOPMENT NEEDS CORPORATIONS SAYS C. H. HAMLIN

Alaska must be developed by corporations with unlimited capital, but the land must be conserved for the future and eventually turned over to individuals under the homestead law, according to Charles S. Hamlin, a Boston lawyer, in his address before members of the Boston City Club Thursday night. The subject was the "Alaskan Fur Seal Controversy," and the address was illustrated with colored stereopticon views taken while Mr. Hamlin, as assistant secretary of the treasury, was on his trip of investigation of the fur-seal fisheries in Alaskan waters.

Addison L. Winship, civic secretary of the club, presided at the informal dinner which preceded the lecture. He said that the club had a membership of 3200 with 2700 monthly accounts and a waiting list of 500. He introduced for brief speeches Dr. James L. Tryon, assistant secretary of the American Peace Society; State Forester F. W. Rane, H. L. Woodry and Frederick P. Fish, member of the board of directors of the club.

Dr. Tryon said that one would be surprised to see the petitions, sent into the peace headquarters in this city every day from all quarters of the state, urging the Senate to ratify the treaties between the United States and England and France in the form presented by President Taft. He believed, he said, that the treaties would not be delayed since a storm of protest countrywide would overwhelmingly denounce such tactics.

Mr. Fish presided at the lecture upstairs in the auditorium and after saying that he believed Russia let the United States have Alaska because she thought we could make the best use of it and therefore we should bear in mind this friendship and find a way of avoiding any controversy with her, he introduced Mr. Hamlin.

"I can see no reason why the government owes any duty to the corporations," Mr. Hamlin said, "to let them obtain control of the fabulous mineral riches of that great country. The great corporations should be allowed to go into Alaska and get large profits, should be urged to go, and the land should be leased to provide for fair returns. If the individual has unlimited capital he should be allowed to go in and lease the land. There is a great future for Alaska so far as truck gardens go."

Mr. Hamlin followed along the route of his voyage across the Behring sea with his views to the Priboloff islands. He explained pictures of beautiful wild flowers, mountains, glaciers, groups of the Aleutians, of the seals, the methods of catching them, and their habits.

"The amicable and satisfactory settlement of the fur seal controversy," he said, "furnished the most striking example of arbitration which had been known."

ARLINGTON HIGH SCHOOL PAPER OUT

ARLINGTON, Mass.—The second issue of the Arlington High School Clarion is out, containing 24 pages. Walter Horton is the editor-in-chief.

There is an editorial section, athletic notes, club notes, class notes and an "exchanges" department.

PANAMA ENGINEER CHOSEN

Caleb Mills Saville, one of the experts employed by the government on the Panama canal, has gone to Hartford, Conn., to confer with the water commissioners of that city in regard to the construction of the Nepaug water system, of which he has been appointed engineer.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

EDITORIAL comments presented today deal with the surrender of Gen. Bernardo Reyes in Mexico.

NEW YORK TIMES—Reyes has come to grief in his own state Nuevo Leon, of which he was long the governor, and admits that neither the soldiers nor the people gave him support. He has accomplished nothing. His pitiful revolution has been bloodless. He has crowned a career of honorable achievement with a series of ridiculous blunders. Madero will win the respect of the nations if he sets the fallen hero free and makes light of his misconduct.

FALL RIVER HERALD—The surrender of Gen. Bernardo Reyes, admittedly one of Mexico's greatest soldiers, paves the way for an enduring peace in the republic which has been far from tranquil since Madero forced President Diaz to resign.

NEW YORK HERALD—The surrender of General Reyes, who has been the chief disturbing element in Mexico, and the strong attitude of Gen. Francisco I. Madero, President of the republic, gives basis for the hope that normal conditions may soon rule in the country to the south of us.

SAN FRANCISCO CALL—On taking office as President, Francisco Madero said that in three months the republic would be in its normal state of peace and tranquillity.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE—This country can well say good riddance to Gen. Bernardo Reyes. . . . We shall hear no more protestations of his regard for American neutrality laws, and it is to be hoped that others will profit from his example.

OHIO STATE JOURNAL—Certainly Mexico would have experienced more tranquillity with the Aztec in power than with the Spaniard.

HOUSTON POST—President Madero has demonstrated that he possesses the qualities of a statesman of more than average ability.

COMMISSION WOULD LIMIT THE TIME OF STORAGE OF FOOD

The commission appointed by the last Legislature to investigate the cold storage situation in Massachusetts, has prepared a report of its work which is now ready, with a bill for presentation to the Legislature of 1912.

The bill provides that all commodities placed in cold storage shall be tagged as to the time of their arrival at the cold storage plant and the time they are taken out, and that all such commodities shall be rightly inspected by the state board of health, not only during the time of storage, but before going in and after coming out. It places a storage limit of one year upon all articles of food enumerated, but leaves it to the state board of health to fix a shorter time limit in the case of any specific article, or a longer time limit in extraordinary cases.

The commission in its report will say that the proper limit of cold storage ranges between one and 11 months, according to the nature of the article, and in placing the time limit at one year will express the belief that that should be the maximum in all except very unusual cases, in which the time may be extended by the state board of health after a thorough investigation. Certain products to which the law much apply are specified by the commission, and the board of health is given authority to add to the list.

WAKEFIELD UNION OF BAPTIST YOUNG FOLKS CELEBRATE

MISS LENA A. NELSON
Chairman of anniversary committee

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—The Baptist Young People's Union celebrated its twentieth anniversary Thursday night with a dinner and reunion attended by 200 persons. The past presidents were special guests. Addresses were given by the president, Percival B. Evans, and the Rev. Hugh A. Heath. These past presidents spoke: E. R. Partridge, Arthur Burnham, Charles L. Harlow, Arthur L. Evans, Mrs. J. R. Green, Harlan A. Perkins, of Wakefield; Daniel McKenzie of Edmunton, B. C., G. A. Johnson of Lynn and Edward S. Mansfield of Winchester.

There was singing by a trio composed of Mrs. Alice K. Abbott, Mrs. E. May Quimby and Mrs. Edna Purdy of Wakefield.

The committee in charge comprises Miss Lena A. Nelson, chairman; Charles L. Harlow, Mrs. Lalia Hart, Miss Maude Stimpson, Harry Haskell, Miss Minnie Mansfield, Miss Annie Brown, Arthur L. Evans, Russell Perkins and Miss Ruth Abbott and Miss Marion Tyzzer.

NEW RAILROAD PLAN CAUSES DELAY AT LAWRENCE HEARING

LAWRENCE, Mass.—When the hearing on the elimination of grade crossings in this city before Henry V. Cunningham, Congressman Harris and E. K. Turner, commissioners, on Thursday, developed a plan radically different from any previously proposed and broader in its scope than the authority of the commission allowed, it was decided to postpone the hearing.

Meantime drawings of the plan will be furnished city officials and corporations and it is also proposed to have the powers of the commission increased so as to deal with the railroad situation here as a whole rather than in part.

The plan submitted by the Boston & Maine railroad provided for the erection of a central passenger station in South Lawrence, near the southerly terminus of the Boston & Lowell bridge, and the discontinuance of the use of the present line from this city to Methuen as the route to Manchester, N. H.

Instead of the latter the plan involved the construction of a bridge over the Merrimac river, about 4000 feet from the present station in North Andover and the extension of railroad tracks through the Clover Hill section of Lawrence to near the junction of Broadway and Brown streets in Methuen, where it would join with the present tracks and continue to the Methuen station thence north.

The bridge across the river would also provide freight facilities to corporations on the north side of the river and thereby would do away with one of the objections raised to the conversion of the Boston & Lowell bridge into a central bridge for public use. The present tracks over Broadway and Essex street would be used for industrial business only.

ARLINGTON I. O. O. F. ELECTS OFFICERS

ARLINGTON, Mass.—Bethel lodge, I. O. O. F., elected these officers for 1912: Noble grand, Edmund L. Curtis; vice-grand, Charles Silliker; recording secretary, Charles S. Richardson; financial secretary, Oscar Needham; treasurer, Nathaniel Whittier; trustee, James Richardson.

The officers will be installed in January.

AIR FREIGHT LINE INCORPORATED

TRENTON, N. J.—With a capital stock of $100,000, the American Hydro-Aeroplane Company of Camden has been incorporated here for the purpose of transporting goods and merchandise through the air and on land and water. The concern will also conduct an aviation school and manufacture aerial craft.

NEW CAPTAIN FOR BATTLESHIP

Capt. J. D. McDonald today assumes command of the battleship Virginia, now at the Charlestown navy yard, relieving Capt. J. H. Glennon

HIGH WIND DESTROYS HOUSES AND CAUSES DELAYS IN SHIPPING

Blowing at the rate of 48 miles an hour a northwesterly gale swept New England Thursday. One man, Charles M. Burkett, was slain in Lynn when dust prevented his seeing a locomotive approach. Four buildings which were being constructed in East Boston were leveled. The Congregational church steeple at Peru, Mass., was blown down. Five chimneys were blown down one of them from the roof of the Boston City Club. One chimney fell through the room of the maverick house in East Boston into the cashier's cage in the office. The cashier had just vacated it. Roofs of a business house in Chicopee, the Cambridge Y. M. C. A. roof garden and a business block in Adams were torn away. A Melrose boy, William Taylor, a high school freshman, was struck by a falling tree, another three fell upon a house in Lexington, while an elm blocked Salem street, Malden, interrupting street car traffic.

Shipping was interrupted. Not a sailing vessel tried to round Cape Cod. In Massachusetts bay the wind's velocity was 60 miles an hour. The five-masted schooner, George P. Hudson, was driven ashore on Bird island flats. The five-masted schooner, Elizabeth Palmer, long over-due here from Norfolk, Va., anchored off Nobska point, in Vineyard sound. The Dominion-Atlantic steamer Boston from Yarmouth and the Plant liner, A. W. Perry, from Halifax, came to port hours late.

NEW YORK—The torpedo boat destroyer, Warrington, while 25 miles northeast of Cape Hatteras on Thursday, was in collision with an unknown schooner and damaged. She was towed into Hampton roads several hours later by the revenue cutter Onondaga. Several of her crew were aboard the cutter but 15 men stayed on the disabled vessel.

NEWPORT, R. I.—The steamer New Shoreham started for Block island late Thursday morning, but adverse conditions compelled her to return. Later she sailed for Providence with passengers.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Wind did damage to property here estimated at $5000. Two large plate-glass windows in Central market were blown in. A falling tree carried away 50 Western Union telegraph wires.

BLOCK ISLAND, Mass.—Capt. Charles Coucher of Boston and his crew of nine men, when the four-masted schooner Mary Adelaide Randall of Port Jefferson, N. Y., was driven on the western ledges Thursday, assembled in the cabin Captain Coucher read from the Bible and offered prayer, then all climbed to the crosstrees of the craft from which Capt. S. Ray Sands and the Block island life-saving crew rescued them some hours later. Today the hull of the vessel is being dismantled by the sea.

ASKS CLOTHING FOR IMMIGRANTS

Public appeal for clothing for immigrants is being sent out today by the New England branch of the American Tract Society. Outer garments are most desired. The Rev. George Weckbacher, the missionary of the American Tract Society to the port of Boston, visits every immigrant steamer and helps many home-seekers by giving them garments.

CITY ENGINEERS ELECT OFFICERS

The Municipal Civil Engineers Association, composed of engineers in the employ of the city, held its annual meeting Thursday evening in Deacon hall. The following officers were elected: Daniel J. Lynch, president; R. J. McNulty, vice-president; Carl Drake, treasurer; Charles Carroll, secretary.

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
HENRY RUSSELL, Mng. Dir.
THIS EVENING AT 8
AIDA
Melis, Gay, Zenatello, Polese, Mardones.
Sat. at 2, CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Gay, Gaudenzi, Polese, and COPPELIA. Sat. at 8, LUCIA, Scotney, Constantino, Fornari. Popular prices. Sun. at 8, GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT. Mon. at 8, OTELLO. Wed. at 8, LA BOHEME.
Down Town Ticket Office, Steinert's, 162 Boylston St.

SYMPHONY HALL
BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Max Fiedler, Cond.
Friday Afternoon, Dec. 29, 2:30
Saturday Eve., Dec. 30, at 8:00
Soloist, MME. MORENA
Tickets Sat. Eve. only.

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"Guide to Memorizing Music,"
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Instruction in all music branches

The 1911 INDEX

Of World's Events

Will Appear in the Monitor of Jan. 1, '12

IT WILL BE OF SERVICE TO STUDENTS

The Home Forum Articles On Christian Science

for the past year will be indexed by title and by date. You can refer to them readily by means of this Index.

¶ The Index Sets Forth Briefly and Topically

The Good News of the Year

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The items of the year's history that are worth remembering are given in a very few lines, arranged by date, and by topic.

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SEEING FLORIDA, and in seeing, the delight is enhanced by lingering in this beauteous land of permanent June-time. THE EAST COAST OF FLORIDA, with its endless and diversified characteristic charms, excels in accommodations as it does in all of its other attractions. Its hotels are world-famed for size and equipment as well as management. For those who desire to avoid the larger hostelries, there are most excellent accommodations without number, to suit the disposition.

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ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Today's Army Orders

Capt. G. H. Preston transferred from thirteenth to eighth cavalry.

Capt. W. H. Clopton, Jr., transferred from eighth to thirteenth cavalry.

Special orders Aug. 31 relating Lieut. W. B. Borden, medical corps, revoked.

Col. O. B. Mitcham, ord., visit the Crucible Steel Company of America, Harrison, N. J., and at West Bergen, N. J., also the Heller Bros. Company, Forest Hill, N. J., during January, February, March and April on official business.

Movements of Naval Vessels

Arrived — Birmingham at Newport, Bainbridge at Shanghai, Ammen at Charleston, Nanshan at Amoy.

Sailed—Mars, Hector and Vulcan, from Seawall Point for Guantanamo; Buffalo, from Honolulu for Shanghai; New Orleans, from Shanghai for Yokohama en route Bremerton; Dayton, McCall, Paulding, Roe, Terry, Perkins, Mayrant, Sterrett, Walke and Warrington from Charleston for Norfolk.

Navy Notes

WASHINGTON—Ensign R. C. Saufley is facing trial by court martial at Norfolk on charges of neglect of duty and disobedience of orders, growing out of the fact that his vessel, the torpedo boat Biddle, was not ready to go to sea when ordered to carry provisions and stores to the Sterling, which was aground off the Virginia capes.

The Reid, the Lamson, the Flusser and the Smith will remain under repairs at the navy yard, Norfolk, until Jan. 11, 1912.

The Ammen and the Monaghan will join the Preston at Hampton Roads to form a temporary division of three destroyers to participate in the approaching combined maneuvers from that port, instead of operation from Newport with the regular division.

The Potomac will leave Guantanamo Jan. 2 for the navy yard, Norfolk, to undergo repairs.

The Hannibal will leave Portsmouth, N. H., Jan. 10 for the surveying ground in the Caribbean.

The Nashville will stop at New York for ammunition en route to Hampton Roads, leaving Boston as soon as practicable after Jan. 1.

The following itinerary is established for the Petrel from Jan. 2 to March 19, 1912:

	Arrive.	Leave.
New Orleans, La.....	——	Jan. 2
Puerto Barrios, Guatemala	Jan. 6	Jan. 11
Livingston, Guatemala.....	Jan. 11	Jan. 19
Puerto Cortez, Honduras..	Jan. 19	Jan. 29
Bluefields, Nicaragua	Feb. 1	Feb. 12
Cristobal, Canal Zone	Feb. 13	Feb. 26
Port Limon, Costa Rica..	Feb. 27	Mar. 4
Greytown, Nicaragua	Mar. 4	Mar. 11
Kingston, Jamaica	Mar. 14	Mar. 11
Guantanamo, Cuba	Mar. 19	——

RAILROADS TOPIC OF RAILROAD MAN

"The development of the steam roads of New England and their relation to the electric railways" was discussed by Frank M. Clark of Providence, assistant to the superintendent of the Providence division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, before the members of the New England Street Railway Club Thursday night at their regular dinner and meeting, held at the American House.

Mr. Clark's address was followed by an entertainment given by the children of the Boston Childrens Theater Company. Franklin L. Woodman of Haverhill presided and the attendance numbered about 100.

CENTER VILLAGE TO GET SCHOOL

Authorization to make a loan of $110,000 for the construction of a high school building in Center Village, Natick, is asked for in a petition of the selectmen and other citizens of Natick filed with the clerk of the House late Thursday.

A petition was received from Frederick L. Anderson asking that the Northern Baptist Education Society be authorized to hold its meetings, when the board of directors think it necessary, in New Hampshire or Vermont.

DESTROYERS ON WAY TO BOSTON

NEWPORT, R. I.—Three torpedo boat destroyers, the Patterson, Burrows and Monaghan, arrived here Thursday from Charleston, S. C. The Ammen, which started with the three boats that arrived here today, turned back on account of a leak.

Lieut.-Commander John M. Luby is in command of the tenth torpedo division. The little vessels will join the Atlantic fleet at Boston navy yard and proceed with them for the maneuvers at Guantanamo.

BIDS OPENED FOR WORK AT BOSTON

WASHINGTON—Bids for building the extension of the Boston custom house were opened and found to be as follows at the treasury department: George H. Fuller Company, $1,464,200, time limit 20 months; Connors Bros. Company of Lowell, $1,665,000, time limit 30 months; Norcross Bros. Company of Worcester, $1,393,000, time limit two years, and Woodbury & Leighton of Boston, $1,535,000, time limit two years.

While the award of the contract has not been made, it will probably go to Norcross Brothers, the lowest bidders.

READING DEFERS MOTOR PURCHASE

READING, Mass.—The engineers of the fire department having learned that the price of a motor fire truck exceeds $5500, the amount called for in the town meeting warrant, the purchase will be deferred until March. In the meantime the question of motor apparatus will be investigated by a committee comprising Dr. Merlon E. Brande, O. O. Orday, A. W. Clarke, George L. Pratt and Lewis M. Bancroft, superintendent of the municipal water works.

LUMBER BUREAUS TO BE MERGED

SEATTLE, Wash.—Lumbermen have decided to consolidate the four information bureaus which have been in operation in Washington for about two years. The Centralia, Seattle and Everett offices will be closed. The work will all be done through the Tacoma office.

Lumbermen decided that one office can now handle the work just as well as four, and that a considerable saving can be made by merging the four bureaus.

SEVERAL BUILDINGS BURN

COBALT, Ont.—A dozen stores, a hotel and several restaurants in Golden City were destroyed by fire Thursday. This nearly completed the leveling of the business section of the town begun by a fire last July.

AQUEDUCT WORK NEARING FINISH

LOS ANGELES—The completion of the boring of the tunnel on the Little Lake division of the Owens River aqueduct, known as tunnel 10A, is the practical end of such work on the great enterprise. The two crews of workmen who have drilled since March 10, 1910, broke through the final wall within a fraction of an inch of accuracy.

This was a bore of 5960 feet. The crews met 2185 feet from the north end.

The longest tunnel is the Elizabeth lake, nearly 27,000 feet. This excavation ended the work of boring through the mountains, which is a total of 42.85 miles. There is completed 42.25 miles, leaving only two small tunnels to be finished.

RESTORE OREGON LAND TO ENTRY

WASHINGTON—Secretary Fisher, in a report sent to Congress recently, shows that in the last 12 months 15,974 acres of public land in Oregon were withdrawn to protect power sites, and 18,970 acres previously withdrawn for this purpose were restored to entry. Also 104,122 acres withdrawn to determine their coal content, have been restored to entry, it having been found that they contained no commercial coal.

In Washington 37,376 acres were withdrawn to protect power sites, while 1457 acres of power site withdrawals were restored to entry, in addition to 2897 acres withdrawn for coal.

YOUNG SALMON TO BE RELEASED

VANCOUVER, Wash.—The grand total of 21,000,000 chinook salmon trout will be planted soon in streams tributary to the Columbia river by hatcheries of the state of Washington, says J. M. Crawford, state superintendent of fish hatcheries. As the state now rears the fish to a size sufficient to escape the trout that would eat them when small, it is expected that a much larger percentage than ever before will reach the ocean.

FORMER CUP RACER ATTACHED

WARREN, R. I.—The former cup defender Puritan, which beat the British cutter Genesta decisively in the races for the America cup in 1885, is attached for a bill of $69 at her pier at Fox point, Providence. It is a suit by a block-making firm for fitting her with spars and rigging for a trip to the Cape Verde islands with passengers and freight.

WOMEN'S STRIKE SETTLED

LAWRENCE, Mass.—The strike of about 40 women employed as burlers in the Uswoco Mills ended Thursday when an agreement was reached with the management. No pay increase, it is said, was granted.

READING STANDS READING STANDS

Student's Adjustable Reading Stand

A—Small rack.
B—Rack for two books.
C—Screw for changing angle of rack, also for releasing rack when wanted for center position.
D—Screw for raising and lowering rack.
E—Swivel for use when rack is in center position.

There has long been a demand for an inexpensive and efficient reading stand for use when studying the weekly lesson. This want the Student's Adjustable Reading Stand is designed to meet. It is substantially constructed of light metal (cast iron feet, upright of steel tubing and sheet steel rack) and finished in burnished copper. Its design is graceful and pleasing. Feet and rack folded for shipment.

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Reserved for Unpaid Losses and all other Liabilities	241,490.26
Net Surplus	2,841,939.41
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Surplus to Policyholders	3,841,939.41

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Cecilian Player $75.00
with standard metal music roll, tracker board with mahogany bench and 20 rolls of music. Original price $250.00.
Special Clearance Price $75.00.

FOR SALE USED
Mahogany Pianola . . . $60.00
with 40 music rolls. Original price, $250.
Special Clearance Sale Price, $60.00

SLIGHTLY USED
Mahogany Angelus Player $75.00
with special set of organ reeds and bench with 20 rolls of music. Original price $300.
Special Clearance Sale Price $75.00

Henry F. Miller Square Piano $25.00.

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405 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON, MASS.

FIRELESS COOKING
and What It Means to the Housekeeper, with recipes, 16 pages. Send 5c. stamps to Dept. 25, Box 86, Muskegon, Mich.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Mechanical reclining chair; inspection invited. Address K 31, Monitor Office.

HOUSES FOR SALE—COLORADO

FOR SALE—A beautiful little Denver, Col., home, built 3 years ago, located at 4428 Wyandotte st., Denver, Col., Northside. White pressed brick 1½ story, 6 rooms, with large basement. Kitchen, dining room, parlor, 2 bed rooms, bath on main floor. The upstairs is finished as one large room full length of building, suitable for sleeping and sewing room. All modern, electric light, gas, large furnace. Lot 37½x125ft, trees, lawn; good location; car service. This home is completely furnished as a nice comfortable home. Will sell complete with or without furnishings. Very reasonable price and can give immediate possession. PETOSKEY BLOCK & MFG. CO., Petoskey, Mich.

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FOR SALE—BARGAIN—11-room house, South Side; well built; easy terms. C. E. FORGY, 15 E. 10th st., Kansas City, Mo.

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BACK BAY—Finely appointed suite 5 rooms, bath and servant's room, all sunny, outside rooms. 13 Garrison st., near Huntington ave.

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TO RENT—Attractive 4-room flat; redecorated; stove heat; janitor service; 2 bay windows; Cleveland ave., near Park. Entrance 2109 Lincoln ave., $16. Phone Lincoln 1487.

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ATTORNEYS can frequently secure good non-resident clients by publishing their professional cards in this column.

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COB CRUSHING FEED MILLS, 8-inch burrs, fully guaranteed, direct from factory to purchaser, $145. Write for circular to WOLVERINE GRINDER WORKS, Lansing, Mich.

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MUSICAL GLASSES FOR SALE—Set of 25; cost $14; will sell for $5. Address B. F. McINTOSH, 586 Massachusetts ave., Boston, Mass.

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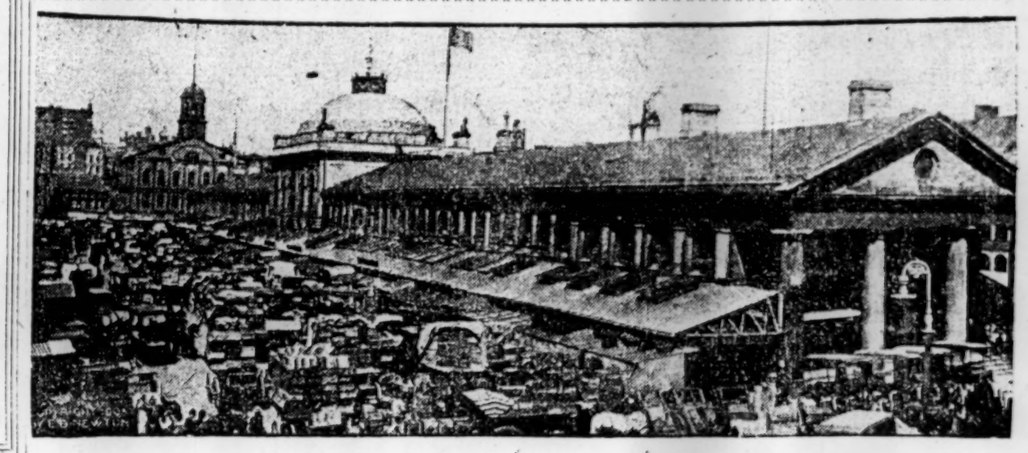

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For the last two days of the old year we shall make prices that will be remembered:

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
CHOCOLATE COVERED CARAMELS, 25c quality, per pound 12½c
Our CELEBRATED CHOCOLATE ASSORTMENT, 5 FLAVORS, per pound..... 10c
1000 lbs. CHOCOLATE SECONDS, slightly scratched, 2 pounds for 25c
A FULL LINE OF FANCY BOXES FOR NEW YEAR'S DAY at 25% off.

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Broadway Spa, cor. Broadway and Third St., Chelsea.

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Creator of latest styled GOWNS for any occasion, $65 up. Positively no disappointment.

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MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS and expert chefs use SAUER'S PURE FLAVORING EXTRACTS. Vanilla, Lemon, etc. Endorsed by pure food chemists.

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HEMENWAY ST., 103, SUITE 1. Beautiful room, newly furnished, modern conveniences.

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BACK BAY ATTENDANT, 16 years' experience, will take elderly person or couple; quiet home, care if needed, c. h. w., steam heat, tel. Address S 3, Monitor Office.

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CASH ON THE SPOT and highest prices paid for Stoddard Lectures, Century Dictionaries, New International Encyclopedias, complete libraries in any number of volumes purchased from any part of the world; correspondence invited. WILLIAMS' BOOK STORE, 349 Washington st., Boston.

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122 WEST 71ST ST., near Broadway; single and double rooms; table board. MISS JANE E. RANKIN, New York.

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GENUINE TYPEWRITER BARGAINS, no matter what make, will quote you lowest prices and easiest terms, or rent, allowing rental on price; write for big bargain list and catalogue 7. L. J. PEABODY, 278 Devonshire st., Boston, Mass.

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1000 LETTER HEADS $2 up. 1000 CARDS $1.50 up. All kinds high grade office stationery, announcements, etc. 100 wedding invitations $2.50. TREMONT TEMPLE PRESS, 717 Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass.

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24 BUSHELS kindling wood, $2; best quality coal; fireplace wood. RESCUE MISSION, 65 W. Dedham st. Tel. con.

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EARN $10 TO $15 A WEEK and hold your position besides. No canvassing. We, as manufacturers of patented just-in-season specialties, have new easy mail order plans to keep factories busy. We furnish everything. Large profits. Small capital. Experience unnecessary. If you are one of the want-to-go-ahead kind, write for our most modern (copyrighted) plans. Sworn statement. J. M. PEASE MFG. CO., 306 Pease bldg., Michigan st., Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED, either sex, sell quick selling household necessity. Nets 100% profit. Build big-paying business by devoting all or spare time. Be your own boss—start now. Write for particulars and free sample. Dept. 1013, DUNLAP MFG. CO., Bloomington, Ill.

AGENTS—CALIFORNIA

WRITE LOS ANGELES, CAL., 423 BYRNE BLDG., W. A. URIE. If you want agent or any service on Pacific Coast; references; bonded Notary Public.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Experienced white Protestant house man of steady habits for house in White Plains, N. Y.; references required. Address L 35, Monitor Office.

NOTICES

WILL solicitors in London, England, and America who about 12 years ago wrote to the C. E. clergymen at Ramey, Essex, England, inquiring for Wm. Hatt kindly communicate with Lydia Hatt, 5 third floor, Savings Bk. Chambers, Moore st., Sydney, N. S. W., Australia.

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

¶ Leave your Free Want Ads with the following newsdealers. They will send them to this office.

BOSTON.
Stefano Badess, 34 Atlantic ave.
Barney Brown, 368 Cambridge st.
A. F. Bolt, 653 Shawmut ave.
G. A. Harvey, 475 Columbus ave.
F. Kendrick, 772 Tremont st.
Arthur C. Lane, 59 Charles st.
Jennie Marzynski, 104 Eliot st.
Chas. A. Ochs & Co., 1781 Washington.
P. E. Richardson, 538 Tremont st.
Minard & Thompson, 797 Harrison ave.

EAST BOSTON.
H. L. Buswell, 1042 Saratoga st.
A. Cawthorne, 312 Meridian st.
Richard McDonnell, 80 Meridian st.
Miss J. Annie Taylor, 279 Meridian st.

SOUTH BOSTON.
Howard Frisbee, 104 Dorchester st.
T. A. Kenney, 70 West Broadway.
S. D. James, 365 West Broadway.

ALLSTON.
J. W. Dunn, 30 Franklin st.

AMESBURY.
Howes & Allen, 14 Main st.

ANDOVER.
O. P. Chase.

ARLINGTON.
Arlington News Company.

ATTLEBORO.
L. H. Cooper.

AYER.
Sherwin & Co.

BEVERLY.
Beverly News Company.

BRIGHTON.
E. F. Perry, 338 Washington st.

BROOKLINE.
W. D. Paine, 239 Washington st.

BROCKTON.
George C. Holmes, 58 Main st.
E. M. Thompson, 17 Center st.

CAMBRIDGE.
Amee Bros., Harvard square.
F. L. Buenke, 563 Massachusetts ave.

CANTON.
George B. Loud.

CHELSEA.
Jas. Blandford, 128 Winnisimmet st.
Smith Brothers, 196 Broadway.
William Corson, 2 Washington ave.

DANVERS.
Danvers News Agency.

EAST CAMBRIDGE.
D. B. Shaughnessy, 278 Cambridge st.

NORTH CAMBRIDGE.
James W. Hunnewell, 2074 Mass. ave.

CHARLESTOWN.
S. A. Wilcox, 7 Main st.

DORCHESTER.
B. H. Hunt, 1466 Dorchester ave.
Charles A. O'Donnell, 205 Bowdoin st.

EVERETT.
M. B. French, 434 Broadway.
J. H. MacDonald, Glendale square.

FALL RIVER.
J. W. Mills, newsdealer, 41 So. Main.

FAULKNER.
L. M. Harcourt.

FITCHBURG.
Lewis O. West, Broad st.

FRANKLIN.
J. W. Bachelor.

FOREST HILLS.
C. G. Ochs, 8 Hyde Park ave.

GLOUCESTER.
Frank M. Shurtleff, 114 Main st.

HAVERHILL.
William E. How, 27 Washington sq.

HUDSON.
Charles G. Fairbanks Co., 23 Main st.

JAMAICA PLAIN.
Barrett & Cannon, 114 South st.
P. F. Dresser, 731 Center st.

LAWRENCE.
James L. Fox, 20 Franklin st.

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A. C. Hosmer.

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G. C. Prince & Son, 108 Merrimac st.

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L. P. Russell, 83 Ferry st.
H. W. Sherburne (B. & M. R. R.)

MANCHESTER.
L. W. Floyd.

MEDFORD.
W. C. Morse, 94 Washington st.
Frank H. Peak, 13½ Riverside ave.

MEDFORD HILLSIDE.
Frank B. Gilman, 334 Boston ave.

WEST MEDFORD.
N. E. Wilbur, 476 High st.

MELROSE.
George L. Lawrence.

NEEDHAM.
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NEW BEDFORD.
G. L. Briggs, 161 Purchase st.

NEWBURYPORT.
Fowles News Company, 17 State st.

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A. S. Peterson.

ROSLINDALE.
W. W. Davis, 25 Poplar st.

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QUINCY.
L. A. Chapin.

READING.
M. F. Charles.

ROXBURY.
R. Allison & Co., 358B Warren st.
Benjamin DeYoung, 374 Blue Hill ave.
R. D. McKeen, 146 Dudley st.
W. E. Robbins, 3107 Washington st.
W. E. Robbins, Egleston square.

SALEM.
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SOMERVILLE.
G. T. Bailey, 245 Pearl st., Winter Hill.
H. W. Leach, 365 Somerville ave.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM.
J. F. Eber.

SPRINGFIELD.
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STONEHAM.
A. W. Rice.

THE NEWTONS.
G. F. Briggs, 273 Wash. st., Newton.
W. F. Woodman, 1241 Center st., Newton Center.
C. H. Stacey, P. O. bldg., W. Newton.
A. V. Harrington, Coles block, 365 Center st., Newton.
T. A. Geist, 221 Washington st., Newtonville.
Charles H. Stacy, West Newton.

WALTHAM.
E. S. Ball, 669 Main st.
W. N. Towne, 229 Moody st.

WAVERLEY.
W. J. Kewer, 18 Church st.

WEST SOMERVILLE.
L. H. Steele, 71 College ave.

WEYMOUTH.
C. H. Smith.

WINCHESTER.
A. W. Rooney.

WOBURN.
Moore & Parker.

WORCESTER.
F. A. Easton Company, corner Main and Pleasant sts.

CONNECTICUT.

BRIDGEPORT.
Bridgeport News Company, 248-250 Middle st.

NEW HAVEN.
The Connecticut News Company, 204-206 State st.

MAINE.

BANGOR—O. C. Bean.
BATH—L. B. Swett & Co.

LEWISTON.
N. D. Estes, 80 Lisbon st.

PORTLAND.
J. W. Peterson, 177 Middle st.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD.
W. C. Gibson, 106 North Main st.
Eugene Sullivan & Co., 1 No. Main st.

MANCHESTER.
L. T. Mead (City News Company), 12 Hanover st.
NASHUA—Spaulding & Trow.

PORTSMOUTH.
Portsmouth News Agency, 21 Congress st.

RHODE ISLAND.
WESTERLY—A. N. Nash.

VERMONT.

NEWPORT.
C. F. Bigelow, Bigelow's Pharmacy.

ST. JOHNSBURY.
Randall & Whitcomb, 27 Main st.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

A. R. JOB PRINTER, Wareham, $12-15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

A. R. JOB PRINTER, in Wellesley, $16. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

AUTO REPAIRER, in Hyannis, 35c. hr. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS' SUPPLIES SALESMAN wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

BLACKSMITH'S HELPER who can drive and toe, $10-13. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 28

BLACKSMITH AND HORSESHOER wanted, young. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 3

BLACKSMITH wanted, all-round man, steady job for the right man. A. I. BARTLETT, Shrewsbury, Mass. 28

BLACKSMITHS wanted; all-round and on power hammers; yearly position if capable. Apply to GRUMAN ICE TOOL WORKS, Branchville, Conn. 3

BOOKKEEPERS, 2, with department store experience, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 4

BOSS CARDER, charge of 15 sets of woolen cards, $18 per week; Massachusetts mill. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, Wool & Cotton Reporter, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 28

BOSS SPONGER, practical man, expert knowledge of materials, to manage sponging dept. large clothing house; understand steam and cold water sponging, adjust claims. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, Wool & Cotton Reporter, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 3

BOSS WEAVER—400 Whitin Plain looms; plain work; $18 weekly; do not apply if not willing to take at price offered. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 28

BOY on dairy farm, help milk (milking machine), care for cattle and deliver milk; good home with family; $15 month. R. R. HORNER, River View Farm, Bucksport, Me. 30

BOY, capable, wanted for general work, $5. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BOY wanted, wholesale dry goods; $4-$4.50. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BRASS FINISHER wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

BRASS WORKER, all-round man, for lathe and bench. Superintendent's office, AMERICAN SODA FOUNTAIN CO., 278 Congress st., Boston. 29

BRUSH MAKERS. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

CABINET MAKER Apply Thursday 4 p. m. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

CANDY MAKER wanted; one who understands all parts. CHAS. S. HOPKINS, 257 Commercial st., Provincetown, Mass. 4

CARPENTER (inside work), for educational institution, $40 month, board, room and washing. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

CASH BOY wanted for jewelers, $3.50. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

CLERKS—Young men clerks, 19-23 years; must be able to figure and add correctly; office 15 min. from Harvard sq. Apply at HOOD RUBBER CO., Watertown, Mass. 28

CLERK OR SALESMAN wanted, young, experienced wholesale paper. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

COMPOSITOR, first-class, wanted for job work; steady work, good pay. Apply to THE C. J. FOX CO., 236 Aborn st., Providence, R. I. 29

COMPOSITOR wanted (2-3). BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

COST CLERK WANTED—A client of ours operating a large manufacturing plant about 50 miles from Boston requires services of two or three active clerks for immediate work in the cost department; salary from $12 to $20 according to experience and availability; excellent prospect for young men who can do rapid and accurate work and are willing to hustle; reply by letter only, stating age, whether high school or business college graduate, full details of experience in office work, whether married or single, where now employed, how soon you would be at liberty to take a new position and salary expected. C. H. SCOVELL & CO., certified public accountants, 40 Central st., Boston. 3

ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL REPAIR MAN wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

ENGINEER, second class, $17, in Randolph. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

ENGINEER wanted, 2d-class, $18. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

ESTIMATOR, experienced on steam heating, $15-18. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

FIREMAN, colored man preferred, $14. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

FIREMAN, first or second class, in Canton, $15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

FISHER billing operator; begin Jan. 1, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

FIXER AND REPAIRER on Grossner, Hepworth & Beatty loopers and Merrow welting machines; $15, 57½ hours. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, Wool & Cotton Reporter, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 3

FLORIST—Wanted, a young married man to work on large modern greenhouse establishment located in the country at the Halifax railroad station, 28 miles from Boston; must be well recommended and have had sufficient experience to take care of a large house of carnations, shipping, making up, etc.; must be willing to take one or two boarders; wages $50 a month the year around; with a new 5-room house near the plant; running water, cellar, etc.; no rent, water taxes, car fares, etc. Apply to HALIFAX GARDEN CO., Halifax, Mass. 28

FOREMAN—Wanted, good outside foreman on erection of fire escapes and iron stairs; young man preferred; apply by letter, stating experience and wages wanted. HARTFORD IRON WORKS, 103 Potter st., Hartford Conn. 29

GROCER WANTED—Man capable of managing grocery and provision store and building up trade. W. O. BLAISDELL, 672 Main st., Winchester, Mass. 30

HAND TURRET OPERATORS, first class, wanted on automobile parts; no others need apply. METZ COMPANY, Crescent Park, Waltham, Mass. 29

INVENTORY CLERKS, some experience machinery or manufacturing lines. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

ITALIAN or Polish man, able to read and write English well. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

JOB COMPOSITOR wanted, $16-$18. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

JOB PRESS FEEDER, some typesetting. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

JOB PRESSFEEDER (boy) wanted near Malden, $6. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

JOB PRESS FEEDER, $9. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

JOB PRESSMAN wanted, $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

LASTING MACHINE OPERATOR wanted, first class, on consolidated lasting machine, misses' and children's shoes; also 2 good pullers over. C. W. BENNETT & CO., Inc., Fitchburg, Mass. 29

LINEMEN—Electric light linemen wanted for work in Hubbardston, Mass. Apply to FRED T. LEY & CO., 642 E. 1st st., South Boston. 30

M. A. H. S. graduate for office, $9-10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

MECHANIC—Wanted, a first-class mechanic to make all kinds of special taps; an opportunity for the right man to become foreman; address (by letter only, as no interviews will be granted unless written application is first made). L. A. LAMBERT, 27 Cumberland st., Boston. 29

MEAT CHEST MAN wanted, experienced, $14. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

MEAT CUTTER wanted, clean young man; must have full knowledge of the trade, temperate and well recommended. PORTER'S MARKET, 151 Summer st., Boston. 28

MEAT CUTTER wanted, East Boston, $12-$15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

MEAT CUTTER wanted, $12-$15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

NIGGERHEAD OPERATORS and pulling over operators wanted; union factory. HUCKINS & TEMPLE CO., Milford, Mass. 2

NIGHT BOSS SPINNER—Cotton mix wool spun cassimeres; Johnson & Bassett machines; $18, steady job. C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, AM. WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 3

NIGHT WATCHMAN wanted, fireman's license, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

OFFICE CLERKS wanted, living in or near Newton or suburbs, $8-$10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

OFFICE CLERK (young) in suburbs, $8. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

OFFICE BOYS (4) wanted, neat and with good references; $4. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

ORDER CLERK wanted; groceries, $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

OUTER SOLE SORTER, beam dinker, heel scourer, edge trimmer and edge setter and buffer wanted; steady work. THOMAS G. PLANT CO., corner Center and Bickford sts., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 29

OUTSIDE CUTTERS and top cutters on men's work, FRAMINGHAM SHOE CO., South Framingham, Mass. 28

OUTSIDE CUTTERS wanted on men's fine shoes; apply at factory. HUCKINS & TEMPLE CO., Milford, Mass. 29

OVERSEER, take charge Sargents wool scouring machine and carbonizing plant; state age, address, wages, etc. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, Wool & Cotton Reporter, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 3

PHOTO PRINTER—Young man with experience in amateur printing, enlarging and copying. Apply to RALPH HARRIS & CO., 26 Bromfield st., Boston. 29

PICTURE REPAIRER wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

PIPE CUTTING machine operator wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

PLUMBING and steam supplies, stock order and clerk. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 3

PLUMBING and steam supplies order clerk. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

PRESSMAN, first-class, wanted for job presses; steady work. Apply to THE C. J. FOX CO., 236 Aborn st., Providence, R. I. 29

PRINTER WANTED—Man thoroughly familiar with both composition and presswork, to take charge of small private printing plant; must be a worker and thoroughly temperate; excellent position; steady work for the right man. Please write, giving full particulars to W. M. ROSE, Hyde Park, Mass. 3

PRINTING PRESSMAN, $16. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

PULLERS and No. 5 operators wanted, union prices. RICE & HUTCHINS, Rockland, Mass. 3

REPAIR MAN wanted, experienced, at private school; $40 and found. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

RESIDENT MANAGER or superintendent of grounds for 100-acre estate, 35 miles from Boston; one of proven ability considered only. Apply 12-1, WM. T. RICHARDSON, 3 Equitable bldg., Boston. 1

ROUGH CARPENTER in Wellesley Hills, $20-$25 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

SALESMAN WANTED—Thorough business salesman wanted in Boston and vicinity; good opportunity for the right party. NEWARK MAT & RUBBER CO., 15 Court sq., room 52. 30

SALESMAN, experienced grocers' and bakers' supplies. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

SALESMAN, grocery specialty, with trade. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

SALESMAN, retail book, A1, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

SALESMAN wanted (wholesale flour). BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

SALES MANAGERS wanted; three, for cities in Essex county; salary $18 to $30; teams furnished. Apply WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., Malden, Mass. 4

SAUSAGE MAKER wanted, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

SECTION MAN in drawing, Bradford system, 27½c an hour; all or part time at once; Massachusetts mill. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, Wool & Cotton Reporter, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 3

SHOEMAKER wanted, hand-sewed shoes, experienced. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

SIDE LASTER wanted, permanent position. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

SLATER wanted, first-class. M. A. NORTON, 71 Highland st., Hartford, Conn. 28

SOLE LEATHER CUTTER on Knox machines in Stoneham, $15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

STABLE MAN wanted out of town, married (milk business); $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STEAM HEATING ESTIMATOR wanted. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

STEAMFITTER wanted, 5 years' experience; $18-$22. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STENOGRAPHER, young, near Quincy, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STENOGRAPHER wanted, young, $8-$10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

STENOGRAPHER wanted, suburbs, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 30

STOCK BOY (large) wanted, $4. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STOCKMAN wanted, experienced white paper; $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

TINSMITHS, 27½c-30c hour; steady work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

TOOL MAKERS on jigs and fixtures, 30c-32½c hour, in Lynn. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

WOOL REPRESENTATIVE wanted in Boston. GEO. E. BOWERS, Chotean, Mont. 1

WORKING SUPERINTENDENT, small mill; man who understands the manufacture of flannels and cloth. C. H. CHISHOLM, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, Wool & Cotton Reporter, 530 Atlantic av., Boston. 3

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

A1 SECOND GIRL wanted, Protestant; must be young. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

AMERICAN WOMAN wanted (middle-aged preferred) for general housework in family 4 adults; good home for the right person. GEORGE F. FULLER, 22 Washington ave., Winthrop, Mass. 1

A. R. MACHINIST (bench work), $3 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

ASSISTANT for kitchen work in boarding house (room out). HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BAKERY SALESGIRL, $8. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BAKE SHOP GIRL wanted, $12 month, board and room, in hotel. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 1

BINDERY WORK, experienced, $8 week, or by piece work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER $5 week; Smith machine. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, $12-$15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BOOKKEEPER and typewriter, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BOOKKEEPER and ledger clerk, $10-$12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

BUTTON HOLE STITCHER. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

CANVASSER, 50c day and commission (toilet articles). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

CASHIERS AND EXAMINERS—Wanted, additional cashiers and examiners, preferably with department store experience; must be 16 years of age and grammar school graduates; examiners receive $4 and cashiers $6 weekly to begin with; an opportunity for promotion into other lines of work. Apply 9th floor office, WM. FILENE'S SONS CO., 453 Washington st., Boston. 3

CLERKS—Young lady clerks wanted, 19-23 years; must be able to figure and add correctly; office 15 min. from Harvard sq. Apply at HOOD RUBBER CO., Watertown, Mass. 28

COOKS wanted, good wages, with reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

COMPOSITOR wanted for working on mailing list; one with experience preferred. THE ARAKELYAN PRESS, 2568 Congress st., Boston. 3

DEMONSTRATOR (gens, etc.), in window, $1 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

EMBROIDERERS, experienced on hand buttonhole stitch; steady work year round. STANDARD MFG. CO., 77 Bedford st., Boston. 4

EXPERIENCED person wanted to take orders for circular work; salary, commission; apply by letter only. MISS DREW, 73 Tremont st., Boston. 3

FACTORY GIRLS, 83-88, Boston and vicinity. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

GENERAL MAIDS wanted for private families. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

FACTORY GIRLS, $4. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 1

FOLDING, no experience necessary, $5 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

GIRLS (4), quick and accurate figurers, $8-$10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

GRAMMAR PRINCIPAL wanted; $500. EASTERN TEACHERS' AGENCY, 6 Beacon st., Boston. 28

GRAMMAR TEACHER wanted, ungraded; $10-$14. EASTERN TEACHERS' AGENCY, 6 Beacon st., Boston. 28

HOUSEWORK GIRL wanted in Boston, $3 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEKEEPER wanted, middle-aged; no objection to one child. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEWORK—Protestant woman for housework in apartment in Dorchester; easy work, go home nights; call evenings, J. ROGERS, 663 Columbia rd., Dorchester, Mass. 4

HOUSEWORK GIRL wanted in Boston, $3 week and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEWORK GIRL wanted in Boston, $3.50 week, board and room; private family of 5. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEWORK GIRL wanted in Roxbury, $3 week, board and room; private family of 6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEWORK GIRL wanted in Roslindale; $7 week, room and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEWORK GIRL wanted in Roslindale, $1.50-$2 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

HOUSEWORK, in Brookline. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

KITCHEN WOMAN, $4 week, board and room; must be single, young and strong. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

MAID wanted, Protestant, for general housework, family of 4; wages $6 if experienced and capable. MRS. R. M. HENDERSON, 85 Johnson ave., Winthrop Center, Mass. Phone Win. 661-M. 30

MAID (young) wanted to do general housework in small apartment, and be willing to wheel out a small child; recommendations required. MRS. A. B. RIDER, suite 2; 893 Washington st., Brookline, Mass. 29

MAID—Wanted, capable woman for general housework; small family; American preferred. F. I. BLANCHARD, 25 Farragut rd. Swampscott, Mass. 1

MAID—Wanted, an experienced general housework maid. Protestant; family of 4, at Hingham, Mass. Apply Dec. 30 between 12 and 4, or Jan. 1, between 9 and 2, to MISS GRACE CHAMBERLAIN, 27 Maple ave., Cambridge, Mass. 3

MAID—Protestant girl wanted for second work and plain sewing in small family. MRS. J. J. BRIGHT, 91 Salisbury road, Brookline, Mass. 3

MAID wanted to assist in caring for 2 bright boys; one who is capable of teaching music to young beginners; girl from 15 to 20 preferred. GEO. H. METSERVE, East Hartford, Conn. 1

MAID—Wanted, an experienced and capable girl to do chamber work, and help wait on table; can go home nights; references required; call between 10 and 12 a. m. HENRY W. FORD, 136 St., Boston. 1

MAIDS WANTED in families where they can have good homes at fair wages. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylstone st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

MAID—Experienced general housework girl wanted; good home, good wages. MRS. ROSENFIELD, 17 Winslow rd., Brookline, Mass.; tel. Brookline 1774-W. 3

MAID—Wanted, experienced Swede, Norwegian or Nova Scotia (Protestant) maid; general housework, small family, no children; good wages; references required. MISS MAY M. BEMENT, 635 Westford st., Lowell, Mass.; tel. 331. 1

MAID wanted for second or general work in a small private boarding house; home nights. MRS. S. A. WILSON, 173 St. Botolph st., Boston. 4

MAID—Woman to do housework in exchange for furnished basement rooms; references required. MRS. HOLBROOK, 54 St. Stephen st., Boston. 3

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

MAID wanted, experienced, for general housework in family of 4; must be good cook. Apply after 10 a. m. at LINCOLN HOUSE RESIDENCE, 68 Emerald st., Boston. 3

MILLINERY APPRENTICES wanted—Apply to MRS. MAXWELL, 39 Temple pl., Boston, up 1 flight. 30

MANGLE GIRL wanted, $18 month and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

NURSERY MAID wanted, $2-$2.50 week and board, in city. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

SALES WOMEN wanted who are thoroughly experienced in selling suits, waists and underwear. Apply mornings at ninth floor office, WM. FILENE'S SONS CO., 457 Washington st., Boston. 29

SAMPLE MAKERS, A1 only and experienced finishers and waist makers; best wages and steady work. ORIENTAL GARMENT CO., 16 Beach st., Boston. 30

SECOND MAID wanted for Cambridge. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

SECRETARY (stenography and typewriting), $10 week, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

SEW, finish with tailor, $6 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

STENOGRAPHER. Watertown, $10. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STENOGRAPHER, Remington, $12. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STENOGRAPHER, court hearings, $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

STENOGRAPHER, $6 week; Smith-Premier. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Competent young woman of good family, experienced stenographer, with thorough knowledge of English. Apply by letter only. DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT CO., 46 Clinton st., room 303, Boston. 4

STENOGRAPHERS (two), $6. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

TAILORESS, $8-$10, in Roslindale. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

TYPIST, $6 week (Protestant); Remington machine. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

TYPEWRITER, Smith Premier, temporary, $6. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 28

YOUNG GIRL wanted to help with housework in a small suite, and take some care of 15-months-old child. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

YOUNG GIRL wanted to work afternoons, housework, in small suite. MRS. CARTER, 93 Waldeck st., Dorchester, Mass. 2

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISING MAN with 12 years of valuable retail store experience will be open for a position after Jan. 15, and can be furnished. J. S. GREEN, care suite 31, 9 Norway st., Boston. 2

AGENT—Position as New England agent for western or southern manufacturer; any line considered; best references. A. L. KNOWLES, 11 Robinson st., Somerville, Mass. 4

AMERICAN COUPLE (one child) want place in country; wife board help; man, horses, teaming, poultry, care of trees; strictly temperate; references. J. A. ARNOLD, 667 Massachusetts ave., Boston. 1

AMERICAN, 24, temperate, high school education, accustomed to travel, wishes position. FRANK MERTON, gen. del., Boston. 1

AMERICAN young man, 25, good education, strictly temperate, wishes employment of any kind; best references employ. GRISWOLD, 10 Salem st., Medford, Mass. 3

APPRENTICE, mechanical draftsman, age 18, residence Somerville, $9. Mention 6549. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 3

ASSISTANT JANITOR, young man, 21, would like position; or any other work paying $10-12. WM. H. MEEGHEN, 26 Walter ave., Brookline, Mass. 29

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MAN, age 27, single, residence Winthrop, $15, good exp. and ref. Mention 6554. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 29

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW (30), having business experience desires position as claim adjuster. RALPH D. PERRY, 141 Harold st., Roxbury, Mass. 3

AUTOMOBILES—Boy, 19, would like mechanical position in automobile factory or business to learn designing and auto engineer; good mechanical draughtsman; knowledge of automobiles. M. GREEN-HOOD, 267 St. Botolph st., Boston, Mass. 2

BOOKKEEPER and clerical work, age 26, single, residence W. Somerville, good exp. and ref. Mention 6555. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 29

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, clerk, fair stenographer, A1 penman, 20 years' experience in transportation, mercantile and hotel lines and auditing; go anywhere. J. C. C. HARRIS, 14 Bellflower st., Dorchester, Mass. 2

BOSS FINISHER, woolen mill, now holding position wish company of reputation; experienced in face finish and worsteds; married; English. (10564.) C. H. Chisholm, Mgr., Dept. Skilled Labor, WOOL & COTTON REPORTER, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 4

BOY (colored) (16), considerable experience as choreboy, wants permanent position. EDWARD CLARK, 43 Pleasant st., Cambridge, Mass. 2

BOY, 15, wants position in office; two years' high school education, experienced in card index filing; best references. JOSEPH H. DAVIS, 93 Cottage st., East Boston, Mass. 3

BUFFER, nickel, silver, brass, copper and plating, age 30, residence Wakefield. Mention 6550. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 29

BUTLER-COOK, married couple, desire position; man as butler or general man, wife, cook. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., room 2, Boston. 2

CASHIER, clerical work and office assistant, age 23, married, residence Medford. $16-14. Mention 6551. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 29

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, reliable, single, best references, willing to be generally useful, wishes position. WILLIAM J. TAYLOR, 87 Franklin st., Allston, Mass. 30

CHAUFFEUR—Young man desires position in private family; good repair man; best of references from last employer. T. W. ERNST, 14 Oak Square ave., Brighton, Mass. 29

CHAUFFEUR—Young man (24) wishes position as chauffeur for private family; Boston preferred. RALPH ROSSON, 619 Ferry st., New Haven, Conn. 3

CHAUFFEUR—Young married man, 5 years' experience, wishes position; makes all own repairs; best references. AARON B. HUBBS, 40 Brown st., Hartford, Conn. 3

CHAUFFEUR—Young man, single, desires position in private family; experienced, reliable, good references. THOMAS F. DONAHUE, 142 Boylston st., Brookline, Mass. 4

CHAUFFEUR wants permanent position; thoroughly experienced; willing and obliging; present employer going abroad. HAROLD C. WILLIAMS, 169 Massachusetts ave.,

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

CHAMBERMAID, excellent references, MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., Boston, room 2. 2

CLERKS desires positions. Tel. Fort Hill 3384. Address REV. G. F. DURGIN, pastor Bromfield Street Methodist church, 42 Bromfield st., Boston (Working Girls Club).

COMPANION—Young lady desires position as companion or private secretary. MISS RACHEL HICKS, 201 Elwood st., Middletown, Mass. 3

COMPANION-ATTENDANT — Lady of refinement, with some institutional training, wishes position. MISS E. B. DE BRISAY, 102 Rockview st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 4

COMPANIONABLE, REFINED YOUNG WOMAN wishes position; no remuneration; comfortable home; willing to live in country or travel; shopping, sewing; references. M. M. BENT, 22 Thayer st., Brookline, Mass. 2

COMPANION—Position wanted as companion; no housework, but will help with sewing. For particulars address MISS GRACE H. COLLIER, 43 Hemenway st., Boston. 3

COMPANION—Middle-aged lady, refined, cheerful, agreeable, wishes position, reading, writing or assisting in other light duties. MRS. NELLIE C. CUMMINGS, 15 Oakland st., Roxbury, Mass. 2

COMPOSITOR, thoroughly experienced on book and newspaper work, also some experience as proofreader, wishes position; references given. MISS HELEN JACKSON, 103 Pembroke st., Boston. 29

COOK, young colored woman, wishes position as cook or general housemaid; city or suburbs; good references. MARIA HILL, 209 Cambridge sts., Boston. 29

COOK, Scotch Protestant, wishes position; best references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 29

COOK and waitress wish situations together or separate; best references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 29

COOK—Refined woman wishes position as second cook in the city; restaurant or lunch room. EMMA MERRIAM, 6 Corning st., Boston. 29

COOK—Wanted in private family where kitchen maid is kept, position as cook; first-class city references. MARY MELVIN, 40 Clarendon st., Boston. 29

COOK and second maid, Swedish, desire positions together; best references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge. Tel. 2904-W. 27

COOK, first-class, would like a position in private family. Call at SWEDISH EMP. OFFICE, 5 Fayette st., Boston; Miss Anna Osterberg; tel. Tre. 2404-R. 1

COOK, experienced, wishes position; private or institution, club or cafe; or will take housekeeper's position. MARY A. McDUFFEE, 295 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass. 2

COOK (30), experienced, speaks good English, wishes position in New York or Boston. ELINA CANON, 206 E. 39th st., New York. 3

COOK and second maid, Nova Scotians; both thoroughly competent; second maid excellent waitress; best references; willing to go to suburbs. MISS SHEA'S EMP. BUREAU, 37 Fayette st., Boston. 4

COOK—Capable girl desires position at cooking; references furnished. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2904-W. 2

COOK, Protestant, wishes position; good manager; don't object to country; best references. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., Boston, room 2. 2

COOK, Protestant, wants situation in school or small hotel; best references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 4

COOK—German woman wants position; club or private boarding house; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge. Tel. 2904-W. 2

COOK AND SECOND—Two Swedish girls desire positions together; can furnish excellent references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2904-W. 2

COOK AND SECOND GIRL (Swedish), reliable, wish positions together; good references. Apply at SWEDISH EMP. OFFICE, 5 Fayette st., Boston; Miss Anna Osterberg; tel. Tre. 2404-R. 1

CORSET MAKER wishes position, experienced in all parts of the work. M. J. MUNSON, 119 Summer st., Somerville, Mass. 14

COPYING—Position wanted copying or addressing envelopes; best references. EMMA HAVEN, 784 Mass. ave., Boston. 2

DAY WORK wanted by thoroughly reliable woman; best references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 29

DAY WORK wanted by very capable young woman; white, Protestant; best reference; in town or out; please apply by letter only. MISS MADDEN, 37 East Newton st., Boston. 3

DAY WORK wanted by a thoroughly reliable woman; best references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 4

DAY WORK wanted by a woman to go home nights; good plain cook, general housework or plain sewing and mending. Address MRS. ANDREW BASSETT, 18 Groton st., Boston. 1

D. E. BOOKKEEPER (21), 6 years' experience, references, Boston resident, wishes position; salary $10. JENNIE E. COWAN, 66 Bartlett st., Boston. 4

DRESSMAKER—Thoroughly experienced on the best class of work, wishes employment. MRS. B. M. BARTLETT, 99 Newbury st., Boston, Mass. 2

DRESSMAKER, experienced, wishes employment. MRS. L. L. WHITMORE, 205 Huntington ave., Boston. 3

DRESSMAKER—Experienced cutter and fitter wishes employment. MISS MAUD McLEAN, 128 Charles st., Boston. 4

DRESSMAKER-TAILORESS, thoroughly experienced best class of work, wishes employment. MISS MARY GALLOWAY, 58 Templeton st., Dorchester, Mass. 4

GENERAL HOUSEWORK GIRL with first-class reference desires position. SWEDISH EMP. BUREAU, 5 Fayette st., Boston; Miss A. Osterberg; tel. Tre. 2404-R. 1

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by a capable girl; best references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2904-W. 2

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by a capable Nova Scotia Protestant girl; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2904-W. 2

GENERAL HOUSEWORK by day or hour wanted by capable woman. MRS. HOLMES, 64 Cross st., Somerville, Mass. 4

GENERAL HOUSEWORK or cooking wanted by neat, capable, trustworthy German Protestant girl; excellent plain cook, good laundress; references. MISS SHEA'S EMP. BUREAU, 37 Fayette St., Boston. 4

GENERAL MAID wants situation; excellent references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2391-M. 29

GENERAL MAID wants situation, excellent references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 29

GENERAL OFFICE WORK—Bookkeeping, etc., wanted by woman of long experience and highest references. SARAH S. C. WOODS, Warren st., Brookline, Mass. 1

GENERAL WORK wanted by the day, by neat colored girl. W. B. PERRIN, 129 Dartmouth st., Boston. 30

GENERAL WORK of all kinds wanted by the day, in town or out. MRS. MARY E. PITMAN, 174 Hicks st., West Newton, Mass. 2

GENERAL WORK wanted cleaning, etc., by day or hour, in or around Boston. MRS. MINNIE LENNON, 24 Conant st., Roxbury, Mass. 3

GENERAL WORK wanted by day or hour, or will take permanent position at fair salary. MRS. TERESA BROWNELL, care Mrs. Doherty, 5 Andrew st., Boston. 4

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

GOVERNESS, young woman, Protestant, refined and educated, desires employment as governess or companion; will call any evening for personal interview. MISS ALICE HAMBLIN, The University, suite 8, Cambridge, Mass. 29

GOVERNESS, companion, housekeeper, refined, capable lady wishes position; successful with children; understands housekeeping; good cook; reads aloud well; excellent references. MISS M. E. LINCOLN, 10 Cumberland st., Boston, suite 2. 3

GOVERNESS—Boston or New York; officer's daughter; good accent; full charge; can teach piano; first-class references. MISS KATHLEEN MANNING, 15 Gray st., Boston. 2

HOUSEKEEPER—Capable, trustworthy, experienced, desires position for one or two adults; references. Address MISS HELEN REED, Sharon, Mass., box 252. 1

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position in small family or where maid is kept; good references. MRS. MILES, 56 Rutland sq., Boston. 29

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined lady would like position as housekeeper for elderly couple or elderly lady; $5 per week. MISS EDITH MOORE, Millbrook, Mass. 29

HOUSEKEEPER or chambermaid wants position in hotel or boarding house; good worker, capable, well recommended; any position of trust; city or suburbs. MISS E. HANSON, 20 Juliette st., Dorchester, Mass. 4

HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged, desires position; good cook, neat, and pleasant disposition. Address MRS. N. LOUIS, 112 Hawthorn st., suite 2, Chelsea, Mass. 1

HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, American, middle aged, wishes position as working housekeeper for elderly couple or small family. MRS. JENNIE S. BENNETT, 713 Tremont st., Boston. (Upper bell.) 1

HOUSEKEEPER — Thoroughly capable woman, with daughter of 18, wishes position as managing housekeeper; excellent cook. MRS. M. HODSDON, 27 Cumberland st., Boston. 2

HOUSEKEEPER — Protestant woman wishes position as housekeeper in working man's family; suburbs preferred; best of references. MRS. A. A. GORHAM, 40 Siren st., Winthrop, Mass. 2

HOUSEKEEPER—Cultured, middle-aged woman wishes position, any place where competency and trustworthiness will be appreciated; highest references. MRS. J. THOMAS, 103 North st., Medford Hillside, Mass. 2

HOUSEKEEPER—Reliable, capable Protestant woman, elderly, desires position; or will act as attendant; experience. MISS E. L. WOOD, 4 Union park, Boston. 2

HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted by thoroughly reliable and capable woman. NELLIE F. BARRY, 69 Bonair st., East Somerville, Mass. 3

HOUSEKEEPERS wish positions. Tel. Fort Hill 3384. Address REV. G. F. DURGIN, pastor Bromfield St. Methodist church, 42 Bromfield st., Boston (Working Girls Club). 3

HOUSEWORK — Competent, trustworthy woman wishes position to do light housework for elderly person near Boston. DUDLEY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 272 Dudley st., Roxbury, Mass. 2

LAUNDRESS, first-class, wishes position in private family. Call at SWEDISH EMP. BUREAU, 5 Fayette st., Boston; tel. Tre. 2404-R. 1

LAUNDRESSES AND CLEANERS by the hour and day or week. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 1

LAUNDRESS, first class, city or country, references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 2391-M. 4

LAUNDRESS desires employment at home; good work; out-door drying. E. BUCHANAN, 32 Holyoke st., Boston. 2

LAUNDRESS, excellent references. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., Boston, room 2. 2

LAUNDRESS, first class, desires accommodating laundry or other work; capable of doing any branch of housework; large or small household; best Back Bay references. MISS SHEA'S EMP. BUREAU, 37 Fayette st., Boston. Tel. 2404-W Tre. 4

LAUNDRESS—Capable colored woman wishes employment at home or will go out by the day. MRS. ETTA HILL, 20 Northfield st., Roxbury, Mass. 3

LAUNDRESS, thoroughly experienced, wishes employment at home. MRS. E. VAUGHAN, 308 Tremont st., Boston. 3

MAID—Capable young woman wishes position in small family for general housework; best references; city or out. AGNES E. FREELAND, 1 Fayette st. (off Pleasant), Boston. 2

MAID—Young girl (colored) would like work mornings or chamber work or apartments to clean. MISS JOSIE ADDISON, 80 Windsor st., Roxbury, Mass. 4

MAID—Capable colored girl wishes position to do general housework in private family. MISS CARRIE DANIEL, 33 Westminster st., Roxbury, Mass. 3

MAID—Colored girl wishes position at light housework or chamber work; go home nights. ANNIE ENGLISH, 40 Piedmont st., Boston. 4

MAIDS, 3, P. E. I. girls; general maid (good cook), laundress, waitress. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., Boston, room 2. 2

MAN AND WIFE, Protestants; woman excellent cook, laundress; man general work; licensed chauffeur; willing to be generally useful; best references; city or country. MISS SHEA'S EMP. BUREAU, 37 Fayette st., Boston. 4

MOTHER'S HELPER or nurserymaid would like care of child not under 2 years of age. EDITH CANN, Pleasant st., Arlington, Mass. 30

MUSICAL STUDENT wishes position to exchange light services for board and room. Apply SOCIAL SERVICE AGENT, W. E. & I. Union, 264 Boylston st., Boston. 4

NEGATIVE RETOUCHER, with 6 years' experience in Europe, wishes position. S. LOFSTEDT, 171 Hemenway st., Boston. 3

NURSERYMAID, excellent references. MISS BAGLEY'S EMP. OFFICE, 36 Boylston st., Boston, room 2. 2

OFFICE WORK wanted by young lady; addressing, filing, copying and tending to telephone; good penman and excellent references; city or suburbs. EVELYN ASHLEY TURNER, 39 Worcester sq., Boston. 3

PRIVATE SWITCHBOARD position wanted by an experienced operator; other work in connection if essential; references; state hours and wages. MISS MARION L. JONES, 51 Homestead st., suite 1, Roxbury, Mass. 29

SEAMSTRESS desires employment doing plain sewing or making children's clothes. E. W. RAYMOND, 123 Warren ave., Boston. 3

SEAMSTRESSES wish positions. Tel. Fort Hill 3384. Address REV. G. F. DURGIN, pastor Bromfield St. Methodist church, 42 Bromfield st., Boston (Working Girls Club). 3

SEAMSTRESS — Middle-aged woman wishes employment, plain sewing or mending. MRS. JENNY JEFFREY, 17 Colby pl., Lynn, Mass. 2

SEAMSTRESS, capable, wishes employment by the day in private family or with dressmaker. E. CAUSNETT, 31 Sterling st., Boston. 3

SECOND MAID, colored, experienced, excellent references. Apply at MISS LARKIN'S EMP. OFFICE, 82 Berkeley st., Boston. Tel. Tre. 2391-M. 4

SECOND OR NURSERY WORK wanted by a capable girl; references furnished. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2904-W. 2

STENOGRAPHER (21), single, residence South Boston; $8-$9 week; good references and experience. Mention No. 6546. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 29

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER—Position wanted by young woman; 2½ years' good experience; office employing her transferred to New York; references. Address LIBRARY CLUB HOUSE, 18 Hull st., Boston. Tel. Rich. 79. 3

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced in both private and exchange work, wishes position; Lawrence or Boston and vicinity; best references. LILLIAN M. LONG, 50 Hancock st., Lawrence, Mass. 2

WAITRESS or chamber work wanted, or position as working housekeeper in lodging house. MISS RAYMOND, 208 Washington st., Lynn, Mass. 3

WAITRESSES wish positions. Tel. Fort Hill 3384. Address REV. G. F. DURGIN, pastor Bromfield St. Methodist Church, 42 Bromfield st., Boston (Working Girls Club). 3

WAITRESS, chamber or kitchen work wanted by 2 sisters; N. S. girls; references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2904-W. 2

WOMAN wishing to keep baby with her wants general housework in small family. Address MRS. SMITH, Box 3169, Boston. 4

WORK wanted by the day, or as laundress in private family, by competent woman; references. MRS. ROSE CAMPBELL, 134 Pleasant st., Dorchester, Mass. 4

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted by competent woman. J. McCOMAC, 56 Dundee st., suite 1, Boston. 4

YOUNG WOMAN wishes position tutoring children in music, or reading to an elderly person. A. E. McMAHON, 878 Huntington av., Boston. 30

EASTERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BOOKKEEPER (28), thorough executive, credit man, correspondent; familiar with instalment business; highest references. EDWARD GOLDSTONE, 212½ Camden st., Newark, N. J. 30

DENTIST—Wanted at once, man for dental laboratory; crown, bridge work; quick, accurate; reference; state salary. W. S. HAWKINS, 518 University blk., Syracuse, N. Y. 1

EMBOSSER—One for medals on automatic press; only experienced and recommended need apply. BENZIGER BROS., New Kalb ave., Rockwell pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. 29

GARDENER—Japanese or other foreign gardener, expert in culture of trees, shrubs, plants, fruits and flowers and utilizing flowers for food. Address NATION PUBLISHING CO., 195 Fulton st., New York. 4

SHIPPING CLERK wanted over 23 years of age; industrious, reliable, capable of taking charge of department and furnishing satisfactory service. THE AMERICAN MULTIGRAPH SALES CO., 346 Broadway, New York. 1

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

MAID wanted to take care of a lady's room and assist lady. Apply by letter to MRS. H. N. COLLIER, care E. Marquard, 103 P. O. bldg., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. 3

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted for two children (6 and 2½); no other duties; permanent for right person; references required. CAPT. W. R. BETTISON, Ft. Wright, Fisher's Island, N. Y. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER — Young man, refined, desires permanent position ($8); reference if desired; apply by letter only. WILBUR ROTH, 2309 N. 9th st., Philadelphia. 3

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, 32, single, accurate, of high character and ability, having 14 years' experience in retail, wholesale and manufacturing business, desires position; unquestionable references; 6 years with one concern. E. H. POGSON, 151 W. 70th st., New York city. 3

BUILDER AND ESTIMATOR on two-family house construction desires position. LOUIS BRODIE, room 309, 92 William st., New York. 4

CARPENTER, French, desires position in an apartment house or hotel; wages $15-16 week; vicinity New York city. CHARLES LEAHY, 316 W. 116th st., New York. 1

CHAUFFEUR—Young man, good mechanic, wishes position with private family; strictly temperate; city or country. LE ROY HENNINGS, 14 104th st. West, New York city. 29

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes place driving, in garage, or as demonstrator; will furnish best of reference; strictly temperate. B. STEPHENSON, 3952 Market st., Philadelphia, Pa. 1

CHEF (Swiss-French), could be at leisure on or before March, wishes permanent situation in private family; Brookline, Mass., and Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; private service; references; weekly wages $15. VICTOR CURCHOD, P. O. Bronxville, N. Y. 29

CLEANER (colored man) wants situation; fully understands all branches of cleaning; also care of steam heaters, etc.; private or public, by day or week; willing to be generally useful; not afraid of work; best city references. Address one week, THOS. W. THOMPSON, 517 S. 16th st., Philadelphia. 29

CLERK—Young man desires position in New York; good references; no experience; will start low salary. F. G. SPARK, Anthaeus garage, Broadway and 87th st., New York. 1

CLERK, experienced, desires position. HENRY M. WOOD, 320 Earlham ter., Germantown, Philadelphia. 4

COMPANION—Position wanted by high school teacher, who has traveled in Europe, as companion-tutor to 1 or 2 young men going abroad this summer. J. M. LORING, 109 Waterville st., Waterbury, Conn. 3

LINOTYPE OPERATOR wants situation; newspaper work. RALPH CONOVER, 91 Main st., Binghamton, N. Y. 1

OFFICE AND FIELD MANAGER, experienced, desires position east of Omaha; excellent references. C. H. WHITE, 1214 Spring st., Syracuse, N. Y. 3

PAINTER—Practical painter wishes employment; inside or outside work; very reasonable. P. B. LYONS, 1609 Park av., Philadelphia. 30

SALESMAN wishes position; experienced, good references; will travel; full particulars. JOHN H. GOODWIN, 348 First st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 1

SALESMAN (33), at present employed, capable and tactful, desires connection with reputable concern to travel in middle West; references. EDWARD COYLE, 311 W. 13th st., New York city. 29

SALESMAN wishes position in eastern city as salesman for lighting fixture department; can handle any kind of contract which requires ability to secure. GEO. E. HAMLIN, 217 N. 59th st., Philadelphia. 29

SALESMAN (28) wishes position as traveling or indoor salesman; can furnish A1 references as to ability and character. PAUL F. MARX, 21 Brevoort pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone 3517-L Prospect. 3

SALESMAN acquainted with large trade in New York wants position to carry line of shirt waists. AARON LICHTENSTEIN, 1035 Tiffany st., New York. 3

SALESMAN-CORRESPONDENT, with executive ability, able to take charge of branch office or department, seeks connection with reliable house. CHARLES LUDWIG, 3557 Broadway, New York. 28

TRANSLATOR, skilled in French, English, Flemish (Dutch) desires position to do translating, correspondence and interpretation. ERNEST TERNEST, 265 129th st., New York city. 29

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT—Refined, educated young woman desires to give house services in exchange for room and board; New York city. MARGARET HARLOW, 219 W. 104th st., New York. Tel. Riverside 50-83J. 29

ASSISTANT—Young woman wishes position in small family; light housework and sewing; understands German; New York, New Jersey or Pennsylvania. J. MASON, 535 Bloomfield ave., Montclair, N. J.

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT—Colored graduate wishes employment, part time, day or night. MARY E. HARRIS, 53 E. 132d st., New York city. 1

COMPANION—Refined woman desires position as companion or managing housekeeper; capable of taking entire charge of large house; would go South. MRS. H. M. DEY, 92 Mt. Zion way, Ocean Grove, N. J. 3

COMPANION—Educated lady would like position in New York city; good reader and writer, English and German; very good sewer, mender and darner; first-class city reference. MISS RAE SAMUELS, care Mrs. Field, 264 E. 78th st., New York. 2

COOK—American woman, reliable, trustworthy, wishes position in first-class hotel or boarding house; references. MRS. ADA COLLINS, R. F. D. Box 67, Higginson, Conn. 3

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER for elderly or business lady; writing, reading, sewing, shopping, housemother or assistant matron of institution; refined; best references. MISS EMMA B. RICE, 229 W. 69th st., New York city. Care Miss Almira Robinson. 3

COOK, American, 40, 3½ years in present position; sole reason for leaving need of broader experience; best of references, personal or letters; free Jan. 5. MRS. BELLE B. COLEMAN, 316 W. 84th st., New York. 2

COOK (30), experienced, speaks good English, wishes position in New York or Boston. ELINA CANON, 206 E. 39th st., New York. 3

CUTTER and fitter of waists and coats, first class, wishes position in high-class dressmaking establishment. ANNA E. DE BLANCH, 278 Madison ave., New York. 29

DRESSMAKER, first-class, 7 years' experience cutting, fitting, remodeling, desires employment by the day. MRS. E. GARDNER, 16 W. 31st st., New York. 1

DRESSMAKER—Competent, wishes employment. MISS EMMA V. DUNN, 2228 Fifth ave., New York. 2

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT—Lady wishes position as editor's assistant, editor of woman's page, editorial clerk or correspondent; typewriting; no stenography. Apply by letter only to MRS. C. A. D. COOPER, 1528 Hoe ave., Bronx, New York city. 3

GARDENER-FARMER—American, married, no children; Protestant; wife good housekeeper, cook, butter maker; references. C. VAN COTT, 252 W. 135th st., New York city. 28

GENERAL OFFICE CLERK—Lady desires position with corporation or other firm; years of experience; highest references; best of ability. A. LILY McELRAY, care Mrs. Blake, 370 St. Nicholas ave., Manhattan, N. Y. 3

GENTLEWOMAN would like responsible position, not menial, in family in exchange for room or temporary home. MRS. AGNES DAVIDSON, care Mrs. Ernest Leins, 362 W. 45th st., New York. 2

HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged American woman with little girl, competent, reliable, good cook and laundress, wishes position; country, near school, preferred. MRS. ELLA ROSE, R. F. D. Box 67, Higginson, Conn. 3

HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman, refined, agreeable, wishes position in New York city as managing housekeeper, companion or assistant. ELIZABETH BOURA, 214 W. 104th st., New York. 29

KINDERGARTEN GRADUATE desires position as companion or teacher of children. MRS. KATHRYN BARBER, 35 Prospect st., Nyack, N. Y. 3

MAID—Colored woman wishes position to do housework for one or two ladies, or as laundress; go home nights. LOUISE ASH, 326 W. 53d st., New York. 1

MANICURIST, experienced also in shampooing, desires employment. LINA JENSEN, 320 W. 96th st., New York city. 2

STENOGRAPHER having business ability and thorough knowledge of general office work desires position; answer by mail only, stating full particulars. LILY DIETERICH, 3335 Frankford ave., Philadelphia. 3

TAILORESS, first-class, experienced on ladies' coats and skirts, desires employment. MRS. LOUISE JAMES, 153 W. 97th st., New York. 4

TYPIST-MULTIGRAPHER, owns machines, wishes part time employment. KATHRYN MAY, care Parisian Balmeo, 1193 Broadway, New York. 29

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CLERK—Butter, eggs and cheese, wanted for new firm starting up; excellent opportunity; steady employment; state experience and salary to start with. S. R. WARD, 185 Woodward av., Detroit, Mich. 1

CUTTER wanted for large merchant tailoring store; must have had experience in popular price house; salary $35 and up. TAILOR LEE, 24 W. 6th st., St. Paul, Minn. 2

DROP HAMMERMEN wanted, experienced hands; apply by letter. CLEVELAND HARDWARE CO., Cleveland, O. 4

FARMER WANTED — Practical farmer and wife to live on Columbia river apple ranch in state of Washington; good permanent pleasant home; man must understand general farming and care of horses and cows and poultry and be reliable, willing worker; woman must be good, neat housekeeper, cook and laundress, and understand table service; to right parties salary $500 per year and board; answer with full particulars and references. JAMES F. PERSHING, Hyde Park hotel, Chicago. 2

GROCERY CLERK wanted for new firm starting up; excellent opportunity, steady employment; state experience and salary to start with. S. R. WARD, 185 Woodward av., Detroit, Mich. 1

LAW STUDENT, who can write shorthand and use typewriter, wanted to work part of days in law office. WILLIAM E. FREER, 1111 Ashland blk., 155 N. Clark st., Chicago. 1

MAN wanted for farm, single or with a small family; must be reliable, industrious, either experienced or willing to learn. MISS MARY L. SMITH, Box 42, R. D., No. 1, Addison, Mich. 1

PRINTER (all-round, country) wanted at once; position permanent; wages scale of nearest union. Address ELK RAPIDS PROGRESS, Elk Rapids, Mich. 3

PERFORATOR wanted for art embroidery work; write, stating experience and salary. F. VOGEL & SONS, 230 S. 5th ave., Chicago. 1

SALESMAN wanted; capable of taking orders for established line of stockings, sweaters and underwear in best North Shore homes; appointments made by telephone; permanent position, salary and commission. CLARENCE E. PANG, 1113 Argyle st., Chicago. 1

SOLICITOR wanted for new grocery firm starting up; excellent opportunity; steady employment; state salary to start with. S. R. WARD, 185 Woodward av., Detroit, Mich. 1

STAIR BUILDER wanted for factory getting out hard and soft wood stairs; must be first-class man, able to read plans, lay out work to detail and take measurements on the job; none but experienced need apply; steady work and good wages; state age and last employer. THE HELLER BROS. CO., P. O. Box 155, Youngstown, O. 28

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

CHECKER wanted for restaurant, experienced. IDA FOSTER CRONK, 221 South Wabash ave., Chicago. 30

MACHINE SEWERS, experienced, wanted on ladies' fine muslin underwear. MRS. BLANCA P. SCULLY, 4012 Calumet ave., Chicago. Phone Kenwood 1786. 1

MAID—Wanted, girl for light housework; small family; half days if desired. Telephone Douglas 3632. MRS. BRADY, 3702 Lake ave., Chicago. 28

MAIDS—Wanted, 2 girls, one as nursery maid, one for general housework in apartment; good home and wages; references necessary. MRS. J. B. BEARDSLEE, 1451 E. 50th st., Chicago 1

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER wanted for law office; well educated beginner preferred. WILLIAM E. FREER, 155 N. Clark st., Chicago. 1

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted; German woman preferred; age about 40; house, 2 in family. Apply to MRS. IDA FOSTER CRONK, 221 S. Wabash ave., Chicago. 28

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist in housework; good home; family 3 adults. MRS. WM. E. FREER, 1328 E. 53d st., Chicago. 1

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER—By practical printer, intensely interested in the selling of merchandise; moderate wages. JOSEPH CARLSON, 5496 Ellis ave., Chicago. 3

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, collection correspondent, desires position with reliable concern where industry and integrity are appreciated; married, 9 years' experience; best references. CARLTON E. FLINT, 2806 East 78th st., Chicago. 30

BOY (18) wishes any kind of work for part time, such as addressing envelopes, mailing circulars, etc; work with typewriter preferable. Address HUGO GERLACH, 1018 1st st., Milwaukee, Wis. 1

CHAUFFEUR—Position wanted in private family; best of references; factory and driving experience; does own repairing. CLINTON R. ROBERTS, 413 6th st., Moline, Ill. 3

CIVIL ENGINEER, technically educated, 15 years' experience, seeks broader fields of action, would consider a position as city engineer. JAMES S. HALL, 264 Mountain Grove st., Bridgeport, Conn. 29

CIVIL ENGINEER, 10 years' experience, desires position, New York or vicinity; competent designer and detailer in structural steel and reenforced concrete. W. P. PHILLIPS, C. E., 4523 Champlain av., Chicago. 1

COLLECTOR-SALESMAN, 32, married, thoroughly experienced both lines of business; best references; wishes position. R. E. GOODRICH, 923 Alexander pl., Chicago. 4

CORRESPONDENT (25), married, best references, desires position; three years head of mail order house; good knowledge advertising; initiative, ability, worker; go anywhere. ALBERT L. DEANE, 1220 Hamilton av., St. Louis, Mo. 1

CUTTER—Young man (20) wishes position a cutter or assistant; can furnish references from last place employed; will accept any reasonable salary. THEODORE C. SANTORO, Central Y. M. C. A., Cleveland, O. 3

DRIVER wants position on milk or any retail route, where trustworthiness and ability to get and hold trade will be appreciated. CHARLES BERGER, 3646 Ellis ave., Chicago. 1

ELECTRICIAN, experience in all construction of street railways, wire work of different type; have had charge of work for years. GEORGE W. LANE, 6732 Idaho ave., St. Louis, Mo. 29

ELEVATOR MAN, active, obliging, colored man wishes position; can operate elevator, wait table or do porter work. CHAS. F. CRENSHAW, 6042 May st., Chicago. 30

FIREMAN (44), experienced, American, family, total abstainer, wants heating, janitoring, apartment house or office building. J. FRANCIS EDWARDS, Box 143, Massillon, O. 3

GENTLEMAN, 32, manufacturing, railroad office and salesman experience, desires situation. ROBERT B. BALDWIN, 4011 Lake ave., Chicago. 4

INTERPRETER or any position; German; good education; honest, temperate; speaks English, Bohemian, Croatish, Polish; wishes position. FRANK RONFELS, 1215 S. Sawyer ave., Chicago. 1

LAUNDRESS wishes employment washing and ironing. SUSAN SCOTT, 25 Frederick ct., Chicago. 3

MODELER—Young man with practical experience would like position building boat models of boats already built. EMIL R. KRAINIK, 727 N. 6th st., Manitowoc, Wis. 4

NEWSPAPER CIRCULATION MANAGER, energetic, capable and successful, wants situation on afternoon daily in city of 10,000 to 30,000 population; 15 years' experience. Address C. E. KETRING, Syracuse, Ind. 29

SALESMAN wants position, thoughly experienced in clothing. CHARLES BERGER, 3646 Ellis ave., Chicago. 1

SALESMAN—Young man wishes position as shoe salesman; can demand large salary; years' experience; good reference. SAM PLOTLER, 88 Frederick ave., Detroit, Mich. 1

SALESMAN wishes position to represent reliable house; Ohio and Michigan territory preferred; best of references. SCOTT A. HERSEY, 808 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Mich. 1

SUPERINTENDENT OF STEEL PIPE MILL—Long experience; mechanical engineer and chemist; capable; good references; now employed. WILLIAM E. SANDFORD, 608 S. Chestnut st., Kewanee, Ill. 2

WATCHMAN—Situation wanted as watchman; department building preferred; best of city reference. Address UPTON THOMPSON, Wheaton, Ill. R. F. No. 3. 1

YOUNG MAN, aged 19, wants position where there is some advancement; energetic and willing to work; good appearance. HARRY BUCKINGHAM, 2029 Park ave., Chicago. Tel. Seeley 4774. 1

YOUNG MAN, 26, desires position renting department; capable of assuming charge; best references; or downtown office building or any business where energetic young man is needed. HANSON C. WHEELER, 530 W. 65th st., Chicago. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT—Young woman, fond of children, wishes position to take charge of them in day nursery or children's home. MRS. THELMA RAYMOND, 4508 Calumet ave., 2d apartment, Chicago. 29

ATTENDANT-COMPANION—Educated and refined young lady wishes position; trustworthy and reliable, willing to travel; also experienced in cooking and housekeeping. MISS ADA ROLFSON, Waterford, Wis. 3

CLERICAL—Young woman with good education (some stenography) wishes employment (office or private teaching preferred) for forenoons and evenings; also part time afternoons. LOUISE STADE, 1625 N. Fairfield av., Chicago. 30

CLERICAL POSITION wanted by beginner in stenography; some experience filing; references. MISS M. E. HILL, 501 Ashland blvd., Chicago. 29

COOK—Capable woman wishes position as cook in private family; or as housekeeper. CARRIE LAMB, general delivery, Kalamazoo, Mich. 1

DEMONSTRATOR—Position wanted as traveling saleswoman or demonstrator; any territory. MRS. LULA BALL, 1514 N. Water st., Decatur, Ill. 1

EMPLOYMENT wanted at housework or sewing by capable woman. MRS. B. HENTHORN, 704 Clinton st., Cincinnati, O. 28

EMPLOYMENT of any kind wanted by competent girl. ELAINE FOLLIS, 2210 E. 43d st., Cleveland, O. 2

GOVERNESS—Young woman of refinement wants position as nurserymaid, governess or chamber work in private family. J. N. NELSON, 2221 W. Madison st., Chicago. 29

GOVERNESS—Position wanted as governess or housekeeper by refined, thoroughly competent woman; highest Chicago references. Address MRS. A. FRASER, 5490 Monro ave., Chicago. 1

HOUSEKEEPER, refined Christian woman, wishes position. MRS. ANNA H. SIMS, 906 W. 7th st., Cincinnati, O. 29

LAUNDRESS—Colored woman desires employment. TEMPY REECE, 3815 Wentworth ave., 2d flat, Chicago. 28

MANICURIST with some experience wishes position where she can advance; willing to accept small salary. ANNA G. BRALEY, 2320 Orchard st., Chicago; phone Lincoln 367. 2

MOTHER'S HELPER, young woman, experienced, desires position as mother's helper or companion in good private home. MISS M. KORING, 925 Foster ave., Chicago. 4

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced and with executive ability, desires position with good concern where there is opportunity for advancement. RUBY C. ANDERSON, 4961 Lake ave., Chicago. 3

TIMEKEEPER—Position wanted as timekeeper or to do general office work. Address MRS. VIVIAN SAILOR, 1109 Leland ave., Chicago. 1

WESTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BANK CASHIER desires position in live bank; over 3 years' experience; best of references. Write particulars to FRED CANDLE, 1107 North Walnut st., McPherson, Kan. 30

MUSICIAN—Reliable and competent musician and piano tuner wishes

World's Latest News of Finance and Industry

ERRATIC PRICE MOVEMENT SHOWN IN THE TRADING

Stock Market Dominated Largely by Professional Operators as Seen in the Irregular Tendency

MACKAY SELLS OFF

Stocks continued to drop soon after the opening of the New York market this morning. Opening prices were fractionally below last night's closing. There was some selling of Steel and this stock was the most active on the list. It yielded substantially during the early sales.

Union Pacific was heavy. The unfavorable showing of earnings for the month of November published yesterday had much to do with the weakness. International Mercantile Marine preferred had a good early advance. At the end of the first half hour there were general recoveries.

The copper stocks were heavy on the Boston exchange. Calumet & Arizona declined a point from last night's closing during the first few minutes.

A better demand developed for stocks as the session advanced and although there was not much buoyancy the progress upward was steady. Before midday rallies carried prices well above the opening. An exception was the Mackay companies, which displayed distinct weakness. It opened off a point at 78 and declined 3½ further during the first half of the session, recovering a part of the loss later.

American Can preferred was strong. After opening up ½ at 90 it rose a point further. Louisville & Nashville had a gain of a point over last night's closing. Missouri Pacific opened unchanged at 39 and rose more than a point. Interborough preferred was up ¾ at the opening at 48½ and sold well above 50. The common advanced a point.

Steel, Union Pacific and Reading moved within a narrow range but were fractionally higher than last night's closing prices before midday.

On the local exchange North Butte opened off ¼ at 27½, advanced more than a point and then lost a good part of the gain. Copper Range opened up ½ at 54¾ and sold well above 55. Lake Copper had a good fractional gain. United Fruit rose a point to 182.

A 7-point rise in Virginia Coal & Coke was a feature of the afternoon trading. New York Central had a two point advance, selling above 107. The local market was steady.

LONDON—In concluding the settlement the securities markets show a spotty appearance. There has been a resumption of improvement in gilt-edged investments but home rails continue to hang upon the labor uncertainties.

Americans have an irregular movement and are inclined to heaviness of tone. Canadian Pacific is being quoted ex-rights.

Profit-taking is in evidence in Grand Trunks notwithstanding the increase of £12,000 in the November net figures. Other sections are sluggish.

De Beers shaded 3-16 to 18 9-16 and Rio Tintos are down a full point to 72⅝.

COOKING CLASSES IN NIGHT SCHOOLS

Beginning Jan. 1 domestic science will be taught in the Malden evening schools on Tuesday and Thursday evenings. These classes will be held in the new high school kitchen and at the Center school building. The classes will be in charge of Mrs. Mary Gray and Miss Gertrude Breitzke.

Miss Mary A. Moran of Chicopee has been elected a teacher in the Linder school, Miss Ivy Towne a substitute in the Center school, Miss Mary L. Guyton a teacher in the Daniels school.

THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair tonight and Saturday; diminishing west winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Fair tonight and Saturday; diminishing northwesterly winds.

An area of high pressure central over the middle Atlantic coast states is producing pleasant weather with low temperatures in the eastern sections. A long trough of low pressure extending from Texas northeastward to upper Michigan is producing cloudy and unsettled weather in the Mississippi valley. An area of high pressure with very low temperature is central this morning in the British northwest. The lowest temperature reported was 42 degrees below zero at Prince Albert, Sask.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m. ..... 29 | 12 noon 31
2 p. m. 33

Average temperature yesterday, 30 11-24.

IN OTHER CITIES

Buffalo	22	Albany	26
Nantucket	32	Pittsburgh	22
New York	28	Chicago	24
Washington	32	Des Moines	30
Philadelphia	32	Denver	46
Jacksonville	52	St. Louis	32
San Francisco	48	Portland, Me.	22

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW

Sun rises ..... 7:13 | High water,
Sun sets ..... 4:20 | 6:17 a.m., 6:43 p.m.
Length of day .. 9:07

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Amalgamated	64¾	65⅝	64¾	65½
*Am Ag Chem	62	62	62	62
Am Beet Sugar	56	56	55¾	56
Am Can	10¾	11	10¾	10¾
Am Can pf	90	91	90	90½
Am Car Fndry	54	54	54	54
Am Cotton Oil	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼
Am Linseed Oil pf	34	34	34	34
Am Smelting	71¾	72¼	7[illegible]⅝	72
Am Smelting pf	102	102	102	102
Am Smelt Sec B	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜
Am Sugar	115	115	115	115
*Am T & T	137⅝	137¾	137½	137⅝
Am Writing Pa pf	26	26	26	26
Am Woolen pf	86¾	87¼	86¾	87¼
Anaconda	37½	38	37⅜	38
Atchison	105½	105⅞	105½	105¾
*Atchison pf	101½	101½	101½	101½
Balt & Ohio	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
Beth Steel	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
Beth Steel pf	60	60	59	59
Brooklyn R T	76	76⅜	76	76⅜
Canadian Pacific	241	241	240⅝	241
Central Leather	21	21	21	21
Ches & Ohio	73	73½	73	73½
Chi & Gt West	18½	18½	18½	18½
Chino	25¾	26⅜	25½	26⅛
Col Fuel	26½	26½	26½	26½
Con Gas	138⅜	138⅜	138	138¼
Corn Products pf	77	77	77	77
Del & Lack	535	540	535	540
Denver	19	19	19	19
Denver pf	39	39⅛	39	39⅛
Erie	31⅛	31⅜	31⅛	31⅜
Erie 1st pf	51⅞	52	51⅞	52
Erie 2d pf	42	42	42	42
Gen Electric	153	153	153	153
Gen Motor Co	35	35½	35	35½
Gen Motor Co pf	76	76	76	76
*Goldfield Con	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼
Gt Nor pf	127	127	127	127
Gt Nor Ore	38¼	38⅛	38¼	38¼
Harvester	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾
Harvester pf	120	120	120	120
*Hocking Val	125½	125½	125½	125½
Ill Central	140	140	140	140
Int Marine	5	5	5	5
Int Marine pf	22½	22½	22[illegible]	22
Inter-Met	15¼	16¼	15¼	16
Inter-Met pf	48½	51	48½	50½
Iowa Cent pf	30	30	30	30
K C Ft S & M pf	80	80	80	80
Kan City So	27½	28	27¼	28
Kan & Tex	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
Kan & Tex pf	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
Laclede Gas	105⅛	105½	105⅛	105⅜
*Lehigh Valley	180	181	179½	180¾
L & N	154¼	155¼	154¼	155¼
Mackay Cos	78	78	74½	75¾
Miami	23¾	23⅞	23¼	23⅞
M St P & S Ste M	134½	134½	134½	134½
Missouri Pacific	38⅞	40¼	38¾	39⅞
Nat Lead	53½	54	53½	54
N R of Mex 2d Pr	34¾	35⅝	34¾	35⅞
Nevada Cons Cop	19½	19½	19½	19½
N Y Central	105	107¾	105	107¾
Northern Pacific	117⅛	117½	116¾	117½
North American	74½	74½	74½	74½
Northwestern	143	143	143	143
Norfolk & Western	108	108¼	108	108¼
Ontario & Western	38	38	38	38
Pacific T & T	48	48	48	48
Pennsylvania	122⅞	122¾	122⅜	122⅝
Peoples Gas	103	103	103	103
Pittsburg Coal	18½	18½	18½	18½
Pitts C C & St L	98	98	98	98
Ry Steel Spring	31	31	31	31
Ray Cons Copper	18¼	18⅜	18	18⅛
Reading	150¼	151¼	149⅞	151¼
Reading 1st pf	90	90	90	90
Republic Steel	25½	25¾	25½	25¾
Republic Steel pf	84	84	84	84
Rock Island	24	24	24	24
Rock Island Pf	46	47½	46	47½
Southern Pacific	110⅛	111	110⅜	111
Southern Railway	28⅜	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝
Southern Ry pf	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Standard Milling pf	53	53	53	53
St L & S F 2d pf	40	40⅜	40	40⅜
St Paul	108½	108¾	107¾	108
St Paul pf	145	145	145	145
Tennessee Copper	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼
Toledo St L & W	12½	12½	12	12¼
United Ry Inv Co	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼
Un Ry Inv pf	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾
U S Rubber	47	47¼	47	47¼
U S Rubber 1st pf	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞
Unwo'd Typew'r	101	101	101	101
Union Pacific	170¼	171⅜	169⅞	171⅜
Union Pacific pf	92	92	92	92
Utah Copper	55⅛	55⅞	54⅝	55⅞
U S Cast I P pf	51	51	51	51
U S Steel	66½	67	66	67
U S Steel pf	110½	110⅜	110½	110¾
Va Iron, C & C	70	77	70	77
Va-Caro Chemical	53	54	53	54
Wabash	6⅛	6⅛	6	6⅛
Wabash pf	16½	16⅝	16½	16½
Westinghouse	65⅜	65½	65⅜	65½
Western Union	78¼	78¼	78	78
Western Maryland	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜

*Ex-dividend.

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Am Tel & Tel cv	108⅜	108½	108½
Atchison cv 5s	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
Atchison gen 4s	99⅛	99	99
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98	98	98
C B & Q 4s	96¾	96⅜	96¾
Denver fd	84½	84½	84½
Florida E Coast 4½s	97	97	97
Interboro Met 4½s	80¼	79½	80¼
Japan 4½s (new)	91½	91½	91½
Kansas & Texas 4s	96½	96½	96½
N Y N H & H 6s	132	132	132
N Y City 4½s	107⅝	107⅜	107⅝
N Y City 4s 1957	100	100	100
N Y City 4s 1958	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
N Y City 4s 1959	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
N Y City 4¼s	102¼	102⅛	102¼
Rock Island 4s	72	71⅞	72
Union Pacific cv	102½	102⅜	102⅜
U S Steel 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
Wabash Pitts cfts	39¾	39¾	39¾
Wabash 4s	55	53½	55

GOVERNMENT BONDS

	Opening Bid.	Opening Asked.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked
2s registered	100	100½	100	100½
2s coupon	100	100¾	100	100¾
3s registered	101½	102¼	101½	102¼
3s coupon	101½	102¼	101½	102¼
4s registered	113⅜	113⅞	113⅜	113⅞
4s coupon	113½	114½	113½	114½
Panama 2s	100	—	100	—
Panama 1938 s	100	100½	100	100½

NEW YORK CURB

NEW YORK—Curb market is quiet: Greene-Cananea 8@8¼. Nipissing 6½@6⅝. ex-div.; La Rose 3 13-16@4, ex-div.; Braden 5⅝@5⅞; Rubber 17½@19; Butte Coalition 22¾@23.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS AND BONDS DURING THE YEAR

Share transactions on the Boston Stock Exchange for the past 12 months, December partially estimated, were the smallest for over a decade, amounting to 7,929,740 shares, compared with 11,164,459 shares in 1910 and the high record of 18,297,818 shares in 1906. Transactions in bonds, however, showed an increase over last year with a total of $16,683,300, compared with $14,276,285 in 1910 and the high record of $39,828,800 in 1908; the smallest total in the past decade was $7,682,700 in 1907.

Transactions on the New York Stock Exchange during the past year also made a poor showing with a total of 129,379,007 shares, compared with 162,807,000 in 1910 and the high record of 277,134,000 shares in 1906. Bond transactions showed an increase of $221,314,000 over last year with a total of $859,064,700, which is only slightly below the average for the past five years.

The table below shows comparative share and bond transactions on the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges by months this year, December being partially estimated:

New York	Bonds	Shares
January	$88,997,000	10,320,777
February	70,596,000	10,256,076
March	61,783,500	6,922,631
April	55,262,000	5,118,423
May	90,153,000	10,744,078
June	80,470,000	10,572,105
July	59,384,500	5,463,708
August	47,161,500	15,076,733
September	64,082,000	17,361,665
October	71,375,000	10,990,624
November	90,842,200	14,543,188
December, est.	70,000,000	12,000,000
Total	$859,064,700	129,379,007
Boston		
January	$2,412,300	546,586
February	1,354,400	555,263
March	1,892,400	461,940
April	1,150,100	341,825
May	1,871,100	791,155
June	1,494,200	832,553
July	735,000	316,730
August	1,984,500	808,149
September	703,000	918,598
October	1,120,500	520,269
November	1,935,800	907,360
December, est.	950,000	965,000
Total	$16,683,300	7,929,740

Sales of bonds and share transactions on the New York and Boston exchanges for a series of years compare as follows (000 omitted):

	New York Bonds	New York Stock	Boston Bonds	Boston Stock
1911	$859,064	129,379	$16,683	7,929
1910	637,750	162,807	14,276	11,164
1909	1,310,779	214,304	32,284	15,699
1908	1,082,161	197,206	39,828	13,002
1907	526,170	196,438	7,682	14,308
1906	674,452	277,134	8,695	18,297

LOWER INCOME FOR TELEPHONE

NEW YORK—The net decrease in income of the New York Telephone Company, as a result of recent reductions in interborough toll rates, will be approximately $1,250,000 per annum. For the most part these changes were made by order of the New York public service commission, but in many cases the company voluntarily put further reductions into effect. Not only were rates between Manhattan and Long Island points reduced, but proportionate and entirely voluntary reductions were made by the company in rates between Manhattan and Staten Island points and between Manhattan and New Jersey points.

These changes necessitated the establishment of several new exchange districts and other readjustments calling for heavy expenditures. The plant work alone cost hundreds of thousands of dollars. Even a large increase in traffic would not necessarily mean an increase to the former revenues of the company. In fact if the volume of tolls were to increase 100 per cent gross revenue would be the same as before the rate reductions, but net revenue would be much less owing to charges for additional plant and additional operators necessary to handle the traffic.

CLEARING HOUSE

New York funds sold at the clearing house today at 10c premium.

Exchanges and balances for today compare with the totals for the corresponding period in 1910 as follows:

	1911.	1910.
Exchanges	$25,949,177	$27,017,530
Balances	1,038,856	1,404,883

United States sub-treasury shows a debit balance at the clearing house today of $67,966.

LOS ANGELES BANK MERGER

LOS ANGELES—A plan has been agreed upon to consolidate the Security Savings Bank, capital $1,000,000; Equitable Savings Bank, capital $250,000, and Southern Trust Company, capital $1,000,000, into a new company to be called the Security Trust & Savings Bank with $2,000,000 capital and $40,000,000 deposits.

INVESTMENT DEMAND

CHICAGO—A leading bond house reports a better investment inquiry than for the past month for railroad bonds yielding 4½ per cent or better, and continued active demand for other issues yielding 5 per cent or better.

LONDON COPPER

LONDON—Copper opening and closing: Spot £63; futures £63 17s. 6d. Market opened weak, later became firmer. Sales—Spot, 600; futures, 1700 tons. Spot, off 12s. 6d. Futures, off 12s. 6d. No more cables till Tuesday.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON — The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

MINING

	Open	High	Low	Last sale
Adventure	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Allouez	41¼	41¼	40½	41
Ariz Com ctf dep	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
Butte Coalition	22¾	23	22⅝	23
Calumet & Ariz	61	61½	60½	61½
Calumet & Hecla	432	435	432	435
Centennial	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
Copper Range	54¾	55½	54¾	55
Franklin	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11½
Granby	36	36	35	35
Greene-Cananea	8¼	8⅜	8	8
Mass	8¾	8¾	8⅛	8½
Mayflower	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Mohawk	54	54	54	54
Nevada Cons	19⅜	19¾	19⅜	19¾
*Nipissing	6¾	6¾	6⅞	6⅞
North Butte	27½	28⅝	27½	28
Old Colony Mining	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
Old Dominion	47	47	47	47
*Osceola	103	103	103	103
Parrot	14¼	14⅜	14¼	*14⅜
Quincy	74	74	73½	74
Shannon	10¾	10¾	10¼	10¼
Superior	29¾	30	29½	30
Tamarack	29¾	31	29¾	31
Trinity	5	5	5	5
Utah Cons	16¾	17⅜	16¾	17⅜
Utah Copper	55	56	55	56
Victoria	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Wyandot	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝

TELEPHONES

*American	137¾	137⅞	137½	137¾
Mexican	3	3	3	3
Mexican pf	6½	6½	6½	6½
New England	151	152	151	152

RAILROADS

Boston & Albany	221	221	221	221
Boston Elevated	130	130¼	130	130¼
Boston & Maine	99½	99½	99½	99½
Chicago June pf	108	103	103	108
Conn & Passumpsic	145¼	145¼	145¼	145¼
Fitchburg pf	125½	125½	125	125
N Y N H & H	137	137	136½	137
Union Pacific	170	171¼	170	171¼
Vermont & Mass	164⅛	164⅛	164⅛	164⅛

MISCELLANEOUS

*Am Ag Chem pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
Am Pneumatic	4½	4½	4½	4½
Am Pneumatic pf	16	16	16	16
Am Sugar	114½	115	114½	114¾
Am Sugar pf	115	115	114¾	115
Am Woolen pf	86¾	86¾	86½	86¾
Amoskeag	78	78	78	78
Amoskeag pf	99¾	100	99¾	100
Edison Elec	293	294	293	294
Mass Elec	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Mass Elec pf	95	95	95	95
Mass Gas	90	90	90	90
Mass Gas pf	94¾	95	94¾	95
Pullman	159	159	159	159
Reece Button	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Swift & Co	98½	98¾	98½	98¾
Torrington	31¼	31¼	31	31
Torrington pf	30	30	30	30
United Fruit	181	182	181	182
Uni Shoe Mac	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
Uni Shoe Mac pf	28	28	27¾	27¾
U S Steel	66½	67⅛	66⅛	67⅛
U S Steel pf	111	111	111	111
W H McElwain	104	105	104	105

UNLISTED SECURITIES

Algomah	5	5	4¾	4¾
Amalgamated	64¾	65½	64⅝	65½
*Am Zinc	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞
Atl Gulf & W I pf	17½	17½	17½	17½
Boston & Corbin	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Butte & Balaklava	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
Chino	26	26½	25½	26⅜
East Butte	13	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛
Giroux	4½	4½	4⅞	4⅞
Hancock	29	29⅝	29	29⅜
Indiana	13½	14	13½	14
Inspiration	10⅛	10¼	10	10⅛
Is Creek Coal pf	85	85	85	85
Isle Royale	21½	21½	21½	21½
Lake Copper	35½	36	35½	36
Live Oak	40⅝	40⅞	40⅝	40⅞
Mason Valley	11⅜	11⅝	11½	11½
Miami	23¾	23¾	23½	23½
New Arcadian	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
North Lake	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
Ray Cons	18½	18½	18⅛	18⅜
Tuolumne	3½	3½	3½	3½
*U S Smelting	36	36	36	36
*U S Smelting pf	48⅛	48⅛	47¾	47¾

*Ex-dividend

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Amer Agri Chem 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
Amer Tel 4s	90	90	90
Atchison 4s	99	99	99
Chicago Junction 4s	90	90	90
Ill Steel Deb 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
N E Cotton Yarn 5s	98	98	9[illegible]
Western Tel 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾

HIGH SCHOOL CLASSES MEET

Class reunions were held at Young's hotel Thursday night by Boston Latin school '85, English high school '90 and Roxbury Latin school '11.

It was the Boston Latin class twenty-seventh anniversary. H. D. Warren presided, E. J. Bromberg was toastmaster, George N. Towle was elected president; Frederick W. Faxon, secretary-treasurer; A. C. Kilgour, poet and G. W. Sargent, orator.

At the reunion of the English high school class Mason Chase and J. M. Carey, headmaster, were speakers. Joseph A. Graham, who was reelected class president, was toastmaster. Joseph H. Lane was reelected secretary-treasurer.

The Roxbury Latin class dinner was attended by 11 members. P. P. Rice, Harvard '15, secretary of the class, presided.

NEW LEMON RATE ORDER IS ISSUED

WASHINGTON—The interstate commerce commission handed down a new order today in the California lemon rate case, for the second time prescribing a rate of $1 for 100 pounds on lemons shipped from southern California to points east of the Rocky mountains, and ordered the railways to cease charging the $1.15 rate for two years after Feb. 15.

The commission's order today is precisely the same as the one enjoined by the commerce court in October.

NEW YORK CENTRAL FINANCIAL PLANS ARE OF MUCH MOMENT

NEW YORK—Financial plans for the New York Central system grow in importance as additional details transpire. Contrary to impression in many quarters the second mortgage proposed for the present Lake Shore and Michigan Central collateral trust bondholders, in place of the stocks of the two subsidiary roads, is not the comprehensive blanket mortgage recently talked of, but is to be limited to securing release of Lake Shore and Michigan Central stocks from existing trusts.

In due time the Vanderbilt management will take up the creating of a refunding mortgage big enough to provide not only for consolidation of all present debts of the unified road, even including New York Central's $100,000,000 3½ and the second mortgage of approximately $110,000,000 mentioned above, but also a yet undetermined amount of improvement work.

But the blanket mortgage is something apart from the work now in hand, which is the consolidation of Lake Shore with the parent company. Because of state and national laws and the public temper, no effort will be made to bring Michigan Central into the combination, at least not until circumstances have changed.

Bankers who have supposed that the new second mortgage could not be created without securing under it holders of New York Central debentures, because of a clause in the indenture creating the latter to effect that no mortgage except for refunding may subsequently be created that does not equally secure the debentures, are reckoning without their host. The Central management has been advised that the collateral trust indentures constitute, in the eyes of the law, an "equitable mortgage," and that creation of a second mortgage for the benefit of collateral trust bondholders, as provided for in the indentures, is simply in the nature of a refunding operation. The second mortgage, therefore, will be drawn without reference to the debentures and will rank ahead of them.

The laws of New York limit the stock of a consolidation to the aggregate of stock of the roads formed. Hence the consolidation of Lake Shore with Central at present could increase the stock of the consolidated company only to $222,000,000, plus $50,000,000, or $272,000,000. Obviously the minority holders of Lake Shore are not going to accept $100 stock of the consolidated company for $100 Lake Shore stock, figuring in par values, but the fact that stock of the consolidated company can be issued into that company's own treasury in exchange for Lake Shore stock now owned by Central will make it possible to offer Lake Shore minority holders more attractive terms.

SCHOOL BOUNDARY LINES EXTENDED

After Jan. 1 the new boundary line of Prince school district, Back Bay, will be extended northward from Beacon and Otter streets to Beacon and Joy streets. The new line will pass through the center of Joy street from Beacon street to Mt. Vernon street. It will then turn and pass down by the rear of Mt. Vernon street to the Charles river.

Included in this annexation will be the southerly side of Joy street, the northerly side of Mt. Vernon, Walnut, Willow, Spruce, Chestnut, Acorn, Lime and Byron streets, also those parts of Brimmer, Charles and River streets, with Mt. Vernon avenue, that lie between Mt. Vernon and Beacon streets. The new territory is acquired from the Wendell Phillips district for boys and the Bowdoin district for girls.

SHOE MEN TO SEND LARGE DELEGATION

As a result of the visit here of John H. Hanan, president of the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers Association, Boston and New England shoe manufacturers are planning to send a big delegation to the annual meeting of the association in New York on Jan. 9 and 10. Opposition to the proposed removal of the duties on boots and shoes will be urged.

Mr. Hanan was in conference Thursday with Charles C. Hoyt, president, and Thomas F. Anderson, secretary of the New England Shoe and Leather Association. He has just returned from Europe where he gathered data on the cost of shoe production, which he will present to the tariff board.

TREE PLANTING IS MALDEN PLAN

In its campaign to beautify Malden the Civic Association there has secured the removal of the tall wooden poles carrying telephone, telegraph and electric light wires on the principal streets of the city, the last of the poles being removed this week.

The Civic Association is now securing the cooperation of the street and water commission in securing the planting of trees along the sidewalks.

DIAMOND FIBRE

Rail Insulation for Automatic Signals

is made from a special grade of HORN GRAY fibre which offers maximum resistance to dampness.

LET US QUOTE ON YOUR SPECIFICATIONS

Diamond State Fibre Co. ELSMERE DEL.

BOSTON CURB

Stocks.	High.	Low.	Last.
Amal Nevada	7c	7c	7c
Bay State Gas	25c	25c	25c
Boston Ely	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝
Bohemia	3	3	3
Butte Central	6½	6½	6½
Cactus	16c	16c	16c
Calaveras	1⅝	1¼	1¼
Chief	58c	58c	58c
Corbin	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
Cortez	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
Davis-Daly	7c	7c	6c
Dobie	90c	90c	90c
Eagle Bluebell	85c	85c	85c
First Nat Copper	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
Germany	4	4	4
Hollinger	13½	13½	13½
Humboldt	13	13	13
La Rose, ex-div	3½	3½	3½
La Rose	4	4	4
Laramie	1¼	1¼	1¼
Lion Hill	67c	67c	67c
Majestic	44c	43c	43c
Mexican Metals	2	2	2
Nevada-Utah	12c	10c	12c
New Baltic	5¼	5	5¼
Oneco	2⅝	1⅞	2⅜
Porcupine Northern	68c	67c	68c
do Southern	69c	69c	69c
Pond Creek	16⅞	16¾	16⅞
Raven	25c	25c	25c
Ray Central	1⅞	1½	1½
Rhode Island Coal	64c	52c	58c
South Lake	5½	5⅜	5⅜
Southwest Miami	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
United Verde Ext	85c	85c	85c
Yukon	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

THE LONDON MARKET—CLOSE

		Advance.
Consols, money	77⅛	⅛
Consols, account	77⅛	⅛
Anaconda	37	⅛
Atchison	105½	⅛
Canadian Pacific	241⅝	⅝
St Paul	109⅛	⅝
Erie	30⅞	⅛
do 1st pf	52½	⅛
Illinois Central	139⅞	⅛
Louisville & Nashville	154	
New York Central	105¼	⅛
Pennsylvania	122⅞	⅛
Reading	150½	⅛
Southern Pacific	110⅛	⅜
Union Pacific	170⅝	⅛
U S Steel	66⅜	⅜
do pf	110⅝	⅛

*Decline. †Ex-rights.

CHICAGO STOCKS

	Opening Bid.	Opening Asked.
Amer Can com	10½	11
do pf	89¼	90
Booth Fisheries com	45	50
do pf	85	86
Chicago City Railways	170	180
Commonwealth Edison	135½	135½
Chicago Subway	½	½
Chicago Title & Trust	179	181
Chicago Telephone	137½	138
Chicago Pneu Tool	46	47
Chicago Railways No 1	98½	100
do No 2		90
do No 3		11½
do No 4	6	6¼
Diamond Match	106	107
Illinois Brick	57	57
Kansas City Light com	20	20¾
National Carbon com	107	
do pf	118	119½
Quaker Oats com	210	215
do pf	105	105½
Amer Ship Building com	49½	50½
do pf	105	
Sears, Roebuck Co com	141¾	142¾
do pf	120½	122
United Box Board	1½	1⅞
West Stone Co	13	15

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Dec.	.94⅜	.94⅞	.94	.94⅛
May	.98½	.99	.98⅛	.98⅜
July	.93¾	.94¼	.93¾	.94¼
Corn—				
Dec.	.63½	.63⅝	.63½	.64¼
May	.63¼	.63⅝	.63¼	.63⅝
July	.63⅛	.63½	.63⅛	.63⅜
Oats—				
Dec.	.46⅜	.46⅝	.46¼	.46⅝
May	.46⅞	.47⅛	.46⅞	.47½
July	.43	.43⅜	.43	.43
Pork—				
Jan.	15.37	15.45	15.37	15.45
May	15.90	15.97	15.90	15.92
Lard—				
Jan.	9.07

Latest Market Reports :: Investment News

INDUSTRIAL RETROSPECTION OF THE YEAR NOW CLOSING

Has Been a Period of Recession From Record Volume of Business Transacted by Most of the Large Institutions—Present Conditions

A fair average year has been enjoyed by the industries of the country although it has been a year of industrial recession or marking time. Commercially, operations have been characterized by hand-to-mouth buying, a fact which has made for an extremely small margin of profit, small buying of raw materials and has furnished a constant temptation to curtailment of operations.

United States Steel closes its fiscal year Dec. 31. The outlook is for net profits 35 per cent smaller than in 1910 and a balange for the common of about 5¼ per cent, compared with 12.2 per cent in 1910. Prices for steel products have been repeatedly reduced and in some lines have been the lowest in 10 years. On the average steel prices up to the time of the recent heavy buying movement were 20 per cent lower than Jan. 1 and 40 per cent lower than in 1908. The big buying stimulated by the low prices, however, has given the steel companies four to six months forward orders and insured a good volume of gross the first half of 1912. Profits, however, will feel the effect of low prices for many months to come.

The electrical companies have this year fared far better than the steel industry. General Electric for its year to Dec. 31 will produce about $67,000,000 of gross business compared with $71,000,000 in 1910. Net profits will be smaller than last with a shrinkage of probably between 10 per cent and 15 per cent. Westinghouse Electric does not close its fiscal year until March 31 next. For the nine months to Dec. 31, however, sales have been at the rate of about $32,000,000 per annum compared with $38,000,000 in the 1910-11 year. Net profits have been much smaller than last year, the direct result of the keenest selling competition in the electrical business in five years. In its late year the company earned 13 per cent on its common. This year it is unlikely that the balance will be more than half that percentage.

American Sugar has had in 1911 the greatest prosperity in its history, the result of a sustained advance in raw sugar prices due to a world-wide shortage and crop failure in Europe. In 1910 the 7 per cent common dividend was earned with a small balance of $80,000. This year earnings for common will be two to three times the dividend, permitting the use of much surplus cash for new construction. The company is in splendid financial and physical condition.

Earnings of the fertilizer companies during 1911 have maintained the even tenor of their way. There has not been the normal gain in gross and net, but this has been due to other causes than general business depression. Virginia-Carolina Chemical for its year to May 31 last earned only 3.1 per cent on the common compared with 10.7 per cent in the 1910 year, but this decline was due entirely to a loss of $626,000 in operations of its subsidiary, the Southern Cotton Oil Company, compared with a profit of $1,450,000 in 1910.

American Agricultural Chemical closed its year June 30 with a dividend balance for the common of 9 per cent compared with 10.5 per cent in the 1910 fiscal period. This company has this month placed its common stock in the ranks of dividend payers with an initial quarterly dividend at the rate of 4 per cent per annum. Earnings the last six months to Dec. 31 have been at a rate to promise a record exhibit of prosperity for the current fiscal year.

The unfavorable earnings exhibit of American Cotton Oil in the year to Aug. 31 last was reflected in passing of semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock. Balance after bond interest was equal to only 3.5 per cent on the $10,198,600 preferred stock, or $359,811 compared with $1,984,255 for the previous year. Therefore maintenance of preferred dividends meant recourse to surplus. The company's troubles may be epitomized in the statement that it was rubbed between the upper and nether millstones of high-priced cotton seed and low-priced oils, a combination of unavoidable conditions which is not likely soon to recur.

The equipment industry probably has been as hard hit by stagnation this year as at any period in recent years. Not until November has buying of respectable proportions asserted itself. Since that date the biggest buying in five years has appeared, but at prices 25 per cent to 35 per cent below normal, meaning of course a severe shrinkage in net profits, only partially compensated for by lower costs of raw materials.

American Locomotive for its year to June 30 last earned a balance after paying the 7 per cent preferred dividend of 7.3 per cent for the $25,000,000 common. This was due to a big carry-over business from 1910. The last six months has been very lean, however, and until the recent revival in orders the company was not fully earning its preferred dividend and was operating in at only 35 per cent of capacity. Much the same statement is true for American Car & Foundry which earned 7 per cent on its common in the year to April 31 last. Since then it is doubtful if the 2 per cent being paid on this issue has been fully earned. The big inrush of orders since Nov. 1, however, without doubt will enable the company to earn this dividend for the year to April 30, 1912. Pressed Steel Car likewise has had hard sledding. Its year closes the last day of this month and preliminary forecasts indicate that the $875,000 of preferred dividends will not be fully earned. The common stock is out of the dividend class.

Sears, Roebuck for its year to Dec. 31 will increase gross sales $16,000,000, or 10 per cent and will earn over 15 per cent on its $40,000,000 common stock. It is an industrial marvel.

American Beet Sugar joined the dividend class this year with an initial declaration on the $15,000,000 common at the rate of 5 per cent per annum. It is earning about 16 per cent on this issue. All beet sugar companies have had the best earnings in 1911 in their history.

The textile industry in 1911 has passed through the fire and water of depression, discouragement and financial loss. That no serious financial difficulty has arisen is proof more than anything else of the conservative capitalization of the old-line New England textile concerns and their splendid ability to withstand protracted depression. Curtailment running at times as high as 40 per cent in the cotton mills and 40 per cent to 50 per cent in the woolen mills has prevailed. Of late the woolen mills have picked up materially and have sold large quantities of goods, but at prices to show a very small margin of profit. The American Woolen Company is expected to earn its 7 per cent dividend on the $40,000,000 preferred for its year to Dec. 31, but the margin above the dividend will not be large. It is now operating at over 80 per cent of capacity.

Depression in cotton mill operations is reflected in the statement that between 20 and 30 Fall River mills this year have reduced dividends and several admit positive losses from operations. Many dividends have been paid by drawing upon surplus. Cheaper cotton holds out the promise of good profits in 1912.

Diamond Match has had a better year in 1911 than in 1910. This is mainly due to the new management, however, rather than larger sales. It is in fact a tribute to economies of operation. The company is earning 12 per cent on its stock and will increase the 6 per cent dividend to 7 per cent early in 1912.

International Paper has also had a good year in 1911 and is today earning 7 per cent on its preferred shares, which are, however, getting only 2 per cent and are not likely to receive more until certain extensive construction plans are completed. The demand for newsprint is good and sales have been at sustained prices.

The packers have fared hard in the 12 months now ending. Swift closed its year Sept. 30 with the 7 per cent dividend earned, but with a small margin to the good. It has been a year of a very small margin of profit and loss of much foreign business. Armour, Morris and Cudahy have had the smallest profits in eight years.

The leather companies have had a trying time of it for the most part this year. It has been a case of keeping losses as small as possible rather than counting any net earnings. In the sole leather industry Central Leather, it is said, will not earn its 7 per cent preferred dividend for its year to Dec. 31. This makes two years in succession that the preferred dividend has not been earned and explains the persistent weakness in the stock. Other sole leather companies are little better off. In upper leather American Hide & Leather is able to earn its interest changes and sinking fund amounting to $900,000 yearly, but net profits for the preferred are out of the question. Its record for the 12 months to June 30 last, however, was relatively creditable and fully up to the average of other upper leather tanners.

The only industrial collapse of moment has been the Allis-Chalmers Company, which is apparently unable longer to stand the pace of ruinous price cutting and insufficient working capital. Its early reorganization which is forecasted, will also help International Steam Pump which has this year faced much foolish and unnecessary competition from its Milwaukee rival.

Prosperity of the automobile industry has continued unabated.

MAY DISPOSE OF ITS NOTES

NEW YORK—Arrangements have not yet been completed for the sale of any new securities of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company in connection with the purchase of the stock of the New York & Harlem Railroad Company. The probabilities are, however, that the company will dispose of the $30,000,000 three-year 4½ per cent service commission rather than sell any part of the $50,000,000 30-year 4 per cent debenture issue which has also been authorized.

In connection with this deal, according to the commission's order, the notes cannot be sold at a price which will net the company less than 98½ while none of the new debenture bonds can be disposed of at less than 90.

JACKSONVILLE BONDS

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—This city has awarded to N. W. Halsey & Co. $250,000 4½ per cent improvement bonds on a 4.36 per cent basis.

ANALYSIS OF THE FOREIGN COMMERCE OF UNITED STATES

On the Import Side of Country's Trade Manufactures of Iron, Steel, Wool and Silk Show a Decline

GAIN IN EXPORTS

WASHINGTON—A picture of the foreign commerce of the United States during the year just closing is presented by the bureau of statistics, department of commerce and labor, in the figures for the month of November and the 11 months ending with November. They show the imports and exports by great groups, made up by combining into separate classes the various articles of a similar character, such as foodstuffs, manufactures, materials for use in manufacturing, etc. These 11 months' figures, accompanied as they are by the figures for the single month of November, enable a close estimate of the business for the full year, since it may be assumed that the December figures will in most cases approximate those for November and that by the addition of the November figures to those for the 11 months a reasonably accurate estimate of the business for the full year which ends with the current week may be obtained.

Imports for the 11 months ending with November, 1911, were valued at $1,392,500,000, against $1,426,000,000 in the corresponding months of 1910. Of this total of $1,392,500,000 worth of imports, $324,500,000 were manufactures ready for use, against $344,500,000 in the same months of last year, a fall of $20,000,000. This decrease occurred chiefly in manufactures of iron and steel, manufactures of wood and manufactures of silk. Manufactures for further use in manufacturing imported show practically no change when compared with the corresponding months of last year. Crude materials for use in manufacturing show a decided falling off, being for the 11 months of 1911 $459,000,000, against $493,000,000 in the same months of 1910, the decrease of $34,000,000 occurring chiefly in India rubber, hides and skins and wool. Foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured show a decline of $15,000,000, the 11 months' figures being $166,000,000, against $181,000,000 last year. The decline occurred chiefly in sugar, of which the quantity imported is materially less than last year. Crude foodstuffs imported show a marked increase, the 11 months' figures of 1911 being $168,500,000, against $134,000,000 in the same months of last year.

On the export side manufactures ready for consumption show for 11 months a total of $584,000,000, against $494,000,000 in a like period of last year, an increase of $90,000,000, while for November the figures are $52,666,666, against $46,333,333 in November of last year. Manufactures for further use in manufacturing exported increased from $259,000,000 in 11 months of 1910 to $293,000,000 in the same months of the current year, a growth of $34,000,000, while for the single month of November they increased from $24,750,000 to a little over $26,000,000.

This indicates that the total value of manufactures sent to foreign countries during the full year will be about $960,000,000, and if to this is added the value of those sent to Porto Rico and Hawaii, the total value of manufactures sent out of continental United States will for the first time approximate and probably pass the billion dollar line.

Exports of crude materials for use in manufacturing in the 11 months were valued at $571,500,000, against $534,000,000 last year, though for November the figures are below those of the same month of 1910, the total for last month being $81,000,000, against $97,333,333 in November, 1910.

Foodstuffs crude and those partly or wholly manufactured show in each case a marked increase in exports when compared with last year. Crude foodstuffs exported in the 11 months advanced from $79,666,666 in 1910 to $102,666,666, and those partly or wholly manufactured, from $228,000,000 to $277,000,000. The crude foodstuffs exported are chiefly wheat, corn, oats, and food animals; those partly or wholly manufactured include flour, meats, dairy products, cotton seed oil, lard, and other articles of this character.

NEW SHOPS TO BE ERECTED

NEW YORK—The Delaware & Hudson Company will complete in July, 1912, a modern locomotive and car repair shop, to cost $2,000,000.

During the last five years it has spent $17,000,000 for new equipment without any extensive enlargement of its shop facilities and the new shop is to take care of such needs.

NEW YORK CENTRAL

ALBANY—The public service commission has authorized New York Central to purchase the whole or any part of the stock of the Harlem railroad on the express condition that the Central shall not directly or indirectly pay for any share more than $175, such shares being of par value $50 each.

PRODUCE

Arrivals—

St Nantucket, Norfolk, with 595 bxs oranges, 66 bxs grape fruit, 22 cts parsley, 45 bags peanuts, 571 bbls spinach.

St City of Memphis, Savannah, with 181 bxs oranges, 10 cts vegetables.

St Grecian, Philadelphia, with 75 bskts sweet potatoes, 26 bxs macaroni.

Str H. F. Dimock, New York, brought 96 bxs grape fruit, 1144 bxs oranges, 25 bxs raisins, 2 cts pineapples, 150 bxs macaroni.

Str Admiral Dewey, due here Thursday, Jan. 4, from Jamaica with bananas, etc., for United Fruit Company.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Apples 927 bbls 684 bxs, cranberries 3 bbls, Florida oranges 4132 bxs, California oranges 2388 bxs, lemons 324 bxs, pineapples 17 cts, raisins 945 bxs, figs 3 pkgs, peanuts 295 bags, potatoes 11,216 bush, sweet potatoes 269 bbls, onions 604 bush.

Boston Poultry Receipts

Today 3526 pkgs, last year 2573 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—To ship from the mills, standard spring wheat patents $5.40@5.90, in wood (clears) $4@4.60, winter wheat patents $4.65@4.90, straights $4.30@4.75, clears $4.10@4.40, Kansas hard winter patents (in jute) $4.75@5.40, rye flour $5.10@5.80, graham flour $4.05@4.80.

Corn—Carlots on spot, new number 3 yellow 71½c, new yellow 71c, to ship from the West (all rail) new number 3 yellow 70½@71c, new yellow 70@70½c.

Oats—Carlots on spot, No. 1 clipped white 55c, No. 2 54½c, No. 3 54c; to ship from the West, 38 to 40 lbs clipped white 54½@55c, 36 to 38 lbs 54@54½c, 34 to 36 lbs 53@54c.

Cornmeal and oatmeal—Feeding cornmeal $1.37@1.42; oatmeal, granulated $3.80@4; bolted $3.70@3.90; oatmeal, rolled $5.50@5.80 bbl, cut and ground $6.05@6.40.

Millfeed—To ship from the mills, all rail, bran, spring $28@28.50, winter $28.25@28.75, middlings $27.25@30, mixed feed $28.50@31, red dog $31.75, cotton seed meal $29.50, hominy feed $30.65, linseed meal $38.50, stock feed $30.75, gluten feed $33.40.

Hay and straw—Western, choice $26.50@27.50, No. 1 $25.50@26, No. 2 $21.50@24, No. 3 $18@19, No. 1 Canadian $25@25.50; straw, rye $19@20, oat $9.50@10.

Butter—Northern creamery 36@37c, western creamery 36c.

Eggs—Fancy nearby hennery 40@41c, eastern (best) 36@37c, western (best) 34@35c.

Beans—Pea (choice) per bu $2.25@2.60, medium choice (hand picked) $2.30@2.50, California small white $2.80@2.95, yellow eyes (best) $2.50@2.60, red kidneys (choice) $3.25@3.30.

Potatoes—Maine (per 2-bu bag) $2@2.10, sweet potatoes (Jersey) per basket $1@1.50.

Onions—Connecticut river (100-lb bag) $1.75@2.25, York state (per 100-lb bag) $1.95@2.35.

Apples—Per bbl $1.50@4.

Fruit—Pineapples (per crate) $2@3, cranberries (Cape Cod) per bbl $6.50@9.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today—1086 tbs, 1010 bxs, 62,210 lbs butter; 166 bxs cheese, 1264 cs eggs.

1910—879 tbs, 1270 bxs, 52,490 lbs butter; 123 bxs cheese, 979 cs eggs.

New York Receipts

NEW YORK—Today: 4861 pkgs butter, 4205 bxs cheese, 9690 cs eggs.

1910—3262 pkgs butter, 708 bxs cheese, 5202 cs eggs.

Today's New York Market by Telegram

Butter mkt stdy; spec 38c, ex 36½37c.

Cheese mkt firm; held spec 16¼@16½c, avge fancy 16c.

Egg mkt easier; ex 1sts 34c, 1sts 32@33c.

Other Markets

ST. LOUIS—Egg market steady Dec. 28 at 25½c.

CHICAGO—Butter market steady Dec. 28, ex 36, No 1 pkg stk 21, rects 5890. Egg market firm, 1st 27 to 28, ordinary 1sts 23 to 25, rects 1655.

Liverpool Cheese

Canadian colored 72, white 71.6.

THE MOVEMENT OF COPPER AVERAGES

The market movement of 20 copper stocks over the past two years presents an interesting picture of the trend of prices for Boston's copper specialties. The high average for 1910 was 70.38 recorded just after the turn of the new year. It declined to a low of 40.86 on July 12, 1910, since which time the highest average reached has been 46.07, made June 19, 1911. September last saw a low average of 32.58, since which time, however, it has advanced to 45.14, the close Wednesday, or within .93 of the 1911 high.

A table showing the high and low average by months for the past two years follows:

	1911		1910	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
January	45.22	42.51	70.38	61.85
February	44.55	43.35	62.09	59.60
March	43.47	41.58	63.24	52.15
April	41.90	39.49	54.05	47.80
May	43.95	40.37	50.30	46.21
June	46.07	43.74	49.03	42.09
July	44.58	43.08	43.41	40.86
August	43.06	35.21	49.18	43.45
September	36.71	32.58	47.25	45.85
October	35.70	33.88	50.60	46.88
November	40.76	35.14	51.95	47.44
December	45.14	38.16	46.76	44.46

RAILROADS OF THE NORTHWEST MAKING A BETTER SHOWING

Last Half of the Calendar Year Witnesses Better Operating Results Particularly for Hill Lines

COMPETITION KEEN

NEW YORK—As a producer of transportation 1911 will not be remembered altogether pleasantly among railroads in the Northwest. But the first half was more damaging to earning power than the last half, and the closing months have been marked by a turning of the tide, for the Hill lines particularly. There was a great deal of introspection by operating officials bringing about reductions in operating expenses.

In these days of railroading by commission, rate cutting may no longer be practised, but competition in the Northwest is just as keen, although the battle for traffic is being waged along other lines. To the severity of this competition, Northern Pacific may testify. Puget Sound has put a different complexion on the situation, as it affects Northern Pacific and competition with this rival put the ability of traffic officials of the Hill road to a sharp test.

Since the close of the fiscal year June 30, however, monthly gross revenues have been showing consistent increases over last year and Great Northern closes the first six months of the year ending June 30, 1912, well ahead of the first half of the preceding year.

Operating expenses of both Hill roads were cut considerably during the calander year 1911, but the amount put back into property in the way of maintenance compared favorably with the expenditures of their competitors. Their operating efficiency remained in the first rank.

James J. Hill, speaking of railroad business in the Northwest, said that the lines had been built, and that additional construction would take the form of feeders off main lines. While not neglecting the eastern ends of their systems, the Hill interests devoted great attention to Oregon and Washington, where what little of the construction work that was done in the year was carried on.

Educational propaganda setting forth the natural resources of their territories were scattered broadcast by the Hill lines in 1911. Intensification of the existing transportation systems is sought.

While railroads in the Northwest for years have been trying to attract settlers, 1911 was full of this kind of work, particularly along the Hill systems. The twelvemonth was not productive of as much revenue as many other years, but the roads went earnestly into the campaign of securing more consumers and producers.

NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK — Turpentine remains quiet, but firmer markets are noted both here and in Savannah and the spot quotation has been advanced to 53½c exyard.

Rosin—Buyers are operating almost wholly in accordance with actual current requirements, which are light and unimportant and the market has a quiet appearance with quotations nominally unchanged. The New York Commercial quotes: Common $6.90, Gen Sam E $7, graded B $7.15, D $7.30, E 7.35, F 7.35, G $7.49, H $7.40, I $7.45, K $7.40, M $7.80, N $7.90, WG $8, WW $8.25.

Tar and pitch—Only small lots are moving and the market is dull with dealers quoting $5.75@6 for tar and $4.25@4.50 for pitch.

SAVANNAH—Spirits turpentine firm at 50@50¼c, sales 280, receipts 218, exports 27, stock 34,069. Rosins firm; sales 2170, receipts 864, exports 831, stock 133,368. Prices: WW $7.75, WG $7.50, N $7.40, M $7.30, K $7.20, I $7.05, H $7.02½@7.05, G $7@7.05, F $7@7.05, E $6.95@7, D $6.96, B $6.87½.

WILMINGTON — Rosin firm; good $6.25. Spirits quiet. Machine 49c. Tar firm $1.80. Terpentine firm; hard $3.50, soft $4.50, virgin $4.50.

LONDON—Turpentine steady at 37s. 6d.; rosin American standard firm at 17s.; rosin American fine quiet at 19s.

NORTHWEST HOLDING WHEAT

NEW YORK—Walla Walla valley growers have not sold more than 50 per cent of their wheat, preferring to hold for better prices. Railroads look on the balance of the crop as a good asset for traffic operations in the early part of next year. Cooperative buying of grain sacks by farmers' unions is a feature. A single county has called for bids, to be opened Jan. 8, for 600,000 to 3,000,000 bags for May and June delivery.

CINCINNATI CENTRAL STATION

CINCINNATI—An ordinance granting a franchise to the Cincinnati Union Depot & Terminal Company to erect a new central railroad station here to cost $40,000,000, was passed by the city council today. The new station will give the nine railroads and interurban lines entering the city a common terminus.

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ZINC AND LEAD BUYING LIGHT IN CLOSING WEEK

JOPLIN, Mo. — Buying was light throughout the closing week of the year and prices for zinc blende ranged from $44 down to $38 a ton, assay basis of 60 per cent metallic zinc, while extra choice lots brought as high as $47. These prices are much stronger than those that prevailed at the close of last year, and every feature of the ore and metal market is much brighter than then.

Several circumstances combined to make the closing week's shipments lighter than usual. Little or no loading out was undertaken on Christmas. Inclement weather set in the day following, and the roads were in a deplorable condition in many of the outlying camps. But production has been curtailed to some extent also and the decline in shipments will not be sufficiently pronounced to result in any marked increase in the surplus stocks now in the bins. The aggregate tonnage of the district is about 10,000 tons, a much larger bulk than usual being found in the outlying districts where buying has been light, and where prices have not been sufficiently strong to induce the producers to sell. The same blende that will bring $44 a ton in the centrally located camps where every facility is at hand, will not find a buyer at $40 in the outlying districts.

As the bulk of calamine comes from the isolated camps the wide difference in prices does not prevail in this ore, which finds a ready market throughout the district at $24 and $25 a ton, with choice lots commanding as high as $30.

With lead ores, the difference in prices between the product of the central camps and the outlying camps is very pronounced. Ore that is in good demand at $64 in Webb City and Joplin will bring no more than $56 in some of the more remote localities. The price for lead is unusually high and shipments continue surprisingly strong.

NEW COKING COAL FIELDS SOUGHT

PITTSBURGH—Considerable mystery enshrouds the operations in the coal fields of the Pittsburgh district of a corps of men, who are seeking options on coal properties that are at present unproductive, or being operated only in a small way. It has been impossible so far to learn whom they represent. Their operations have extended pretty generally through Washington and Greene counties and along the line of railroads where new mines might be opened and operated profitably.

The options so far secured are said not to be very extensive, but Pittsburgh coal operators who are watching their operations say that they are asking for options on some very extensive tracts, some of which are singly valued at millions of dollars. According to the optioners, the unnamed interests behind them are seeking coking coal lands only, and are seeking to gather available lands for this purpose after being satisfied that the coal in question will be of value for coke after the Connellsville field product disappears from the market.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled for The Christian Science Monitor, Dec. 29)

Among the boot and shoe and leather dealers in Boston today are the following:

New York—L. Marx, U. S.
Portland, Ore.—O. E. Krause, 143 Lincoln st.
Portland, Ore.—R. J. Prince, 26 Lincoln st.
Richmond, Va.—I. Stern of Stern & Co., Tour.
Richmond, Va.—L. S. Strauss of Fleishman & Morris, Lenox.
St. Louis, Mo.—I. Hamberger of Hamberger Bros., Essex.
Toledo, Ohio—E. G. Evans of Western Shoe Co., Touraine.

LEATHER BUYERS

Leicester, Eng.—John Morton of John Morton Sons, Essex.

BOSTON LOANING RATES

The loaning rates this morning were: Amalgamated 5 per cent; American Telephone 4@3 per cent; United States Steel flat; Union Pacific 3@2 per cent, and Lake Copper 3 per cent.

DIVIDENDS

Le Porte Gas Light Company declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable Jan. 2.

Chattanooga Gas Company declared quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on preferred stock, payable Jan. 2.

The Baltic Mining Company has declared a dividend of $5 a share, payable Dec. 30 to stockholders of record today.

The Bell Telephone of Pennsylvania declared regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable Jan. 15.

The W. M. Laird Company of Pittsburgh has declared the usual semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, payable forthwith.

The Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company declared regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable Jan. 25. Books close Jan. 15, and reopen Jan. 26.

United Dry Goods Company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on common stock, payable Feb. 1 to stock of record Jan. 25.

The National Fire-Proofing Company declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on preferred stock, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Jan. 5.

Quebec Railway, Light, Heat & Power directors have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Dec. 31.

The United Light & Railways Company declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on first preferred and ¾ of 1 per cent on second preferred, both payable Jan. 2.

The Norfolk & Western Railway Co. declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent on its adjustment preferred stock payable Feb. 19 to holders of record Jan. 31.

The United States Trust Co. has declared its regular semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent and an extra dividend of 2 per cent payable Jan. 1 to stockholders of record Dec. 27.

The Rudolph Wurlitzer Company of Cincinnati has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Feb. 1 to stock of record Jan. 25.

The Bush Terminal Company declared regular semi-annual dividends of 3 per cent on preferred stock, payable Jan. 2, and of 2 per cent on common, payable Jan. 15 both to stock of record Dec. 30.

Associated Merchants Co. declared regular quarterly dividends of 1¼ per cent, and ¼ per cent extra on first preferred stock, and 1½ per cent, and ¼ per cent extra on second preferred stock, payable Jan. 15 to stock of record Jan. 8.

The Creamery Package Manufacturing Company of Chicago has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on its preferred and 2 per cent on its common stock, both payable Jan. 10. Books close Dec. 30, and reopen Jan. 11.

A Fall River special says: Directors of both Hargraves mills and Parker mills at their dividend meetings took no action, and are expected to pass dividends. Each has paid 1½ per cent usually, and until three quarters back each had for six quarters been paying an extra of 1 per cent in efforts to bring the average yearly rate from their respective initial dividends up to 6 per cent.

CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

CHICAGO—Sales of stocks on the Chicago stock exchange this year increased 15.4 per cent and sales of bonds increased 79 per cent.

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NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

DEBATE IS LIVELY IN FRENCH CHAMBER OVER KONGO ACCORD

Count de Mun Leads Attack on Government and While Motion Fails on Division Explanation Is Elicited

PREMIER IS CAUSE

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS—Lively scenes have been witnessed during the debate in the Chamber over the French-German agreement. On the occasion when the Count de Mun made his motion for adjournment every seat in the gallery was occupied by ambassadors and other people of importance and there was an unusually large attendance of members.

The count's motion was to adjourn the discussion of the agreement until the government was in a position to give full information of their negotiations with Spain.

The speaker made a furious attack upon the prime minister, M. Caillaux, and succeeded in extracting from the minster of foreign affairs, M. de Selves, an explanation of the government's position, although earlier in the sitting the latter had declared that until the Count de Mun's motion has been rejected the government would give no explanation.

The pointed part of the attack, however, lay in that part of his speech when the count, pointing to M. Caillaux, declared that the ministry ought to thank the country for preventing it from going through with its concessions; that it had in fact saved the ministry from itself and that it was for it now to account to the country for what it had done.

The concession of the Kongo had, he said, been discussed long before the Agadir incident arose. They had been negotiating on all sides at once, officially and semi-officially, with ambassadors and with financiers, and he entreated them to insist upon the adjournment of the debate.

The minister of foreign affairs was compelled to reply and it must be admitted that the indignant protests that were made from various parts of the chamber made his reception distinctly uncomfortable and obviously distressed him.

The grievance underlying the attack, which was not openly disclosed in the debate itself, but which has, however, been stated elsewhere, is that M. Caillaux took upon himself to override all precedent in the conduct of the negotiations.

It is alleged that he, at times, took the matter out of ordinary diplomatic channels and that even when he was overruled in the cabinet he tried to get his own ideas carried out by other means and it is stated that the object of the present attack is mainly to prevent the same methods from being followed in the negotiations now pending with Spain.

After great excitement M. Jaures, much to everybody's surprise, came to the rescue by voting for the government and on a vote being taken M. de Mun's motion was lost by 448 votes to 98, the result being that the debate is now being continued.

EURASIAN NEEDS IN EDUCATION ARE NOW EMPHASIZED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A meeting was held lately at 2 Princes Gate, S. W., in support of the education fund for Europeans and Eurasians in India. Sir T. Fowell Buxton spoke very strongly on the necessity for educating these races and said that the position of the Eurasian as the link between two races was an important one.

Sir William Lee Warner in following him remarked that the difficulty of the problem was that for a little population of somewhere about 300,000, out of a total population of 310,000,000, not much could be done. He was seeking to interest public opinion in the education of the Eurasian, as help must come from the country if any steps adequate to meet the need were to be undertaken.

Other speakers brought out the fact that about £250,000 was required, that it was not necessary at present to build new schools, but that the endowment of existing schools was an absolute need, if these were to be made an efficient source of education.

"TERRITORIALS" HELPED

(Special to the Monitor)

NEWPORT, Isle of Wight—Colonel Hobart, commanding officer of Princess Beatrice's Isle of Wight territorial rifles, stated that since the territorial force came into existence some £28,000 had been spent on drill halls, rifle ranges, etc., in the island, or about £40 ($200) per man of the battalion.

KING OF SIAM TO TOUR

(Special to the Monitor)

BANGKOK, Siam—The King of Siam will leave Bangkok on a tour of visits to the various courts of Europe in September, 1912. His majesty may remain in England for some months, and will probably return to Siam by way of the United States.

LONDON MYSTERY WORKER GIVES UP OLD PARTNERSHIP

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—John Nevil Maskelyne, who for 46 years has held an unique position in London's "home of mystery," is about to dissolve his partnership with David Devant. This does not mean that Mr. Maskelyne will retire altogether, but that in future he will take a less active part in the entertainments at St. Georges hall. In the place of the partnership, a small private company has been formed which will consist of J. N. Maskelyne, his two sons and David Devant.

Maskelyne first made his name in the mystery world as the one who unmasked the famous Davenport brothers, who claimed for their conjuring tricks supernatural powers. Mr. Maskelyne was then a watchmaker and jeweler at Cheltenham and had obtained some local fame as an amateur conjurer. The Davenports gave a dark seance in the town, but by the help of a ray of sunlight which shot into the cabinet, Mr. Maskelyne saw how the tricks were done, and so brought about the exposure of the brothers.

Maskelyne opened in London at the St. James Great hall in 1873, and moved to the Egyptian hall in the same year. He went there for three months and stayed 33 years, until in fact the building was pulled down when he went to St. Georges hall in Langham place. Mr. Maskelyne, in spite of his partial retirement, still hopes to invent fresh marvels for the mystification of the British public.

TERRITORIALS SHOWN TO HAVE ANCIENT MODEL

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—In the paper which he read at the Royal United Service Institution on the development of the British system of national land defense, Col. S. A. E. Hickson traced the origin and development of that spirit of national service which lay at the foundation of national defense.

He went on to point out the interesting fact that at the beginning of the twentieth century, on the disappearance of the militia as a defense force, they were reverting to a territorial force on a county basis, raised on almost exactly similar lines to the levies of Saxon times

Their defense schemes were still based on the old national idea of the distribution of local forces all round the coast, supported by armies held in central positions. The chief variation between the two systems lay in the fact that whereas our forefathers founded their scheme on manhood service, they still adhered to the voluntary principle.

GERMAN WOMEN RESOLVE TO WORK TO SECURE VOTE

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN—The movement for woman suffrage in Germany appears to be following much the same lines as the similar movement in England. At the recent meeting of the Prussian Association for Woman Suffrage it was resolved that during the coming Reichstag elections a special agitation should be organized and that the members of the association should extend their support to those candidates only who were in favor of the movement. Moreover, as soon as the names of the successful candidates are known it is proposed to ascertain from each his views of the woman suffrage question.

TURKEY'S EXPULSION OF ITALIAN RESIDENTS REGARDED AS WARNING

(Copyright by Record Press)

Sultan of Turkey, accompanied by prince and members of the ministry, attending special service of intercession in the Imperial Mosque Bayazid for the success of Turkish forces

(Special to the Monitor)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey—The fact that the Turks should be again reviving the threat of the expulsion of Italian subjects from the Ottoman empire is an additional warning to Italy of the difficulties with which the occupation of Tripoli has beset her. There is, it is calculated, a population of something like 30,000 Italians in the Ottoman empire engaged in various forms of employment, but largely as navvies.

The expulsion of these people would add considerably to the complications surrounding the Italian ministry, as it would place an enormous number of helpless people suddenly on its hands, and that at a time when its finances are not in the best condition to bear the strain. The original decision of Turkey consequently not to expel Italians must have been a source of considerable satisfaction to the government at Rome. This decision perhaps rested partially on the fact that Italy was to some extent at all events, exercising a self-denying ordinance in keeping her fleet out of the Aegean.

The steady resistance of the Turkish troops in Tripoli seems, however, to have forced the hands of the Italian government, with the effect that the possibility of the Italian fleet operating on the coast of the Aegean has roused Turkey to resuscitate her threat of expulsion of Italian subjects.

This threat took the immediate form of an order that the Italians in Smyrna, numbering some 8000, should be ordered to leave that port immediately. This decision was rescinded on the intervention of the German ambassador, whose influence on the sublime Porte is known to be of the strongest description. As a result of his intervention the force of the edict has been tempered. The Italian workers in Smyrna have been permitted to remain, but the Italian inhabitants of all fortified places, such as Gallipoli and the towns on the Dardanelles, have been ordered to be removed, the recommendations of the military authorities on this point having proved adamantine.

The fact is that when the government committed itself to its enterprise in Tripoli, it scarcely seems to have calculated all the eventualities of the policy. These are beginning gradually to develop, and before an end of them is reached, the position of Italy, financially at any rate, may be seriously affected.

INTERNATIONAL PRIZE TRIBUNAL REJECTED

House of Lords Throws Out Government Bill Which Resulted From Agreement Made With Other Powers

MAJORITY TELLS

(Special to the Monitor)

WESTMINSTER, Eng.—In the House of Lords on Dec. 12 the second reading of the naval prize bill was moved by Lord Beauchamp, who said that the most important matter in connection with the bill was the establishment of an international prize court.

Under international law as it at present exists the belligerents' court is a final court, and there is no possibility of appeal to arbitration, also there is no clear statement of the law of contraband. As a consequence, during the Russo-Japanese war many complaints were made by British traders of various acts that were committed. The government had come to the conclusion that some means should be devised whereby in cases affecting neutrals, belligerent law should be subject to appeal.

Under the bill a permanent and representative court would be obtained, and for all practical purposes it would deal only with the cases of neutral ships, and would not affect the interests of Great Britain as a belligerent. An objection to the bill, constantly urged, is that an enemy would regard every British port connected by railway with a military station as a base of supply, which would mean that ships bound for British ports would be liable to be captured or sunk.

Pledge Is Given

Lord Beauchamp, on behalf of the government, gave a pledge that the orders in council necessary for creating the international prize court would not be issued until other powers agreed that a "base of supply" should be defined as a "fortified place."

The rejection of the bill was moved by Lord Selborne, who based his objection to "mainly on the ground that the international prize court as proposed would not be a proper tribunal for the satisfactory adjustment of international questions.

The lord chancellor speaking for the bill said that the government after patient inquiry, with the best expert evidence, and with the best naval advice that could be obtained, had made a proposal to foreign countries to come to terms on the question of naval prize law. The proposals had been accepted, and the refusal of the House of Lords to pass the bill would place the government in an unenviable position.

Bill Condemned

Lord Halsbury spoke with great vigor against the bill. He condemned the erection of a new tribunal which would be able autocratically to determine what it deemed to be right, and which swept away 200 years of decisions.

The lord chief justice admitted that the pledge of the government with regard to the definition of a base of supply merited consideration, but urged that it should be embodied in the bill.

Lord Lansdowne, winding up the debate for the opposition, described the proposed international prize court as a fantastic court, and a court on which British interests would be quite inadequately represented. He disliked the regulations which permitted the conversion of merchant vessels into ships of war.

Finally he counseled the second chamber to delay for a while a bill, which in the opinion of many thoughtful people needed further consideration and expressed a hope that although the bill was rejected now, the government after further discussion and negotiation would bring forward a measure which would have better prospects of passing into law.

In going to a division the majority against reading the bill a second time was 92 and the measure was therefore lost.

EGYPT TO USE MOTOR BOAT

(Special to the Monitor)

EAST COWES, Isle of Wight — A motor boat of a new type, 75 feet long and 10 feet beam, built for the Egyptian coast guard administration for patrol service, was launched at East Cowes. Twin screws are driven by internal combustion engines of 260 horsepower, using paraffin. She carries a small quick-firing gun forward.

BRITAIN OFFERS REWARDS FOR MILITARY AEROPLANES

War Office Requirements Now Published for Machine Will Include Ability to Change From a Flying Trim to Road Transport Upon Its Own Wheels or Trolley

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The war office has now issued particulars concerning the details of the required military aeroplanes, and a list of prizes for the competition which is to be held about the middle of the coming year.

The prizes are divided into two sections: (a) Prizes open to the world for aeroplanes made in any country—First prize £4000 ($20,000), second prize £2000 ($10,000). (b) Prizes open to British subjects for aeroplanes manufactured wholly in Great Britain, except the engines—First prize £1500 ($7500), two second prizes £1000 ($5000) each, three third prizes £500 ($2500) each.

No competitor is allowed to take more than £5000 ($25,000), and the war office reserves to itself the right to purchase for £1000 any machine awarded a prize.

Among the many requirements of the aeroplane which the war office is desirous to obtain the following may be mentioned:

It must be delivered in a packing case suitable for transport by rail and not exceeding 32 feet by 9 feet by 9 feet.

It must carry a live load of 350 pounds in addition to its equipment of instruments, etc., and fuel and oil for 4½ hours.

It must fly loaded as specified above for three hours and maintain an altitude of 4500 feet for one hour.

It must attain a speed of not less than 55 miles per hour.

It must plane down to the ground in a calm from not more than 1000 feet with engines stopped.

It must be able to rise without damage from rough ground in 100 yards, and to land on such ground without damage.

It must be capable of changing from flying trim to road transport trim and travel either on its own wheels or on a trolley on the road, occupying a width of not more than 10 feet.

Accommodation must be provided for a pilot and observer, and the engine must be capable of being started by the pilot alone.

Among other desirable attributes the machine should stand still with engine running without being held; an effective silencer should be fitted to the engine; and it should allow of landing and observations being made at slow speeds.

OLD STUDENTS OF CIRENCESTER HOLD REUNION

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Old Students Club of the Royal Agricultural College, Cirencester, recently held its jubilee dinner in London.

The principal, Prof. Ainsworth David, was in the chair and the company included the earl of Moray, a former occupant of the chair of natural history at the college, Sir A. H. Church, a former professor of chemistry, Lord Moreton and A. W. Sutton.

The toast of "The College" having been proposed by Mr. Sutton, the principal said in reply that over 200 students had been received since its reorganization, and they had come from Wales, Scotland, Ireland, India and 31 English counties, besides many foreign countries. About 75 per cent of these students were sons of landowners, farmers, land-agents or others connected with the land, and 90 per cent of them had engaged or proposed to engage in the management of land.

Captain Weijall, M. P., remarked with pleasure that the board of education and agriculture were now nearer together than they had been for many years past.

EGYPT TO HAVE NEW PORTLAND CEMENT WORKS

(Special to the Monitor)

CAIRO, Egypt—Hitherto Egypt has had to rely mainly on European countries for the cement she uses. Thus in 1910 87,503 tons were imported into Egypt, an increase of 27,758 tons on the figures for the previous year.

England and Belgium were by far the greatest exporters of cement to Egypt, the former supplying 35,000 and the latter 33,000 tons. So far Egypt has had only one cement manufactory of her own, with a yearly output of 24,000 tons. A new Portland cement manufactory is being opened, however, which should produce a further 15,000 tons a year.

NEW LIGHT IS THROWN UPON ADAM LINDSAY GORDON

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—An interesting lecture on Adam Lindsay Gordon was recently delivered at the Royal Colonial Institute by Douglas Sladen, the chair being occupied by Sir John McColl.

Mr. Sladen is now engaged on a new biography of the famous Australian poet and in his address he brought forward some entirely new materials which he had lately discovered. It was the fashion, he said, to speak of Gordon as a somewhat reckless person, but inquiries among those who had actually known him did not confirm this, although they showed him to have been reckless, fearless and imprudent.

There was ample evidence that he was a very gifted man, strong and courageous, brilliant and popular. As the poet of sport he was the greatest writer in the world. His "How We Beat the Favorite" was matchless, the rythm giving an impression of a race with cinematograph-like fidelity.

It was not, however, an Australian scene that was depicted in that poem. Gordon, who was an Englishman by birth, had described in it scenes he had known in his earlier days at Cheltenham.

MONTENEGRIN CABINET STAYS

(Special to the Monitor)

CETTIGNE, Montenegro—The Montenegrin government has resigned, but the King, in an autograph letter to the premier, has refused to accept its resignation. The government will consequently remain in office.

SYNAGOGUES TO ELECT

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Jewish Chronicle states that a conference of delegates from various synagogues of the United Kingdom is being called, and will meet early in January to discuss the question of a successor to Dr. Adler.

RUSSIA DROPS HER WHITE SEA FISHING CLAIM

(Special to the Monitor)

ST. PETERSBURG—That the Russian claim to a 12-mile limit in the White sea has been dropped is the subject of a telegram from Archangel to the "Retch." This decision will give great satisfaction to the fishermen on the coasts of England and Scotland, who habitually fish in those waters.

International law sanctions the 3-mile limit and not the 12-mile limit, and the former has been accepted up to the present off the coast of the Amur province as elsewhere. British fishermen have taken as much as 70,000 tons of fish there in one year.

In view of this decision the Retch states that the Russian government intends to give every assistance in its power to the Russian trawlers, and for this purpose three new trawlers have been ordered from England.

ROYAL ACADEMY HAS NEW KEEPER

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The very pleasant post of keeper of the Royal Academy has fallen to Andrew Gow, who as well as being a clever and well-known painter is also possessed of distinct business qualifications. As the position which he is now to fill involves not only the charge of the buildings but the administration of the art schools as well, these qualifications should prove extremely useful.

The teaching in the schools is done by visitors, who are selected from among the royal academicians and associates, so the keeper takes no responsibility in that direction. Mr. Gow will have an official residence with a fine studio in the quadrangle of Burlington house and a salary of £800 ($4000) a year.

The first keeper of the Royal Academy was G. M. Moser, a German, who was elected in 1768, the year of the academy's foundation. There have been 12 keepers since that time.

NEW MOTOR BUS COMPANY FORMED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—For some time it has been rumored that the De Dion Company and the Daimler were about to compete with the London General Omnibus Company, and it is now reported that another new motor bus company is about to be formed, the debenture stock of which is to be guaranteed by the British Electric Traction Company.

The prospectus of the company will be issued in the near future, the capital being £250,000 in shares and a like amount in debentures. It appears that the British Electric Traction Company has found competition extremely keen, and is therefore desirous of being associated with lines of buses which will help to feed its own traffic. It is, however, said to be entering upon a competitive service in parts of London that are not touched by the electric tramway system.

JURY PROCEDURE TO BE REVIEWED

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A committee under the chairmanship of Lord Mersey, formerly so well known as Mr. Justice Bigham, has been appointed "to inquire into the law and practise with regard to the constitution of juries and the conditions on which in civil cases a special jury is allowed; the qualifications and mode of selection of jurors; the preparation of the jury lists and the summoning of jurors; the conditions of jury service; and to report what amendments are necessary or desirable."

NELSON LETTER FOUND

(Special to the Monitor)

WEST HARTLEPOOL, Eng.—A West Hartlepool gentleman has discovered among some old papers a letter apparently written by Lord Nelson. There is reason to believe in the authenticity of the document, which is addressed to Thomas Lloyd, Esq., and is dated Jan. 29, 1798.

SULTAN MULAI HAFID OF MOROCCO WILL PAY VISIT TO PARIS

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS—It is announced that Mulai Hafid will visit Paris probably in the course of the ensuing May. It is understood that when the new protectorate of Morocco was instituted the Sultan inquired whether a visit from him would be regarded favorably by the French government, and being assured that it would made the necessary arrangements for visiting the capital.

His arrival in the height of the French season will no doubt add to the attractions of the city. The Parisians make the most of these occasions, and the Sultan of Morocco, the man who claims the caliphate of the Muhammadan world, will be sure of being the lion of the occasion.

LOST PICTURE RECOVERED

(Special to the Monitor)

ROME—The works of art lost or stolen in Europe, during the last few months, are slowly being recovered, though the "Mona Lisa" remains an unfortunate exception. The latest one which has been restored is the famous Oreagna which was removed from the church of Santa Maric Novella in Florence one night in September last. This picture has been regained by the police but it has not yet been restored to the church but is retained in the academy.

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As you sink contentedly into your steamer chair and fill your lungs with the soft sea air of the tropics you realize as never before the lure of southern seas. Forget these raw wintry days! Go to Jamaica and thence to Panama—it's a glorious trip. For 24 days our steamer is your hotel, where you will enjoy every ocean luxury. You will have a day ashore in Jamaica (or longer if you wish), three days at Colon, where you may inspect the Panama Canal, using the steamer as your hotel, and five days in Costa Rica. You can sail from New York any Saturday and the cost of the entire cruise is $140.00.

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THE HOME FORUM

CHIVALRY AND THE FOLK

POPULAR imagination in Chaucer's time still harked back to the picturesque stories of a world which was passing, rather than wholly past. The

"Troathe and honour, fredome and curteisie,"

which characterized the relations of knights and ladies were continually upheld in song and story, and the poverty and oppression suffered by the great masses on whom the superstructure of chivalry rose were politely ignored. Imagination could kindle at the campaigns in Prussia and Russia, in Algiers, along the Mediterranean and in Turkey, in which the "gentle knight" had participated, and could linger at the feasts where he had occupied the seat of honor; and so, too, on the joyous aspect of life as embodied in the squire, the glass of fashion and the mold of form.

"Syngynge he was or floytynge all the day,
He was as fresh as is the monthe of May."

So says a writer in the Chautauquan who might have cited in this connection some of the work of Cervantes, another great commentator on medieval chivalresque notions. It is hard to read Cervantes without wondering just how far "Don Quixote" was written in an iconoclastic mood or how far to show the essential beauty and ideality of the early chivalry. Cervantes was contemporaneous with Shakespeare, and by his day the admiration of chivalry that existed for Chaucer was quite merged into the common day of historical persons and exploits or story plots that could be accounted of by rule and square. Don Quixote is a creature of a far-away time enough; and while the author treats him ostensibly in a mood of raillery, crying fie upon his vain attempts to set the world right, he has plainly a fine disdain of the mere materialists who surround the don and make themselves merry at his expense. Chaucer spoke to a world that still cherished the love of high-sounding adventure and deeds of valor that risked all earthly good for honor's sake; Cervantes spoke to a world that saw the folly of much that was bombastic in the other romantic period, and perhaps overlooked what was fine and unselfish in the ideals of knighthood.

Poets Persist

It is unsafe to prophesy concerning the passing of an art that has the vitality of poetry. Five generations ago William Hazlitt foretold the end:

"The progress of knowledge and refinement," he said, "has a tendency to circumscribe the limits of the imagination, and to clip the wings of poetry. . . . The history of religious and poetical enthusiasm is much the same, and both have received a sensible shock from the progress of experimental philosophy.

"There can never be another Jacob's dream. Since that time the heavens have gone farther off and grown astronomical."

And while Hazlitt was writing this, his contemporaries, Wordsworth and Byron and Moore and Coleridge and Shelley and Keats, were writing immortal stuff, and Tennyson and Browning were learning their alphabets.—Literary Digest.

The Christian Science Monitor

Published daily, except Sunday, by

The Christian Science Publishing Society

Falmouth and St. Paul Streets
BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

Publishers of "The Christian Science Journal," "Christian Science Sentinel," "Der Herold der Christian Science," and other publications pertaining to Christian Science.

ARCHIBALD McLELLAN. *Editor-in-Chief.*
ALEXANDER DODDS, *Managing Editor.*

All communications pertaining to the conduct of this paper and articles for publication must be addressed to the Managing Editor.

Entered as Second Class at the Postoffice at Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

TERMS

Single copies, 2 cents. By carrier in the Greater Boston newspaper district, 12 cents the week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY MAIL PREPAID

In the United States, Canada and Mexico:

Daily, one year.....$5.00
Daily, six months..... 3.00

In all other countries additional postage at the rate of $3.00 yearly is required.

All checks, money orders, etc., should be made payable to The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

The Christian Science Monitor will be found on sale at all newsstands in New England, and in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Rates for advertising will be furnished upon application to the business department.

The publishers reserve the right to reject any advertisement.

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Making Your Cottage Charming

The chief charm of a cottage, it should be remembered, is its individuality, and if instead of being properly framed it stands between cottages of a totally dissimilar type this is difficult to preserve. Therefore it is well to cut off also the neighbors.

I remember a little house on Long island which was charmingly managed in this respect. It stood on a long, narrow lot far back from the street, with a neighbor on each side not more than 50 yards away, and yet the little place was absolutely apart and a thing by itself. The houses on each side were of different types, but only their roofs were visible. From the house one could not see the street, the path to the gate losing itself in flowering dogwood and viburnums. There was a stretch of lawn framed in blossoming trees, but the boundaries were not "planted out" or otherwise defined; instead, the flowering shrubs and low growing trees parted, giving glimpses across the neighbors' lawns and the effect of much more ample grounds.—Century.

Let my voice ring out and over the earth,
Through all the grief and strife,
With a golden joy in a silver mirth,
Thank God for Life.

Let my voice swell out through the great abyss,
To the azure dome above,
With a chord of faith in the harp of bliss,
Thank God for Love.

Let my voice thrill out beneath and above,
The whole world through;
O my love and life, O my life and love,
Thank God for you.

—James Thomson.

Standardizing the World's Maps

The idea of a standard map of the world was first proposed at the international geographical congress, Berne, in 1891. A plan was prepared by the Geneva congress, and it was decided to submit it to a conference of the map-making nations, convened in London in 1909. This involved mutual concessions, but the plan as perfected was heartily and unanimously adopted.

Greenwich is to be the initial meridian. The metric scale for distances and for altitudes above sea-level will be used, but nations not employing metric measurements may add in parentheses their equivalents in miles, feet, versts, and so on. The symbols adopted to represent rivers, rail and other roads, towns, etc., practically include all the topographic survey-sheets. The Latin alphabet alone will be used, and spellings are to be those of the official maps of each country. We shall see Roma, not Rome; Wien, not Vienna; and the rule will discourage the tendency of German map-makers to spell the name of America's greatest city "Neu York." The spelling of Chinese place names will be that of the imperial post and customs service.—Harpers Magazine.

From "Solitude"

O Solitude! if I must with thee dwell,
Let it not be among the jumbled heap
Of murky buildings; climb with me the steep—
Nature's observatory—whence the dell,
Its flowery slopes, its river's crystal swell,
May seem a span; let me thy vigils keep
'Mongst boughs pavilioned, where the deer's swift leap
Startles the wild bee from the foxglove bell.
—Keats.

Increased Endurance of Women

An article in the Vassar Miscellany favoring the upbuilding of a Vassar museum to show the progress of the college and with it the progress for all women everywhere emphasizes one special point which is worth noting. This is the fact that time was when the college library, for example, was carefully housed under the same roof with the students, to avoid the need for outdoor trips on the part of the girls. Today the notion that girls are more delicate than boys and need to be protected from open air conditions is entirely outgrown. This generation finds it hard indeed to realize how very much less bodily endurance was supposed of women when Vassar College was begun than is now known and how widespread was the notion that girls were not equal to a long, hard course of study.

Perhaps the answer to many questions of relative powers and abilities of men and women will be worked out as simply as this one has been, namely, by practical experience.

LEAF TAKEN FROM THE NOTE BOOK

UNLOOKED for incidents of the day that make much of the pleasure of existence are not always recorded and sometimes are too soon forgotten by those who would gladly keep them in memory. Such a one was witnessed lately on a crowded street. A gentleman had driven his wife down into the heart of the town to do some shopping on a muddy day. As she came back to the single-seated carriage to take her place again he called her attention to the mud on the wheels. A newsboy standing near jumped forward at once and laid a paper over the wheel. The lady stepped to her place unspotted and the gentleman was glad to buy the paper, sacrificed by just such an impulse, he felt sure, as that by which young Walter Raleigh made the way fresh for a queen's tread.

Another one of the delightful incidents of every day, one lately heard, is of a different sort. Commenting on the unusual mildness of this season in Boston, where the later days of December have been as balmy as October, a lady said that once when she spent Dec. 25 at a town on Cape Cod, Mass., she gathered pussy willows growing in the open air. They had evidently mistaken the season for March and put out their furry heads to observe the approaching springtide.

In a merry home circle gathered for holiday festivals of late a schoolgirl was seen bending laboriously over her writing tablet with a smudgy pencil. "What are you doing, Sallie? It is time to dress for the dinner." "Oh," replies Sallie, "I am making verses for place cards, and I can tell you I am mighty thankful there is such a thing as poetic license. They'd never get written without it." And indeed it was found that occasionally her muse descended from the fleeting Pegasus with his dancing measure to tread a step or two in plain prose. When these occasions occurred in the reading aloud the scribe was careful to remind the hearers that she was not to be held up over any question of speed as her license was all right.

High-Handed Legislation

Pioneer residents have inaugurated a movement to have a tablet placed in the new state capitol of Minnesota in memory of Joseph Rolette, who in the early days saved the prestige of St. Paul.

By act of Legislature the capital of Minnesota was removed from St. Paul to the rival town of St. Peter, but the bill never was signed by the governor, for, during the last 10 days of the session, the bill was in custody of a committee of which Mr. Rolette was a member, and he disappeared with the bill in his pocket. His disappearance with the bill rendered the act of the Legislature void.—Indianapolis News.

Passengers Save Time

One of the curious sights of the holiday season in Chicago has been the knitting or crocheting women in the street cars, say the Record-Herald of that city. Positively! They ply the needle busily in public for the sake of getting gifts of popular knitted things well on the road, regardless of interested feminine glances and amused masculine looks.—Buffalo Commercial.

HILLSIDE HOME BY THE SEA

TYPICAL LOW-BUILT HOUSE OF BERMUDA

HERE is an interesting and novel form of the bungalow as seen in Bermuda. It is a house of stone all on one floor, and whether it is a modern structure built for the pleasure of some one who loves to live the simple life or a dwelling of some long standing interest, typical of the simplicity and whiteness of almost all the homes in this island of brilliant skies and sunshine, it is equally worth attention to those intending themselves to build a summer residence.

The wooden bungalow built in the north will do for the northern summers but the ardent suns can only be shielded from one's noonday siesta in the tropics by heavier walls. One fancies that the outlook from this hillside home is over the deep-dyed southland seas, and that the slope below reaches a white sandy beach where the curtseying waves come to make their bow to the land and then run whisperingly back to sea again.

It is pleasant to recall that lilies are one of the principal commercial crops of the island, for they are sent north in great quantities every spring. Onions have carried the fragrant fame of the land even further. The homelier plant is not to be despised, for in its flowering it has beauty and in its daily use does honorable service.

"BE YE THANKFUL"

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

THE overflowing of gratitude for Life is the surest evidence that one is turning from the materialism and darkness of mortal thought to accept the spiritual as the only Life. Mrs. Eddy wisely warns those who are expressing gratitude for merely material blessings, saying, "If we are ungrateful for Life, Truth and Love, and yet return thanks to God for all blessings, we are insincere" (Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, p. 3). Indeed, much of the gratitude which the world expresses is seen, as one advances, to be very limited because it is wholly centered in self. Few are noble enough to rejoice in another's happiness when their own affairs seem to be going badly. Few even rejoice heartily in another's good at any time. Honest folk must admit that the most vivid sense of gratitude they are conscious of rises from some blessing that has come to themselves or to those most dear.

When one's gratitude rises from an overflowing joy in knowing God, in being conscious of the divine Life and Love, it never stops short in self. Such gratitude is one with Love, with that Love which knows neither time nor place but is eternal and eternally perfect. Gratitude which is the human reflection of this one Love does not depend on personality, and therefore is not centered in self. It rejoices to know that God is good and that His mercy—His Love and tender providence—includes every child of His. The very secret of such gratefulness as this is the knowledge that good is universal. To know this lightens the burden of sorrow for the world as well as one's own cares. Those who have proved the present power of God to smooth the pathway and make darkness light no longer feel a sense of hopelessness in contemplating the trials of others. They know that there is a way out. While they may regret that others are slow in turning to God as the answer to every hard problem of earth they know that when these have "suffered a while," as the Bible says, they will be more ready to recognize where good really lies.

To learn this all-embracing gratitude that rejoices in the good which has come to all the world means of course that one is learning to love his neighbor. This injunction of neighbor love has been held imperative by all Christendom, but few have learned how really to obey it. In Christian Science one learns that a knowledge of Love as God fills the heart so full that love to the neighbor follows inevitably. It is impossible for one whose heart is full of the music of a heavenly companionship to admit discord and hate to his inner home. The Love that is God, and the sense of love which reflects divine Love, are like a mighty tide cleansing the heart of all enmity and ill-will.

The Scriptures say that if a man love not his brother he cannot love God; but Jesus was also right when he said that to love God was the first and great commandment. Any one who finds himself lacking in love to his brother may know by that test that he is not abiding in the love of God. Indeed it often seems as if all the human relationships and every-day problems are just so many tests whereby we can always be reckoning up our heavenly stores. When discord, criticism, indifference toward others, or fear and distress about material things creep in, we know that we have opened the door for the thief who would steal the heavenly treasure, and who separates us from our own so long as error is allowed to remain.

In other words, when discord or trouble of any sort appears to us our immediate need is to seek the presence of God. The answer to every human problem is His; and when we have filled our thoughts anew with this joy and gratitude for heavenly blessedness then we come back to the human experience to find that what was troublesome has adjusted itself, or is becoming adjusted.

The unfailing test of the presence of spiritual light within the heart of man is this overflowing gratitude. We have seen that gratitude is close to love, and we know, too, that it is close to joy. If we are so full of the good God has for us that we find no space left in consciousness for complainings or discontent, then we know that we are abiding in Him. If we are really walking in the light, as we may do by following Jesus, then we shall be conscious of thankfulness beyond all expression; and any of the minor deprivations of human experience will cease to concern us. We are so glad for the one great blessing that we are ashamed to repine over trifles and toys of mortal experience.

Germany's Tall Tower

The German society of naval architects which held its meeting recently in Berlin, is better versed in super-dreadnoughts than in super-skyscrapers. "A miracle of engineering," Herr Bradow of the Telefungengesellschaft called the lately finished wireless tower at Nauen, Ger. It may be that, for on top of an iron tower 100 meters high they have succeeded in building another of the same height. But Herr Bradow was in error when he went on to call it, according to the London Times report, the highest structure in the world next to the Eiffel tower in Paris. Its height comes to but 656 feet, which surpasses, to be sure, the Singer tower's 612 feet, but falls below the 700 feet 3 inches of the Metropolitan building. Moreover, a skeleton tower hardly counts in such a contest; New York still holds the record.—Springfield Republican.

Prize for Literary Style

THE Edmond de Polignac prize for the encouragement of style in literature was presented for the first time in England at a recent meeting of the academic committee of the Royal Society of Literature.

Lord Haldane, who presided, informed the company that the Princess de Polignac had founded the prize in the name of her husband because she wished to help the academic committee in its attempt to bring to the front form and style in literature. She had given them for five years an annual sum of £150 ($450), and of that amount £100 was to be devoted annually to a prize. It was to be given each year to an author in respect of a particular piece of work, and the award was to have special regard, not to the past of the author, nor even necessarily to his present, but to his future.

What the judges were to look for was literary promise. No author would receive the prize twice, and no member of the academic committee would be eligible to receive it. The committee had selected Walter de la Mare as the first recipient, in respect of his work known as "The Return."

Lord Haldane then presented Mr. de la Mare with a check for £100.

Addressing Letters in Pencil

Almost simultaneously with the issue of special holiday seals, the postoffice department repeated its warning that articles in the international mails bearing "non-postage stamps" are not mailable. Further, the use of the labels in the domestic mails on the front or address side of the envelopes is proscribed in this country.

However, the postal authorities loom up tolerantly in the following connection. The postal union prohibits the acceptance of registered mail for foreign countries addressed in lead pencil, but the order has been issued from Washington: "In order to avoid delay to registered articles for foreign countries addressed with an ordinary or indelible pencil which a postmaster may have inadvertently accepted, postmasters at United States exchange offices are hereby instructed to trace with ink the writing on such articles and despatch them to their destination, instead of returning them to the postoffices of origin as unmailable under the postal union convention." The postmasters who mistakenly accept the letters are then notified not to err again in this regard.—Weekly Stamp News

LAWYER, STORY TELLER AND MUSICIAN

ERNST Theodor Amadeus Wilhelm Hoffmann is a name far less known than that of Clement Philibert Leo Delibes, or that of the composer of "La Belle Helene"; indeed, until Offenbach's "Tales of Hoffmann" was revived two or three years ago with such success Ernst Theodor Amadeus was pretty generally forgotten. Yet he was apparently a man with more substantial sense of music within him than either of the two composers who have helped keep him in memory.

Hoffmann was perhaps chiefly remarkable for his power of stimulating the thought of others. The drama "The Tales of Hoffmann" hints what the influence of Hoffmann was in his day among his German confreres, and it is known that even Beethoven was grateful for his praise.

Hoffmann loved music and Mozart especially, so much that he took his name. He left the law and afterward his scribbling for composition. He had a strong influence on the thought of Wagner, turning him to German legend for his sources, and his writings under the name of Kapellmeister Johannes Kreisler perhaps gave the hint for Schumann's "Davidsbuendler," where the fanciful names allowed the editor to give his opinions of things more freely than in a signed criticism. Schumann's "Kreisleriana," reflecting in music the fancies of the pseudonymic Dr. Kreisler, teller of wonder tales, is one of his great piano works. Weber and Carlyle also are numbered among Hoffmann's admirers. The biographers name him writer, poet, composer and caricaturist, and he occupied a judicial position in Berlin for eight years.

Military Discipline

An incident in the royal opera house at Warsaw, Russian Poland, is described by the Temps of Paris. By permission of the commanding officer a number of Russian soldiers were engaged as "supers" to take the part of Spanish soldiers. No sooner had they come on the stage than they saw a general sitting in the stalls. The corporal with them immediately shouted "Attention!" The soldiers stood at attention. The general realizing that the men were not likely to move until he gave them the order, cried from the stalls: "All right, my children. All right." The corporal advanced to the center of the stage and gravely saluting said: "We thank you, excellency, for permission to continue."

"Pickwick" in France

The arranging of "Pickwick" for the French stage, under the title "Les Aventures de M. Pickwick," it is considered, would have been highly gratifying to Dickens, who did not have much confidence in the potency of the book to charm Frenchmen. The Sphere recalls that when on one occasion Dickens was traveling abroad he found a French admirer who was reading the novel. "If I had one of my other works with me," Dickens wrote to Forster, "I would have given it to him, as I am afraid he would make nothing whatever of 'Pickwick.'"—Portland Oregonian.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Blue Bonnet's Choice

Blue Bonnet sat thinking on the three-rail fence. She had so much to do that she did nothing; she was so happy that she was almost unhappy. If she went uphill, where the gum-trees swayed and tossed against the blue sky, she would lose the gully and the ferns. If she went downhill, where the silver creek sang along the pebbles, she would miss the wind on the mountain-top blowing across the stretch of blue ranges.

Her little new billycan stood under the fence as upright as a sentinel. He could not speak in our way, but he glittered his best in his own style of talk. If Blue Bonnet had cared to look, he plainly flashed a wireless message to say, "Slowcoach, make haste! We've never had a bush picnic together yet, we two."

Blue Bonnet climbed down to the ground. She was a little town girl, who had come to stay for a short holiday in the bush.

There was a little sheep-path girdling the hillside midway between crest and creek. Blue Bonnet walked a step or two along before making up her mind whether to go up or down. There was the sweetest bush scent of gum and musk and wattle; a mountain thrush pierced the golden air with its liquid call.

Blue Bonnet stood quite still to listen. All was hushed again. She threw back her head, and shouted in a ringing voice, "Cooee!" for mother and daddy told her to be sure to learn the Australian call while she was in the bush.

"Cooee!"

Who was that? She called again, and again the answer came, "Cooee!"

It was rather hard to tell just where the voice came from, but Blue Bonnet tried over and over again, and each time the answer came back clear and far away.

"Where are you hiding?" was the next question. By this time Blue Bonnet was so excited that her voice was quite squeaky. The gleeful mocking voice rang back, "Hiding!"

"Are you in the gully?" asked Blue Bonnet.

"In the gully!" replied the voice.

"That decides it!" said Blue Bonnet briskly; and she began to scramble down the side of the hill.—Children's Magazine.

Today's Puzzle

CHARADE

My first is a thing that is often found
Deep in the woods, coming out of the ground.
It ne'er harms a creature, but much good does do.
'Tis liked by all people, by me and by you.
My second denotes each hour of the day.
'Tis something that's coming, but never does delay.
'Tis not a respecter of man, woman or child,
But by them 'tis often most merrily beguiled.
My whole is a season (two words making one),
And while solving this puzzle I wish you much fun.

ANSWER TO POMOLOGICAL ENIGMA

"The apple is a general favorite." Words—Orange, pear, fig, grape, love apple, star apple, harvest apple, pit.

Let us lie down without fear and awake and arise with exultation.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Friday, December 29, 1911

Russia, China and the Powers

RUSSIAN statecraft just now is taking full advantage of the first turn of international affairs involving some of her rivals in complications that prevent them from disputing her ambitious plans effectively. If two of the most remote and western of the provinces of China, never closely bound to Peking and the Manchu dynasty, elect to be independent at this hour of disintegration of the empire and reformation of the nation under more democratic forms, and if they choose to affiliate with Russia as a protector, who shall say them nay? The powers, by a self-denying ordinance as it were, have agreed to conserve the entity of China, to act jointly in such mediation and interference as may become necessary for the protection of the lives and the property of foreigners, and to prevent partition by force. But nominally voluntary withdrawal of provinces from the empire and their virtual appropriation by a neighboring power, what of that? Both Japan and Great Britain, that now are acting somewhat in unison with Russia, will have especial responsibilities in the matter should it prove to be true that Mongolia and Turkestan have passed under the control of the Slav.

There are some decided advantages to the proposed plan of a national convention to pass upon and define the precise form of a constitutional government which the new China shall have. If this be too long delayed in assembling, additional time for chaos and anarchy in the provinces will be furnished, which in turn may be made the pretense for foreign intervention. On the other hand, prompt massing of representative men of weight and character, such as have financed and managed the revolution, and adequate formal debate of the pros and cons of republicanism, would give to whatever decision were made a validity that no agreement between Yuan Shi Kai and the revolutionary leaders could provide. The decision ultimately has to be justified, not only to contemporary but also to future students of national character and history. If republicanism is to be tried a vast process of popular political education must be carried on coincident with the first halting steps of the governmental experiment; and a national convention, soberly arguing the case and defining the reasons for its choice, would provide material of an educational sort superlative in its value.

Where American East and West Meet

THE recent excursion of western governors of the United States to the East, some of the places marked "east" in their itinerary being, from the eastern point of view decidedly "west," has again raised the interesting question, Where does the East leave off and the West begin? Well, in ordinary language, when Americans are not going "north" or "south" they are going "east" or "west," and everything depends upon the place from which they are starting. The Denver resident goes "west" to Los Angeles or San Francisco, or "east" to Omaha or Kansas City. The Bostonian goes "west" to Albany or Buffalo, or "down east" to Portland or Bangor.

But Americans really have a means, nevertheless, by which they can come into fairly common agreement on the point in question, and they are greatly assisted in this by the tradition prevailing with regard to the old North and the old South. There is no doubt among northerners as to where the old South begins; no doubt among southerners as to where the old North begins. But the southerners also become confused when the "West" is mentioned, and, by common consent, a great section of the southern half of the United States has become the Southwest. The real South, however, is the country below the Mason and Dixon line; the real North is the country above it. This is understood on both sides and everywhere acknowledged. What makes it so well understood is that things that grow naturally and luxuriantly in the section below the line do not grow naturally or luxuriantly in the section above it. All of the southern states are not great cotton producing states, but they are all associated in the popular mind with cotton.

One would like to say that the West is known by its corn fields as the South is known by its cotton fields, but this would not do. It would bring the West too near to the East. Illinois is one of the greatest of the corn states, and everybody knows now that Illinois is rather eastern than western. Corn, moreover, thrives in Indiana and Ohio. So corn won't do. There must be some line defined more clearly than the eastern limits of the corn belt, and there is.

To those who travel the wide range of the country the Missouri river marks the division between the East and the West. This has been true for sixty years. The western pioneers, the California argonauts, never really felt that they had left the East behind them until they had crossed the "Big Muddy." The same feeling comes over the traveler of today. It is not mere sentiment, either. The face of the country changes beyond the Missouri. The rise to the crest of the Rocky mountains begins. There is a greater sense of width. Towns and cities are farther apart. The plains, not altogether conquered, assert themselves here and there, as do also the foothills. There is a different tinge to the atmosphere. A half day from the Missouri one wants to get out on the platform and stretch. There is so much room everywhere. If propriety would permit it, one would like to shout. One also begins to have larger notions about the country, its possibilities and its destiny. There is no doubt about it, the surface and general indications all point one way. This is the West.

THE western governors, it is said, were so well pleased with their eastern trip that they will probably repeat it next year. Would it not be just as well, or even better, if the eastern governors should return their call?

IN SAYING that the last of the dime museums has been closed one takes almost as great a risk of being contradicted as in saying that the last of the horse cars has been run.

THE Detroit gentleman who still believes that Bacon wrote Shakespeare is entitled to his opinion. The important thing, however, is that somebody wrote Shakespeare

Training Away From the Clerical Field

EDWARD W. CARPENTER, manager of the National Employment Exchange in New York city, adds his testimony to the volume already at hand in support of the proposition that the young man who is not trained to some useful calling is not properly trained. New York city, as a labor market, like other cities, is at present overcrowded with men who are unskilled in any particular line and who can fill nothing but ordinary clerical positions, and in New York, as elsewhere, the ordinary clerical positions are, broadly speaking, all filled. Every statement made by Mr. Carpenter is based on practical experience in the labor market and is applicable to all of the larger and to a great many of the smaller communities of the country. There are too many men who can fill the places easy to fill; too few men competent to fill the places that call for trained intellects and hands.

It has been remarked this year, as in former years, and in New York as well as in other centers of activity, that most of the applicants for positions in offices have no trade, no regular occupation to fall back on. When out of a job they are helpless. They must, at the best, take whatever is offered them; they are in competition with the great army of men, young, middle-aged and old, who can do nothing in particular and who are ready, because compelled, to exchange their labor for mere subsistence.

Men of prominence in public and business affairs who have been giving close attention to the school and college output during the last few years are a unit in declaring that there must be an immediate and radical change in educational methods for the good of the nation. Mere schooling is not sufficient in these days. Boys and girls with a general smattering of knowledge are turned out in thousands annually; the boy or girl who does not know quite so much about everything but does know considerable about one thing, is the boy or girl who is wanted. Specific knowledge, expertness, uncommon skill in any particular is soon recognized and rewarded. There is no particular recognition or reward for the boy or girl who can do only what every other boy or girl can do. They become shortly the men and women whose places anybody can fill.

Is it not high time that parents as well as economists were giving serious attention to this matter? Perhaps much of the weakness in the present educational system lies with parents who have a fondness for believing they are doing their children a favor by not training them for the arduous tasks, but who are content with educational processes that turn out applicants for easy jobs.

Diversified Farming in the Northwest

A PROBLEM presents itself to the wheat growers of the Pacific Northwest similar in many respects to that which the cotton growers of the South have almost, but not quite, solved several times within the last twenty-five years. Wheat growing has become a habit with farmers in Oregon and Washington, as cotton growing has become a habit with farmers throughout the South. There are times when the stranger traveling through these sections might well be excused for asking if the soil of one would bear nothing but wheat, the soil of the other nothing but cotton. The fact is, the soil in each instance would be only too receptive to something else, while in each instance it would be to the advantage of the farmer to give it opportunity.

The Pacific Northwest raises wheat to such a degree that it neglects many other things which it could raise easily and which are just as necessary to the prosperity and comfort of the section. But at the present time there is an earnest movement under way for the promotion of diversified farming. The Oregon and Washington farmer is beginning to see that by confining himself so exclusively to wheat he is at once cheapening his own product, letting in the products of other sections and making a high market for them. Reference has heretofore been made in these columns to the immense importations of eastern eggs into the cities of the Pacific Northwest. Exclusive wheat growing is to a large extent responsible for this, and also for the shortage of the home supply of farm and dairy products in general and of meats.

Conditions have so changed within the last ten years in the states named that the farmer is no longer dependent upon wheat as a crop that can easily be turned into cash. Home consumption has greatly increased and transportation facilities are now such that general farm products readily find a market. The market, indeed, has of late been an inviting one to outsiders, and foodstuffs which might easily be produced in the section have been shipped into it from points half-way across the continent. Payment for these has cut as deeply into the receipts for the wheat crop as payment to outside farmers for things that could be produced at home has cut into the profits of the exclusive cotton growers.

The South learned its lesson long ago, but is tempted by boom prices for cotton now and then to forget it, with the result that it has had several recurrences of regret. It remains to be seen whether the farmers of the Pacific Northwest will need to be taught more than once that moderation even in wheat growing is the safer policy.

Hawaii Sweets and the Outlook

IT IS the good fortune that when the one or other industry once becomes thoroughly established it attracts to itself other activities which afford the inhabitants of the affected locality increased opportunities for progress. In the case of Hawaii, sugar cultivation preponderates to such a degree that all else assumes a subordinate position. Nevertheless, with increased production of cane and more and more factories in evidence for the purpose of making sugar marketable, other industries have sprung up in the islands. Cotton, rice and rubber are commodities that thrive remarkably. As for the variety of fruits, the canning industry now promises to take a place as one of the leading sources for Hawaiian prosperity.

In his annual report to the Hawaiian Sugar Planters Association, whose headquarters are in Honolulu, President E. D. Tenney states that the 1911 crop of cane sugar amounted to almost 600,000 tons, the largest crop in the history of the islands. But while congratulating his associates on the excellent present conditions, the president reminds them that sugar prices are likely to involve future problems such as conditions now merely foreshadow. There is a reference, also, to the tariff, and what a change may bring about; and President Tenney impressed upon the planters the necessity of utilizing every by-product.

Where the experimental stations for that purpose have brought much valuable information to the sugar planters this must of necessity be of great importance in future cultivation and manufacture. Large production alone does not always make prosperity. Frequently a supply out of proportion to the demand works injury to producer. It is, of course, not likely that the world's sweet tooth will be less ready to accept of sugar in the future than in the past. But beet cultivation in the United States and Europe has assumed such proportion that beets are a factor in the world's sugar supply as well as cane. It is, perhaps, for this reason that Hawaiian activities during the present season have taken into consideration the advisability of getting out of the soil everything that it can give. Hawaii, no doubt, will always be looked upon as a sugar country, but with increased population has come need for more food and more wearing apparel, and since Hawaii is situated in mid-ocean, this American possession may in time do much toward furnishing its inhabitants with manufactured articles.

History's Ebb and Flow

ONE of the most significant chapters in the recently issued collection of studies in diplomatic and military history by Charles Francis Adams is the one in which he shows how the issue of state vs. nation has altered from generation to generation. The makers of the constitution left open the door to alternating emphasis upon state and federal authority, and the New England that in the early nineteenth century was strenuous for state rights half a century later became the head and forefront of nationalism.

This reflection is stimulated by the appearance at the joint meeting of the American Historical Association and the American Political Science Association of a New England champion of state rights over against the alleged aggressions of the federal judiciary, in the person of the present Governor of Connecticut and the former chief justice of that state, Simeon Baldwin. "If some of the recent decisions of the courts are not disaffirmed," says this jurist, "the judicial power of the United States apparently will extend to any justiciable controversy arising in any of the states, although pertaining to mere matters of local concern." When the governors of the states, at their last gathering, decided to take radical action and formulate opposition to the evident intention of federal authorities to procure final judicial action denying to the states control of railway rates, it was not action that disclosed any material differences of opinion between the sections of the country represented. The resentment seemed to be general. Yet the opinion may be hazarded that New England today, facing certain apparently irresistible popular demands all necessitating marked increase of federal authority, is one of the most, if not the most, conservative sections of the country. Her senators and representatives are not conspicuous in pressing for this increase of power for the executive and for the judiciary, and her voters are not clamoring to elect and to obey political leaders whose policies would increase centralization of authority in Washington. A similar conservative tendency is shown in the section's attitude toward the commission form of city government, experiments with which are fewer east of the Hudson than anywhere else in the country.

Taking the long view of national life, the condition depicted is not altogether surprising. The germinal political idea for which early New England stood was the local community governed with a near approach to complete democracy. The first great federalists were southerners, or men like Alexander Hamilton. To interfere overmuch with local or state rights runs counter to the New England quite as much as to the southern tradition. Contemporary federalism's real political support comes, we should say, from states of the interior and West.

Public Business at Public Expense

THE story goes that in one of the finest of the cities of southern California on Christmas day owners of automobiles demonstrated their practical good will by putting speedy vehicles with their drivers at the services of postmen delivering holiday presents. Consequently, gifts were delivered on time; hard worked modern Mercuries had desirable aid and relief; and owners of motors ate their dinners with better conscience. A somewhat similar service, prompted either by loyalty to an abstract ideal of fullest use of the franchise or to a political party or to a special candidate, often is rendered by owners of vehicles to electors who on election day are given free transportation to and from the polls. In communities where this becomes habitual it no doubt encourages a dependence which may be demoralizing. In exercise of civic duties the temptation to "get something for nothing" is as strong as it is in the ordinary economic stress of making both ends meet.

But admitting that contemporary methods of gift-giving at the holiday season impose excessive labor on postal employees and that some present-day voters need transportation to and from the polls to a degree that was not necessary a generation ago, is there not something to be said for methods of solving the problems involved that will do away with dependence upon the charity of a few? Uncle Sam is able to provide adequate instead of partial supplementary temporary aid to sorters and distributers of holiday mail. Cities and towns, very likely, would be justified in making provision at public expense for transportation to and from the polls of citizens otherwise unable to vote. "Public business at public expense" is a theory that gathers to itself an increasing number of adherents. But arrayed against it is an older ideal of voluntary action by individuals and loyalties to ideals of service which are personal. Each social program has much to be said for it. Harmonized and hitched up side by side, not tandem, they make an effective combination.

LATER reports say that the orange crop of southern California is all right. It is almost impossible to imagine the orange crop of southern California as being anything else.

IT WILL not do to take the Duma too seriously. As in Congress, a great many things get a start there that never get any farther.